St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. ST. LOUIS. MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1880. NO. 80.

MR. THOMAS MABLEY,

THE

GREAT CLOTHIER!

Is Now in the New York and Boston markets, in company with his THREE BROTHERS, making the enormous Fall Purchases of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods for their NINE LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS, at DETROIT, JACKSON, PONTIAC and STANTON, MICH.; TOLEDO and CINCINNATI, OHIO; CHICAGO, ILL.; LOUISVILLE, KY., and this, THE ST. LOUIS HOUSE.

We shall show this Fall the largest and most complete assortment of MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS and CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING!

Ever brought West, and, in order to make room for this great amount of goods, we are closing out the balance of our Summer Stock at Unheard of Prices. Light-Weight Suits, Alpaca and Drap d'Ete Coats, Linen and Mohair Dusters, White Vests, etc., at nearly Half-Price.

Strangers visiting the city who find themselves in need of Light-Weight Clothing of any description are respectfully invited to call at our establishment.

MABLEY, The Clothier,

Corner Fifth and Pine.

BOWMAN & BLEYER,

Wine Merchants!

CORNER FOURTH & WALNUT.

RETAIL PRICE LIST:

CHAMPAGNES.

	Per Qr's.	Case. Pts.
W. H. Mills' "Sans Parell" (fine)..	$12 00	$14 00
American Wine Co. "Imperial".....	15 00	16 00
Jules Mumm, extra dry.....	25 00	27 50
Jules Mumm, dry Verzenay.....	23 00	25 00

RHINE WINES.

Imported in Glass (Very Choice).

Niersteiner	$ 8 50
Hochheimer	11 00
Hochheimer-Stein	14 00

In Bulk or Glass	Case	Gal.
Lauenheimer	$ 6 50	$ 2 50
Durkheimer	7 50	2 75
Foster Riesling	9 00	3 25

PORTS AND SHERRIES

Imported.	Gal.
Oporto, Pure Juice	$ 2 50
Oporto, Vino Real	3 00
Cadiz Sherry, "Fino"	2 50
Montillo	3 00

CLARETS.

Our own bottling, Imported in Wood.

	Qr's.	Pts.
St. Estephe, very fine	$ 6 00	$ 6 75
Chat Depre, extra, 1870	7 00	8 00
California Claret, best	4 00	4 50

FINE COGNAC BRANDIES.

According to age	$ 6 00 to $12 00	gal.
According to age	15 00 to 24 00	case.
Rose's Calif Brandy	3 00 to 4 00	

AMERICAN WINES.

California Port	$ 1 50	$ 5 50
" Sherry	1 50	5 50
" Angelica	1 50	5 50
" Muscatel	2 00	7 50
" Riesling	1 50	5 50
Kelley Island Catawba, "sweet and dry"	1 50	5 50
Virginia Seedling	1 50	5 50

WHISKEYS.

Old Crow Sour Mash, 6 years old	$ 5 00
W. H. McBrayer, Sour Mash, 8 years old	6 00
Anderson's Sour Mash, 5 years old	4 50
" " " 4 years old	4 00
Monarch " " 3 years old	3 00
Beargrass Sweet Mash, 2 years old	2 25

CLARETS.

Of Cruse & Fils Freres, Bordeaux.

Imported in Glass

	Qr's.	Pts.
Chat Boullac	$ 9 00	$10 00
St. Remi, very fine	10 50	11 50
La Rose, extra, 1870	13 00	14 00

FANCY GOODS AND TOILET ARTICLES

Of every description. Greatest variety in the city.

MELLIER DRUGS MELLIER

709 & 711 Washington Ave.

709 & 711 Washington Ave.

MELLIER MELLIER

Prescriptions

Prepared day and night. Pure drugs, fresh medicines. Lowest prices in the city.

A DYING WARRIOR.

The Ute Chief Ouray Passing Away in the Mountains.

LOS PINOS AGENCY, August 23.—Three Indian runners from the Southern Ute Agency arrived this morning and report Chief Ouray dangerously ill and not expected to live. They came with a message from Ouray to the Agency physician here, Dr. John H. Lacy, in whom he has the utmost confidence, requesting him to come immediately. The Doctor and escort left immediately by the mountain trail. The Indians will furnish relays of horses, and the Doctor intends to make the distance of 120 miles in fifteen hours. Ouray went to that point to assist the commission in prevailing upon the Utes to sign the treaty. If he dies the treaty will never be signed by the Southern or White River Utes.

The Photographers.

CHICAGO, August 23.—The first convention of the Photographers' Association of America meets at the Grand Pacific to-morrow. Nearly every State in the Union is represented.

DUSTERS at half price at Mabley's.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 23.—For Lower Lake Region, stationary or higher barometer and temperature, variable winds, mostly southerly, clear or partly cloudy weather. For Upper Lake Region, stationary or lower barometer, stationary or higher temperature, winds mostly easterly, clear or partly cloudy weather, followed by increasing cloudiness and local rains. For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, nearly stationary barometer, stationary or higher temperature, variable winds and partly cloudy weather. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valley, falling followed by stationary or rising barometer, stationary or higher temperature, southsrly winds, partly cloudy or cloudy weather and occasional rain. The Ohio will continue slowly rising.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:47 a. m., August 23.

STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer	Wind.	Rainfall in last 8 hours.	Weather.
Boise City					
Cairo	30.03	76	S		Clear.
Chicago	29.98	77	W		Fair.
Cincinnati	30.06	68	E		Smoke.
Davenport	29.92	71	SW		Fair.
Denver	29.89	56	S		Clear.
Des Moines	29.85	69		.10	Cloudy.
Dodge City	29.95	68	S W		Light Rain.
Fort Gibson	29.89	75	SE		Fair.
Indianapolis	30.02	66	E		Clear.
Keokuk	29.85	70	SE		Fair.
La Crosse	29.93	62		.03	Fair.
Leavenworth	29.79	76	S		Cloudy.
Louisville	29.99	75	NE		Cloudy.
Memphis	30.03	74	SE		Haze.
Nashville	30.02	74	NW		Clear.
New Orleans	30.01	79		.62	Fair.
Omaha	29.73	73	SE		Thr'g Storm
Pioche, Nev	29.72	62			Fair.
Pittsburg	30.09	62			Cloudy.
Sacramento, Cal	29.88	56	S		Fair.
Salt Lake City	29.77	65			Fair.
San Francisco	29.78	56	SW		Foggy.
Shreveport	29.97	16			Fair.
Springfield, Ill	29.99	69	SE		Clear.
St. Louis	29.95	72	S		Fair.
St. Paul	29.82	63	E		Cloudy.
Vicksburg	30 02	73	E		Clear.
Virginia City	29.63	55	SE		Clear.
Winnemucca Nev	29.82	51	SW		Clear.
Yankton					

DUSTERS at half price at Mabley's.

Last Edition.

THE FOREIGN BUDGET.

Indignation in Ireland Over the Lord Lieutenant's Absence.

Full Details of Dr. Parsons' Murder in Turkey—Surrender of the Assassins.

Turkey.

LONDON, August 23.—A Pera correspondent says the Porte has received a note from M. Novekoff, the Russian Embassador, insisting upon the execution of Col. Comeraoff's assassin.

DR. PARSONS' MURDER.

LONDON, August 23.—A correspondent at Bucharest gives the following additional details of the murder of Dr. Parsons, the American missionary: One of the assassins placed the muzzle of his rifle close to Dr. Parsons' servant, fired at and killed him instantly. Dr. Parsons then started up, but before he could say or do anything a bullet pierced his heart. The two Circassians then threw their bodies over a precipice, at the foot of which they were found after a few days.

AFTER THE MURDER.

An American residing at Ismidt telegraphed the facts to Mr. Goshen, the British Embassador, who communicated them immediately to Mr. Heap, the American Consul-General. A squad of soldiers went to the camp of the Circassians and threatened to shoot the whole tribe unless the murderers were surrendered, whereupon the murderers were delivered to the authorities. The affair caused great consternation at Constantinople, and people travel armed, and if possible with armed guards, when riding or driving in the suburbs.

ALECKO PASHA.

PHILIPOPPOLIS, August 23.—Alecko Pasha has arrived from Constantinople and was enthusiastically received.

Ireland.

CORK, August 23.—Another case of arms addressed to a fictitious person now lies at the wharf unclaimed. Arriving steamers are thoroughly searched. The military authorities are recalling absentees and refuse to grant any furloughs.

IRISH INDIGNATION.

DUBLIN, August 23.—The absence of Earl Cowper, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, who is on a pleasure trip in Scotland, causes much indignation at this critical time. The land meetings were held generally throughout Ireland yesterday. At Inam inflammatory speeches were made and blood-thirsty placards exhibited at Ballingary. Apologies were made for the absence of Parnell and Dillon. Ten thousand persons were present at the anti-eviction meeting held at Doneen. The Bishops and priests were loudly denounced by speakers.

England.

LONDON, August 23.—Louis Charles Henri Vonder Pfardten, the eminent German lawyer, is dead.

India.

CALCUTTA, August 23.—The troops in the Kurum Valley will not be withdrawn for the present. The question of a permanent occupation of that valley is still undecided, but the balance of opinion seems to be against its retention.

Greece.

LONDON, August 23.—The Standard's Athens correspondent says that the thirty Turkish officers who have deserted their own flag held an audience with the Greek War Minister, whom they asked for commissions. They deserted from the Turkish service because they are not paid. It is alleged that whole battalions are ready to desert if their pay can be guaranteed.

China.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 23.—A telegram from the Russian agent at Pekin states that pending local claims have been satisfactorily decided. Chung How was liberated on the representations of Marquis Tseng.

France.

PARIS, August 23.—Serious storms are raging in the provinces. Six actors of Lieges were drowned by the upsetting of their boat on Lake Bourgil. The storm at Angouleme killed many cattle and greatly damaged the crops.

Germany.

BERLIN, August 23.—Bismarck held a conference Sunday with Bavaria's Ministers at Kissingen.

NEW YORK NOTES.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Isaac H. Brown, the noted sexton of Grace Church, died Saturday night, aged 68. He was one of New York's most familiar characters and famous thirty years ago as a master of ceremonies.

THE DEAF MUTES.

A delegation of deaf mutes left the city last night to attend the National Convention of deaf mutes at Cincinnati.

HOME AGAIN.

Parole, Papoose, Falsetto, Sly Dance and Wyandotte, all of Pierre Lorillard's stable, arrived last night from England.

Infanticide.

CINCINNATI, August 23.—J. W. Farrell and wife, of Lowell, O., are under arrest for murdering their children, four weeks old twins. They claim that the children died during the night, but physicians think they were drowned.

Judge Spofford's Funeral.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, August 23.—The remains of Judge Henry Spofford, United States Senator elect from Louisiana, who died at Red Sulphur Springs on the 20th inst., arrived by a special train this morning from New Orleans. The funeral service was held at the Spofford residence, No. 87 Ludlow street, between Third and Fourth, after which the body was taken by his family, his widow and children and his brother, the Librarian of Congress, to its last resting place in Pulaski, Tenn.

A SPRINGFIELD SENSATION.

Murder and Worse than Murder in the Capital of Illinois.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., August 23.—About 11 o'clock last night John Hudson, a well-known negro plasterer of this city, was shot in the head while on the way home from the park, where he had been on a spree all day with several colored men. The bullet entered above his right ear and lodged in the base of the brain. Hudson is still alive, but his recovery is hopeless. It is said that he formerly lived in St. Louis in the vicinity of Seventeenth and Wash streets. One Billy Harrington, who was with him at the time, was this morning arrested for the shooting and committed to jail.

THE SENSATION OF THE DAY

in the city is the development of the fact that a young girl employed in the woolen factory was on Thursday last delivered of a still-born child, of about five months' development, and now lies in a precarious condition. The mother and family of the girl accuse Dr. E. C. Gaffney, a prominent homeopathic physician, of being the father of the child and also of producing an abortion. Dr. Gaffney has been the medical attendant of the family and for some weeks about April last he boarded with the family and slept at the house. The facts came to light at a late hour last night through an attempt of Dr. Gaffney with the aid of a policeman to forcibly remove the girl from her mother's house to a hospital. The neighbors resisted the attempt and the girl was finally taken in charge by the city authorities, who secured a nurse for her and permitted her to remain. A warant for Gaffney has been obtained by the girl's mother. The girl refuses to say who is the father of the child, and Gaffney denies point blank any other relation than that of family physician.

Another Story of the Murder.

SPRINGFIELD, August 23.—Late Sunday night a party of drunken negroes came to the city from Crouse Grove. They got into a dispute with two white men on the street, during which one of the latter drew a revolver and shot a negro named Hudson in the back of the head, inflicting a mortal wound. The unknown murderer is still at large.

A PENNSYLVANIA IDIOT.

Twenty-seven Years a Chained Prisoner in the Blue Mountains.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The site for the new Produce Exchange has been purchased for $600,000. The building is to be finished in two years. It will cost $450,000 additional.

A PENNSYLVANIA IDIOT.

A Reading, Pa., dispatch says: A most horrible discovery has been made here today by the Board of Poor Directors of Berks county, who found an insane man imprisoned in a hut in the Blue Mountains. For twenty-seven years he has never seen the light of day. His habitation was made of rudely hewn logs. The name of the lunatic is Benjamin Sechler, aged fifty-five years, and a native of Germany. He has been confined in the hut for twenty-seven years by his brother, who fed him. The lunatic in all that time was neither washed, clothed nor shaved. Under the hut was a place where fire was built in winter, the heat of which went up through the cracks in the floor. The lunatic was accustomed to beat the sides of the hut with his hands, mumbling, kicking and screaming.

A RUSTY CHAIN

was attached to one of his legs. He made violent resistance when he was removed. He was brought to Reading, dressed in a petticoat. His captors were John H. Bower and J. W. Sailade, of the county alms-house. The chain on his leg has not yet been filed off. It is reported that he became insane by bathing in a cold spring when in an overheated condition. The affair causes great excitement.

Held Without Bail.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, August 23.—The Coroner's inquest on the body of Miss Faulkner showed evidsnces of abortion which were unquestionable. Dr. Cream and the Mackey woman were this morning held in Criminal Court without bail.

The Coal Fleet.

PITTSBURG, Pa., August 23.—The coal shipments from this port during the present water to Cincinnati, 1,613,000 bushels in seven boats, 121 barges and two flats. To Louisville, 1,659,000 bushels in twelve boats, six coal boats and 128 barges.

The Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 23.—Weather fine, but track not good. The first, an extra race, three-fourths of a mile, Girofle won, Sparling second. Time, 1:16 3-4. Second race, Relief sweepstakes for three-year-olds, one mile and five furlongs, Gold Bug won.

The Striking Coopers.

CINCINNATI, August 23.—Nearly all the coopers in this city joined in a strike this morning for an advance of fifteen per cent in their wages.

The Platt-Deutsche Verein.

CHICAGO, August 23.—The week's midsummer festival of the Platt-Deutsche Verein ended to-night.

New Buildings.

D. Thomas was granted a permit to-day to build a $2,300 brick dwelling on the west side of Ash, down near Lafayette avenue.

H. Otemsmeier was issued a permit to-day to build a $1,100 dwelling on the north side of Franklin, near Water street, Carondelet.

E. T. Herndon is building two dwellings on the south side of Morgan, between Beaumont and Lemingwell avenue, at a cost of $6,700.

A NORTHWESTERN BLAZE.

A Destructive Fire in St. Paul, Minnesota.

Nearly a Million Dollars' Worth of Property Lost.

ST. PAUL, August 23.—At 2 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the mansard roof of the paper warehouse of Averill, Russell & Carpenter, on Lower Third street. The flames gained ground rapidly, and as the fire department was slow and inefficient, the fire soon spread to the roof of P. H. Kelly & Co.'s wholesale grocery store, next to the paper warehouse. The buildings were soon wrapped in flames. The combustible material in the grocery burned swiftly and the paper stock buildings were burned before the fire was checked. Kelly's store was a shapeless heap of ruins, and the walls of Averill, Russell & Co.'s warehouse were alone left standing. The fire burned with incredible swiftness and fierceness, and there was much danger in working near it.

A MAN KILLED.

It is rumored that a man was killed by the wall of Kelly's house, which fell out into the street, without warning, at 3 o'clock. This can not be verified. The adjoining stores of Beaupre, Allen & Keogh and the temporary building of Auerbach, Finch, Culbertson & Co., burned out last winter, were saved with great difficulty.

THE LOSSES.

Beaupre, Allen & Keogh suffered a loss of $10,000, covered by insurance. The buildings occupied by Averill, Russell and Carpenter were owned by G. W. Sherwood and A. W. Hale. They cost $45,000 and were insured for $12,000. Kelly's building was owned by the late W. S. Wright. It cost $60,000, and was insured for $20,000. The loss of P. H. Kelly & Co. estimated $400,000. Insured for about $300,000. Loss Averill, Russell & Carpenter $125,000. Insured $775,000.

THE INSURANCE.

The following are the names of the companies obtainable: Averill, Russell & Carpenter, total—North British and Mercantile, $5,000; Hartford Fire, $2,500; London and Lancashire, $25,000; London Assurance, $2,500; Home New York, $5,000; Commercial Union, London, $5,000; People's, Newark, N.J., $2,500; New Hampshire, $2,500; Phœnix, Brooklyn, fixtures, $2,500; Commercial, New York, $2,500; London Assurance, $2,500; Northwestern National, Milwaukee, $5,500; Hartford Fire, $2,500; Insurance Company of Louisiana, $3,000; Niagara, $2,500; Germany, Pittsburg, $2,500; Chicago, $2,500; La Confiance, $2,500; German, Buffalo, $2,500; Germania, Baltimore, $2,500; Firemen's, Baltimore, $5,000; Phœnix, Hartford, $5,000; St. Paul Fire and Marine, $500; P. H. Kelley & Co.—one agency, St. Paul Fire and Marine, of St. Paul, $5,000; Commercial Union, of London, $5,000; German American, of New York, $5,000; Lancashire, of England, $5,000; Traders', of Chicago. $3,000; Underwriters, of Boston, $5,000; Metropoliton of Paris, $5,000; Northern of New York, $5,000; Beaupre, Allen & Keogh, one agency: St. Paul of St. Paul, $5,000; Commercial Union of London, $5,000; Phœnix of London, $5,000; Lancashire of London, $5,000.

Second District Police Court.

Fifty-three cases were called before Judge Dennison this morning, eleven of which were continued. For disturbing the peace the following fines were assessed: R. Sommerfruechte, J. Bolestine, Mary Corbett, John Black, William Carter, Cor. Mulvey, Frank Turner, John Higgins, Pat. Walsh, Susan Hall $5 each; Chas. Sanders, Jos. Omara, W. Green, costs; Andrew Brown, colored, $10, Edward Johnson James Walsh, Frank Russell, discharged. A case against Wash Clark for cruelty to animals was nolle pros'ed. For loitering, J. Palmer and Thomas Mullen were fined costs, and Pat Hannon $10. For trespassing, Thomas Powers, Thomas Sutter and Edward Bent were fined $10 each, and Thomas Darley $15. W. King and Henry Talbert, vagrants, were fined $500 each.

First District Police Court.

Fifty-five cases on the docket. J. H. Bonderacke was fined $20 for driving into and demolished a buggy owned by Geo. W. Fisher, on Grand avenue. G. E. Strietz, the proprietor of a saloon at the corner of Levee and Market street, was assessed $50 for having beaten John Corbett with a club. Jas. O'Neil was mulcted in the sum of $10, and Jos. Knox and Michael McDonough each $5 for having disturbed the peace. Kate Johnson, Mary McSorley and Nellie Drohman were each charged $10 for naughtiness. Lawrence O'Malley was fined $5 for having loitered on the street corner; James Fothringham $5 for having driven a horse too fast, and Charles Canfield for having a revolver concealed on his person.

Wills Probated

The Probate Court held a short session this morning, but nothing save routine work was attended to. The Court will sit again to-morrow and will then adjourn over until the middle of September.

The will of John Gansse was admitted to probate to-day. The testator leaves all his property to his wife Euphrosina, making her sole executrix.

Wilhelm Trautenmuller leaves all his estate, real and personal, to his wife, Therese nee Heimburger, to have and hold forever. The will was drawn up on April 8, 1879, and was admitted to probate this morning.

The Result of a Spree.

A roustabout named John Reardon went on a first-class spree last night. He whooped and drank and drank and whooped and had a picnic generally. When he went to bed he knows not, but when he got up this morning he discovered a terrible gash extending across his forehead. He hied himself to the Dispensary, and Dr. Carson attended to his wound.

Broke His Leg.

At 2:30 o'clock to-day a collision took place on Fifth street near the corner of Pine between a one-horse wagon belonging to Rosenheim & Levis and a street-car of the Fifth Street line. The horse of the wagon was thrown down and the wagon upset, and the street-car animals tore loose from their fastenings. A boy who was in the wagon was knocked out and one of the horses stepping on him, broke his left leg just below the knee. His name is August Bergemann, and he lives at No. 2623 Walnut street. Had it not been for the pluck of Officer Augwin, who was ably seconded by Officer O'Malley, this might have been a serious accident.

DUSTERS at half price at Mabley's.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. James Gleason, of Bradstreet's, is taking a short summer jaunt.

Clark Frost, of the Lindell, is back at his desk, after several weeks' vacation in Colorado.

Mr. Ashley Cabell is so sun-burnt and browned that his friends fail to recognize him on the streets.

Ed. Seals, of D. Crawford & Co., arrived from Minnetonka and the lakes after an absence of five weeks.

Mr. Fred. B. Warde, of John McCullough's Combination, was in town to-day, on his return from the West.

Geo. McManus is pursuing one of Byron's plans to reduce his avoirdupois, by excessive indulgence in fragrant Havanas.

Mr. W. C. Steigers has just got home from the East. He never looked as dapper in his life as he does at this present writing.

Col. Peter P. Dailey, of the Circuit Clerk's office, will take a month's vacation shortly and run up to Oconomowoc and Minnetonka.

Mr. Wm. A. Dill, agent of the Union Railway and Transit Company, will return to East St. Louis to-morrow, after a few weeks' vacation.

D. M. Jenkins has returned from a stay in the mining camps of Colorado. Dug is scarcely recognizable to his old friends, and looks like a Jay Gould in embryo.

Michael Davitt, the Irish agitator, is still in the city. He leaves for Kansas City to-morrow evening, omitting the contemplated trip to Sedalia. Mr. Davitt speaks warmly of "the reception that he received" at the Fair Grounds yesterday.

ALL summer goods at a terrible sacrifice at Mabley's, Fifth and Pine.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE public schools are now receiving their winter's fuel.

MR. H. WERNER has just got out Knights of Pythias Grand March, dedicated to the Supreme Lodge of the United States.

THE Citizens, (Franklin avenue) Street Rail road Company have just put on two news treet cars valued at $1,000 each.

GEORGE SMITH'S two-year-old child fell from the second-story window of her home, and seriously hurt herself, yesterday.

A GASOLINE lamp set fire to the sawdust in Mrs. Fitzgerald's grocery, 1027 Morgan street, yesterday, but no damage was done.

THOMAS GREEN'S frame house, situated at the rear of No. 1210 North Ninth street, was damaged to the extent of $50 by fire yesterday.

THREE hydrants in Lafayette Park were destroyed by some unknown persons last night. A reward of $25 is offered by the Park Commissioner for the apprehension of the perpetrators.

INFORMATION is wanted of Reynold Juengen, sixteen years old, dark complected; wore gray pants, a brown coat and a gray hat; left his home on Ann avenue, near Park Place, on the 16th inst.

ALPACA coats at less than manufacturers' cost at Mabley's, Fifth and Pine.

LOCAL POLITICAL NOTES.

A hall has not been selected as yet for the convention of Thursday week.

Morgan Boland has resigned the police force and is making an active canvass for the shrievalty.

John Finn held a caucus with his deputies yesterday and expatiated upon his desire to be re-elected. They all swore by the horns of the sacred bill that they would give him their wards.

The Republican Central Committee will meet on the 1st. T. B. Rodgers will be chairman, and Frank Hiemenz secretary. Both are Filley men. The committee will be a Filley one.

The Republicans of the Third District will caucus at Union League Headquarters for the purpose of determining who is the most available opponent for Frost. Meeting gotten up by W. K. Patrick and Lyne S. Metcalfe. To-morrow evening.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Rev. Dr. Ingraham will take up his residence in this part of the city in a short time.

It is expected that the Odd Fellows' Cemetery will be ready for dedication by the 1st of October.

Will the railroad company the coming term make special rates for persons attending school in the city? is a question of interest just now.

Eight cases on the police docket this morning, being drunks and consequent disturbances of the peace. The parties were let off on payment of costs; total amount $25.

The Central St. Louis Gun Club recently sent a challenge to the Carondelet Hunting Club for a trial of skill. The match came off yesterday, 650 shots at balls being made, 350 on a side. There were thirteen shooters in each club, the Carondelet Club winning the match by nine balls. The city club went home looking a good deal out of sorts at the result.

Decorations.

This afternoon at about 2:30 o'clock a number of flags and banners were thrown to the breeze by merchants and other. Stretching across Fifth stret from Mabley's to Humphrey's clothing houses is a large banner with the K. P. crest and colors and on both sides innumerable small flags wave in subjection to the emblem. A number of other houses display large banners, and small flags flutter from the windows of all the restaurants and several business houses along Fourth and Fifth streets.

A Spoiled Sensation.

Quite an excitement was caused about 2.20 this afternoon by a loud shot in the neighborhood of Ninth and Pine streets. The policeman on the beat ran up and a crowd soon gathered, with suicide as a favorite theory among them. The policeman's investigations, however, showed that a careless sportsman, while loading his gun, had inadvertently let off one barrel, and so the item was spoiled.

Gentle Annie.

A tall, gaunt woman named Annie Gray, last evening, in a drunken freak, donned male attire and raised quite a disturbance in a saloon at the corner of Second and Almond streets. She was arrested by Officer Sullivan, and this morning was fined $10 by Judge Jecke.

City Treasury Receipts.

The amount paid in to-day was $5,129.34, of which the Collector was credited with $1,421 89 for licenses, and $3,672 61 for taxes. Fines in the first District Police Court $63 44 the Recorder $38 00 and the Adreon Scales $11 40.

THE BREAKERS BROKEN.

Onward, onward, never higher!
Upward, upward, never higher!
Ah! waves, ah! men, shall brave endeavor
Fall back in froth and foam forever?

Yet mark those eager crests that hover,
Like birds the moving wave-mass over;
The waves roll back, but they dash on;
The dry sand drinks them: one by one
They perish on the beach forlorn.

As they die, a thought emerges
Ghost-like, from the shattered surges;
"To strive is still to fail: the strongest
In striving most but suffer longest."

Far sweeter than mad surface motion
The dim green depths of unstirred ocean!
More happy than the windy crest
A lowly life where love and rest
House in the chambers of the breast!

THOMAS R. PRICE.

FIGHT WITH A HYENA.

A Man Locked in a Cage, Attacked and Fearfully Lacerated.

[From the Winchester (Va.) Times, 18th.]

Monday, August 16, W. C. Coup's new united shows gave exhibitions at this place. The entire constellation arrived on the morning of the 15th (Sunday), and the paraphernalia was removed to the exhibition grounds in a quiet and orderly manner. On the morning of the 16th—as is their usual custom—everything was arranged for the grand free street parade which always takes place. The den of spotted hyenas was placed in position, and Herr Drayton entered as usual to take his position as master. The instant he made his appearance the largest and most ferocious of the animals made a determined stand and refused to retire to his accustomed place. Drayton at once saw that something was wrong, and ordered the iron doors of the cage which make separate apartments to be closed, and attempted to close them himself. "Gabriel," the oldest male member of the hyena family, seemed to fully understand the meaning of the movement, and refused to obey orders, and at once took a defiant position. Charles Drayton, better known as the "Modern Hercules" or cannon ball performer, a man of herculean strength and iron will, the instant he saw there was a rebellion inaugurated said to the outside attendants. "Here is trouble; send for some iron bars." The men immediately obeyed his orders, but before they returned Gabriel made the attack, and the struggle was something terrible to witness.

The young animals seemed inclined to befriend their master, but Gabriel was determined to have his life. Drayton had nothing but a common cow-hide whip, which he saw was of no avail, and he grasped his terrible antagonist by the throat and threw him bodily to the floor of the den. This for a moment seemed to subdue the animal, but for a moment only. Regaining his feet he waited, as it appeared, to consider the situation, and with a determination to die or conquer made a desperate attack on his master. Hyenas are known to be cowardly and treacherous, and are always found in large numbers, but when enraged they know no fear, and when they close their terrible jaws on their victim they are almost literally in the "jaws of death." After Gabriel recovered from the momentary surprise at the strength of his master his rage was uncontrolable. With a bound he seized Drayton. Up to this moment the other animals had only taken a passive interest in the struggle, But at the sight of blood their rage knew no bounds, and they attacked each other, rolling and leaping with lightning-like rapidity, over, under and around the man and his antagonist, snarling, howling and tearing indiscriminately, adding greatly to Drayton's peril.

This terrible scene continued in the presence of the terrified spectators for fully two minutes, Drayton in the meantime, with his naked hands, fighting the ferocious beast which had attacked him, and with wonderful strength and presence of mind preventing him from seizing a vital part or pulling him to the floor. In the meantime the attendants had not been idle, and finally, with the aid of crowbars and pitchforks, succeeded in breaking the hold of the beast. Drayton had fought his way to the door of the den, and the instant it was opened fell into the arms of his friends. No ordinary man would have lived one minute in this terrible position. No man without an iron will, undaunted courage and herculean strength could ever have left the cage alive. The expression of Drayton's face as he stood holding by the throat this terrible antagonist was something never to be forgotten. Blood was flowing in streams from his wounds. Fear, hope and determination were mingled in one expression—a noble specimen of God's noblest work. Few men have passed through such an ordeal and escaped with life. Mr. Coup and Manager E. D. Calvin immediately ordered everything that could possibly be done to alleviate his sufferings. He was immediately removed to the Hart Hotel, where Drs. Holliday and Williams were untiring in their attentions. They express a belief that no serious consequences will occur.

Marrying Fortunes.

[From the New York Times.]

There is a notion current that men very often marry for money, but, in fact, such marriages are rare, at all events among English-speaking people. By a man's marrying for money we mean his marriage with a woman who is unattractive to him except in point of fortune. Dr. Johnson pointed out that where such marriages occur the man looks only at the fortune, and keeps steadily out of view attendant drawbacks. Most men are endowed with too much sense to contract marriage under such conditions; they know too well that the play will not be worth the candle. Rich men and rich women ordinarily view matrimony very differently. A rich man, having found the woman who suits him, rarely troubles himself much as to whether she heartily reciprocates the affection he entertains for her. It is enough for him that he loves her. With the woman it is quite otherwise. She is continually raising the question whether he really loves her for herself, and thus, if she really cares for him, giving herself a vast deal of unnecessary trouble. Some years ago an American lady of large fortune married a Frenchman. Of course, her friends averred, heedless of the very bad compliment that they were paying her, that he married her for her money; but one was sensible enough to say: "Well, I think she is very right to marry him if she likes him. In that case he gets what he wants—the money; she gets what she wants—the man." The marriage has turned out most happily. Rich women continually mar their happiness in life by this morbid dread of being married for their money. They go on year after year thinking that the paragon will appear who is all their fancy painted, and who is to take them for themselves, until at length a period arrives when their personal attractions wane and they can only be married for their money. Then some of them, regretting lost chances, give themselves away after the fashion of Lady Burdett-Coutts.

The Story of Eli Ice.

[Pittsburg Special to N. Y. Herald.]

West Virginia for many years has had within the walls of the Penitentiary a man whose career has been of a remarkable character, and who is now dead. This reference is to the case of Eli Ice, about whom so much controversy has been going the rounds of the press, which waxed exceedingly hot within the past year. The members of the Grand Army of the Republic used their influence in his behalf to secure his pardon for a life sentence. At the breaking out of the Rebellion he espoused the cause of the Federals. While stationed on duty in Marion county, West Va., he shot and killed a citizen. The political creed of the civilian was contrary to that of the soldier, a Confederate element predominating in that locality. Ice was placed under arrest. The military, however, stepped in and took the case from the civil authorities, and a court martial resulted in Ice's acquittal. He was then restored to the ranks and served valiantly as a soldier until the expiration of the war. Upon the cessation of hostilities Ice returned to his home. Here again he was arrested by the civil authorities, tried for murder in the first degree, found guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary for life. His conviction was due more to the result of the enmity of his neighbors. They opposed him bitterly politically. A number of years were spent by him in the penitentiary, when recently, as already stated, the Grand Army of the Republic took the matter in hand, in which move they were ably seconded by many of Ice's old enemies, the war animosity having died out. Ice's imprisonment caused the breaking up of his family, who were left without support, and are now scattered in different sections of the country. Another mournful act in this sad drama was the late assault upon his simple-minded daughter, who, being left without a protector, was left to shift for herself, and was thus ruined.

A NATURAL KALEIDOSCOPE.

The Wooden Bridge Across the Golden Horn.

[Constantinople Letter to Cincinnati Gazette.]

The bridge, an old wooden pontoon, connecting Stamboul, the old city, with Galata and Pera, is the place of all others to see strange sights; from dawn till dark it is filled with a never ending kaleidoscopic throng. Men wearing the ordinary semi-military suit, with the fez for head covering; women enveloped, except the eyes, in yoshmak and feredji, with yellow, pointed shoes; children in funny quilted garments, boys and girls alike, except that the girl wears a fancy gauze handkerchief on the head and the boy wears the fez; Greek and Armenian women bareheaded, otherwise dressed a la Frank; Imams or priests in long robes, streaming behind them as they walk, the fez wound with a white turban; Circassians with drab coat, fitting tight to the waist, skirts full and plaited, girdles bristling with weapons, the head surmounted by a tall astrachan fur hat; hamals with their immense burdens, for whom everybody and everything must give way; Dervishes, with high conical hats of light felt in long robes; Armenian priests in long black gowns, tall hats and long veils; water carriers with water cooled with ice from Olympus, in leather bottles, clinking their glasses and crying, "Water, cold as ice!" Soldiers in uniform of blue, corded and trimmed with red, consisting of full trousers reaching below the knee, ample girdle and short embroidered jacket; peasant women with gay jackets and full trousers reaching the ankles; and mingled with this motly throng are faces at once recognized as German, Italian, Jewish, English and American, besides carriages, horses, donkeys and dogs!

There are men selling an endless variety of things—fruits, nuts, and raisins mixed (as they should always be eaten), toys, shoes, flowers, helvahs, and a great many other dainties, of which the names would give you no idea; men carrying Turkish and Persian rugs over their shoulders that would excite the cupidity of any American housekeepers, and last, but not least, the beggars. Cripples of every kind and degree, sores and deformities exposed to the gaze, and courting attention; a blind man carrying a lame man on his shoulders; a woman holding a child having scarcely any resemblance to humanity—they run after you, they cry, "Give, for the sake of Allah!" The Koran enjoins giving of alms, and it is said that some of these habitues of the bridge have large sums of money in the bank. These are a few of the things that meet the eye—a jargon of shouts assail the ear suggestive of the confusion of tongues at the building of Babel—Turkish, French, Armenian, Greek, German, Italian, Hebrew, English, etc. Near the end of the bridge sit money-changers, clinking their coins from hand to hand to attract attention. Horses, saddles and bridles, attended by a man who runs after them if they are hired, are to be found in many of the streets, and are very convenient where the streets are too steep and rough for carriages. Ladies use the sedan-chair, which is carried by hamals.

Remarkable Memory.

[From the New York World.]

A remarkable instance of the persistence of an impression, unquickened by repetition through more than forty years, is that of a gentleman living in New York. On December 16, 1835, occurred the great fire which swept the First Ward east of Broadway and below Wall street, and destroyed property worth about $18,000,000. At that time the guardians of the city's peace were not policemen clad in uniform, but constables dressed like common citizens and distinguished from them only by carrying long staves with which to admonish disorderly characters. The subject of the story, then a boy ten years of age, was present at the fire and there saw a young black-haired constable strike with his staff a man who was raising a disturbance. A few days ago, while crossing the river in a ferryboat, the gentleman saw a gray-headed old policeman, and it instantly occurred to him that this was the officer whom he had seen strike the man forty-five years ago. He spoke to him on the subject and found that his recollection was entirely correct, the officer having been at the fire and remembering the occurrence perfectly; he gave moreover, details which showed there was no mistake of identity in the matter. The case is remarkable enough to find its way into the text books, as the account is perfectly authentic.

CHARMING CAPRICES.

Bonnets of the finest gold lace are trimmed with bouquets of delicately tinted roses.

Pearl horns of plenty, filled with golden flowers, are the latest conceits for lace pins.

Garden hats are garnitured with grape blossoms and tendrils, mingled with hop vines.

Cambric and mull neckerchiefs are edged with rich laces and worn with handsome costumes.

New amber necklaces have ingeniously contrived clasps after those worn in the days of Homer.

Charming fichus for young ladies are of white tulle point d'esprit, lace trimmed, and tied in front under a spray of flowers.

A gentleman's scarf ring is surmounted with four-leaf clover, in frosted green and copper-colored gold encrusted with jewels.

Silps of Valenciennes lace and tiny rosettes of China ribbon forms the sleeve of a fashionable undergarment in a stylish wardrobe.

Richly embroidered robes are completed by scarfs to match, decorated after the same designs and finished with fringe in the various colors.

An etruscan gold necklace is composed of lozenges, circles, ivy leaves and rosettes, from the center of which is a jeweled heart pendant.

In costumes with scarabee backs the basques resemble beetles'-wing cases. They are very effective and the material can be joined under broche velvet trimming.

Small flowers, such as daisies, violets, rosebuds, periwinkles, tiny carnations, heliotrope, forget-me-nots and mignonettes, are prettiest for the flower borders new worn on bonnets.

Dressy bonnets in black lace are often richly decorated with jet and bead ornaments. They are, however, so very heavy that lighter flowers are much in favor and are really quite as becoming.

A pretty freak of fashion is the stylish Dauphin collar, which is made in every shade of surah, always remembering to select a harmonious color, and is ornamented with a kind of open herring-bone trimming.

A stylish mantle of satin de Lyon has the fabric in the back hidden by rows of rich lace, thickly pleated. The straight fronts are lace finished and at the opening is a very full ruche of lace, while a lace cascade falls down each side of the front.

For wash dresses the laces most used are unbleached, such as Languedoc, Smyrna, Cluny and Brenton, which trim handsomely, and, as they all wash well, are really economical, as dresses require less material when laces are used as decorations.

An exquisite costume is of magnolia satin and iridescent gauze. The train is trimmed with ruffles of satin, with back drapery of gauze falling over them. The entire satin front is ornamented with gauze puffs, put on diagonally and divided by wreaths of variously colored flowers. The corsage is of gauze-covered satin, trimmed with beautiful flowers.

TOO MUCH PROSPERITY.

A Poor Inventor Made Suddenly Rich Goes to Pieces.

[From the Washington Post, 20th.]

Once a brilliant inventor, then a persistent litigant, suing for the rights of which he had been defrauded, made suddenly rich by winning his suit, and now an inmate of the common jail for intoxication and contempt of court. Such are the brief chapters of Augustin J. Ambler's life. Years ago, to commence at the beginning, he started life under the most favorable auspices. A passion for mechanics was fostered by favorable surroundings, and the young man soon developed a latent faculty for invention. Again and again he devised little improvements, but nothing which proved either great as a discovery or as a financial success. At last, however, Ambler discovered a road which seemed to lead to fame and wealth. Filled with sanguine expectations, as are all inventors, he commenced his new work. A long period of toil and patient endeavor succeeded, marked with alternate hopes and fears. Failures were frequent, but the inventor laughed at discouragements in the hope of future success. At last, however, his funds gave out and he saw despair and failure staring him in the face. Money must be forthcoming or the investigations would have to cease. At this point Mr. R. M. Whipple became associated with Ambler as a partner, and the National Gas and Iron Company was formed in St. Louis. When the secret of the invention was made known to Whipple its importance was at once manifest to him, and he took in another partner, Thos. S. Dickerson. In the meantime the invention was completed. It was a furnace for smelting metals by means of petroleum vapor, produced by the action of superheated steam. The old tedious methods of smelting by the ordinary processes were to be done away with, and a revolution wrought in this great branch of manufactures. At last it seemed to the hard-working inventor that the long expected success was to be a happy realization. At once he took steps to get out a patent, but was met at the threshold of his application by a startling discovery. While toiling and studying his two partners had obtained patents for his invention, and he was excluded from all benefits. His delay had been fatal to him. All the work of his lifetime was to go for naught. The glory and the wealth for which he had striven were completely out of his reach. There was only one way to seek immediate redress, and that was to have the illegal patents canceled. Proceedings were at once instituted in the Patent Office, and a legal fight, which was to last a decade, was begun. There were many vexatious delays, and it was necessary to take evidence from all the parties concerned. But Ambler proved so conclusively that he was really the inventor that he gained his point. But this first victory did not by any means end the matter. The case was taken into the courts. The delays which the wronged litigant, impatient to be righted, had suffered in the Patent Office were nothing to the long and tedious struggle which now commenced. From court to court, from the District Justices to the Supreme tribunal of the United States, the case was appealed and transferred until Mr. Ambler began almost to despair. But holding in his hands the canceled patents as a powerful argument in his behalf, he continued the fight, wearisome, discouraging and expensive though it was. Finally, after ten years, he began to see daylight. A special auditor, Mr. E. C. Ingersoll, was appointed by the court to examine into the case and see what was really due Mr. Ambler. A thorough examination of all the accessible documents showing the amount paid for patent rights to Whipple & Dickerson was made, and the total found to be over $1,250,000. As an equitable adjustment the auditor decided that Ambler should be paid one-half of this amount. Therefore, on the 17th of last June Justice Cox ordered the defendants to pay the plaintiff the sum of $677,434, and, within thirty days, 1,375 shares of the National Gas and Iron Company. Ambler was thus suddenly placed in the possession of a fortune. But, though a man of sixty years of age, the turn in the tide of his affairs also seemed to turn his brain. With the first payment of the money he commenced a series of sprees, or rather one long continued state of intoxication. At length an attendant became a necessary companion of his wanderings. His condition became worse, and the possessor of hundreds of thousands of dollars found himself in a cell in the station-house. This was well known at the time and referred to in the Sunday Post as follows;

"A prominent citizen, whose aggregate wealth is over $706,000, spent Friday night in a cell at the Central Station-house, sleeping off a drunk."

The sequel to it all came yesterday. Wandering into the Police Court in an intoxicated condition, he abused one of the messengers and was arrested. He was brought out from the cell and charged before Judge Snell with profanity. He was promptly fined $5 or twenty days in jail, whereupon he cursed the Judge. A sentence of $20 or thirty days in jail, and two days in jail additional, without a fine, was imposed for contempt of court. He was again placed in a cell. Shortly afterwards Ambler stepped into the Black Maria and was driven to jail.

The Patriarch of Rattlesnakes.

[From the Washington Star, August 17.]

The largest rattlesnake probably that has ever been seen in this city arrived at the Smithsonian Institute on Saturday from Florida, forwarded by Mr. James Bell, who is in that State on special duty from the Interior Department. The snake belongs to the *Crotalus adamantus*, or diamond rattle family. It is about eight feet long, will measure twelve inches around the body and has twelve rattles and a button on the end of its tail. It came in a close woven canvas bag and was at once dropped into a large wooden box with wirework sides and a sliding cover, prepared for the reception of venomous reptiles. Not having been fed for some time, it is particularly ferocious, and its rattle is constantly on the shake whenever any one approaches or there is any noise in the room where it is kept. This monster snake is to be killed in a day or two for the purpose of taking a plaster cast of it, which will be done by A. Zeno Shindler, artist. The manner of killing for this purpose is by putting the serpent in a close vessel and admitting a sponge saturated with chloroform. This preserves the form so that a life-like cast can be taken.

He Can Gum it Now.

[From the New York Herald, 20th.]

"Dr. Tanner has had all his teeth drawn," Dr. Gunn said yesterday, "and he will stay here until his dentist provides a new set; then he will visit his father, in Litchfield, Ohio, and after that return to this city and begin his lectures. You will remember that the first complaint he uttered after the termination of the fast was that his jaws were sore. Well, the enormous eating he did and the constant use of his jaws after their long disuse made his gums sore. While he was fasting the gums shrank from the teeth, and when he began to use his jaws, the motion loosened the gums and at the same time loosened his teeth. The Doctor accepted one of the invitations he had to dine on Coney Island, and after sitting down at Paul Bauer's and eating a luncheon of clam chowder, bluefish, potatoes, and drinking a bottle of Bass' ale, he went over to the Manhattan and there dined, eating soup, fish, tongue, bread and potatoes, and drinking another bottle of ale. His weight is up to 155 pounds. When he began to fast it was 157 1-2.

A Malaria-Poisoned Town.

[Hart's Falls (N. Y.) Letter.]

Malaria fever of a dangerous type prevails to an alarming extent in this village, and the number of cases is rapidly increasing. During the year 1879 it is estimated that fully five hundred persons, one-third of the population, suffered more or less from malaria. Physicians have been unable to check the progress of the disease, and for a long time could not determine its origin. A distinguished physician of the neighboring city of Troy was recently engaged to discover the cause of the trouble, and he has been successful.

On the outskirts of the village is a tract of marshy land, about fifty acres in extent, caused by the diversion of the channel of the Hoosac River. At the time of the construction of the Albany Northern Railroad, floods in the river carried large quantities of refuse into the swamp, and when the tide receded the refuse decayed, poisoning the atmosphere with noxious gases. The unhealthy locality being outside the corporation limits, the village Board of Health was powerless to abate the nuisance, but called the attention of the Boston, Hoosac Tunnel and Western Railway Company, which is in possession of the old roadbed of the Albany and Northern Company, to the matter, and requested an immediate remedy of the evil. The request was unheeded, and, as the disease increased, the village authorities made an application to Gov. Cornell to take action in the premises. The Governor, accompanied by members of the State Board of Health and several physicians, visited the village one day last week, and they were impressed with the necessity of immediate action. All agreed that the condition of the marsh rendered the locality unfit for human habitation, and declared it unsafe to partake of fish captured in the river in the neighborhood.

Since 1875 there have been over 200 deaths from diphtheritic diseases, and about ten per cent of the cases of malaria have resulted fatally. The disease manifests itself in three forms. The first is of an intermittent type, and, though soon under control, is liable to recur at any time during hot weather. When suffering from the second form the patient is greatly depressed in spirits, and the body is covered with a rash which causes a constant and very disagreeable itching. The third is generally known as typhoid malaria. The villagers are greatly alarmed, and anxiously await the issuing of orders by Gov. Cornell looking to a remedy of the great evil.

POOR MALIBRAN.

A Fate as Sad as that of Adelaide Neilson.

[New York Corr. Cincinnati Gazette.]

The early death of Madame Neilson, painful as it may be, is not a solitary incident to the history of the drama. Isabella Hinckley, who achieved distinction as a prima donna, was removed by death in the midst of a brilliant career, and even at an earlier age. A more striking instance, however, is to be found in the history of Madame Malibran who charmed both Europe and America by her combined dramatic and musical attainments. She was the eldest daughter of the once popular vocalist, Manuel Garcia, who personally taught her to sing, and prepared her for the stage. In her seventeenth year she made her debut on the London boards as Rosina in "The Barber of Seville," this being an unexpected appearance, occasioned by the illness of Madame Pasta, who was on the bills for that occasion. Her debut was a marked success, and gave assurance of future eminence. Garcia was induced to make a professional visit to this city, where his gifted daughter appeared in the same role, this being the first performance of the Italian opera in America. Her reception was a triumph, and she soon appeared in other characters, each of which she made her own. While in this city she was specially honored by the limited number of French aristocracy, and one of the number (Monsieur Malibran) became her accepted lover.

He had the reputation of great wealth, and their marriage took place the March after her arrival. He made what was considered a handsome marriage settlement, but soon afterward the society of New York was surprised by his failure. The newly made bride was sadly disappointed, and the annoyance was increased when her husband proposed to pervert her earnings to his private benefit. She turned over to his creditors the entire marriage settlement and cost of her matrimonial incumberance. In two months after her unlucky wedding Madame Malibran was receiving the homage of her native Paris, being then in her nineteenth year. Thenceforth until her death her career was one of brilliant success, and she was received with enthusiastic applause in Naples, Milan, London and other centers of taste. Her union with Malibran was dissolved by the French court, and she formed a second marriage with De Beriot, the distinguished violinist. She died of a fever occasioned by excessive exhaustion—having given a public performance contrary to the advice of her physician. Though thus removed in her twenty-ninth year, Madame Malibran had long enjoyed the highest distinction in the musical and dramatic world. It may also be remembered that Rachel was only thirty-eight at the time of her death. Adelaide Neilson, like the foregoing, sacrificed herself to professional eminence, and her fame cost her a life which was just developing into its grandest attainment.

Social Pastimes.

[From the Boston Transcript.]

An exchange, giving instructions in certain parlor "amusements," explains how to put yourself through a keyhole as follows: "Double up a piece of paper with the word 'yourself' written on it, and then put it through the keyhole." What an edifying sight it must be to see a dozen or twenty grown people, of different sex, indulging in this exciting and highly intellectual pastime! The brain that conceived so stupendous an idea must surely have been immediately lost in its own immensity! No wonder our young men are no longer attracted by the gilded saloons, the glare and tinsel of the theatre and the sparkle of the wine cup, when they can find around their own hearthstones such entrancing joys as these!

WAIFS.

Making political capital—Assessing the office-holders.

A street always runs in one direction or another: but its side-walks.

The Greeks have purchased 1,400 artillery horses. The tug of war will come soon.

Leonidas was one of the original deadheads. He held the pass at Thermopylæ.

The principal use of the camp-meeting is to spread the cause of religion and the sale of rheumatic remedies.

It is time for concert audiences to kick. A new song has been published called: "What kind of shoes are you going to wear?"

Some one has discovered a likeness to the face of Ben Butler in the last full moon. The resemblance can only be seen when the moon is full.

A scientific man will study all day over a poor little worm's work, when he might get at the hole thing in a nutshell by eating a few chincapins.

The following unique couplet appears in the obituary column of a Philadelphia newspaper:

Our American baby with wings did fly
To meet his Savior in the sky.

Conkling's state of mind: He loves Garfield, admires Hayes, dotes on Sherman and longs to embrace Blaine. But the distinguished Senator has no time for indulgence in sentiment.

The absence of very large pebbles on some parts of the seasore this year is due to the fact that they were all collected for hotel bedrooms early in the season, and are still doing duty as cakes of soap.

Long Branch—Lady in black satin to lady in cream tulle: "Of course her watch chain is very heavy. Her husband is a sausage seller, and so she wears heavy links to keep her in mind of the trade."

HER MAJESTY'S THEATER, London, the house ordinarily used by Col. Mapleson for grand opera is now occupied by Haverly's Minstrels. They are drawing great crowds, but some of their American methods are not liked by the newspapers. "The walls of the city," says the Standard, "are covered with portraits of Billy This, Jack That, and other playful and friendly ities, it never seeming to occur to these 'Billies' and 'Jacks' who thus oblige us with the opportunity of gazing on their faces, that the English public does not care about all this familiarity. The public does not know 'Billy.' That portion of it which has a taste for nigger minstrelsy will perhaps go and see 'Billy,' but would have appreciated him just as much if he had been content to call himself 'Mr.'—whatever his name might happen to be—in a more self-respecting way than is exhibited by 'Billy' and his friends."

THE PUNISHED.

Not they who know the awful gibbet's anguish,
Not they who, while sad years go by them, in
The sunless cells of lonely prisons languish,
Do suffer fullest penalty for sins.

'Tis they who walk the highways unsuspected,
Yet with grim fear forever at their side,
Who clasp the corpse of some sin undetected—
A corpse no grave or coffin-lid can hide.

'Tis they who are in their own chambers haunted
By thoughts that like unbidden guests intrude,
And sit down uninvited and unwanted,
And make a nightmare of the solitude.

ELLA WHEELER.

ITALIAN MANNERS.

The American Girl Compared With Her Italian Sister.

[Florence Letter to New York Times.]

In Italy there is as little rancor or envy on the part of the poor toward the rich and titled as of snobbish deference and greed of riches. Those who adorn society and the nation are admired in the same way that anything beautiful and ornamental is admired in its proper place in nature and art, as part of the great whole which is the birthright of entire humanity, and in which all may take pride and pleasure. Universal æsthetic influences subdue the meaner personal sentiments. Good taste, like pure love, leads captive the baser passions. Thus it is that the Italian populations remain kindly dispositioned and sagaciously conservative, modest, cautious, rather self-deprecatory than self-laudatory, yet not without enterprise, but with abundant tact in all things, qualities which may yet give them the leadership of the Latin races in their struggle for regeneration. The "rough" is still an unknown quantity in Italian progress. A people which "goes ahead" without him, entertains its masses without intoxicating them, with no restrictions on the sale of liquors, which keeps out of sight the most disreputable features of civic life, and is so well behaved in its festivals that little children and maidens may safely participate in them; always clean, sober, polite, pleasant tempered, and helpful in its crowds; a people of this stamp are worthy of imitation by races of coarser instincts and habits. Theirs once said that the Italians had shown themselves superior to their reputation. This is quite as true of their domestic as political matters. Predominant in their deportment is the naturalness or unconsciousness of playing a part in what they do whether it is wise to do it or not. They manifest neither a disposition to attract notice nor false shame in doing anything in public which they consider natural and proper to do. This trait gives them an enviable ease in many actions that with less graceful people lead to pitiable confusion and awkwardness or else to vulgar display and notoriety. Especially is this the case with youth of both sexes and all classes. They never seem to be conscious that others are observing them, or if they are, it has no perceptible effect on their individual spontaneity of action, which, while being perfectly free, is self-restrained and eminently guarded from anything unbecoming or eccentric. They are veritable masters of an esthetic repose or tone in behavior which is quite the opposite of the more highly pitched vitality of young America in public. The American girl craves the social excitement which her Italian sister is taught to avoid. Alert to produce effects and direct attention to herself, and ever watchful to note the impression she is making, the American siren cultivates brilliancy of manner, and seeks entertainment at the expense of the more durable charms of her sex. Independent, self-willed, outspoken and unaccustomed to the code of social laws by which European women are disciplined into a certain uniformity of deportment, she challenges attention by forming a style of her own, regardless of precedent or as to how it may be viewed by others. No one American girl becomes an autocrat in society outside of a limited circle, for each forms herself, not from outward pressure, but from internal volition, which varies according to the individual temperament and circumstances. Consequently, there is infinite variety in the American female character, and a psychycological daring in her social acts and experiments which surprises the more conventional-bred European, and sometimes gives rise to erroneous conclusions. But the former is apt to pay dearly for her brief sensational career. She exhausts herself prematurely, and, very soon pushed aside by younger rivals, subsides either into a commonplace domesticity or the unsatisfied "old maid" at a time of life when the European is in the full flush of her attractions and power. Belles are much rarer in Italy, but accomplished manners more common. Its young women seem to know less of worldly life than they really do, while the American girl gets the reputation of being more experienced and less innocent than she really is. Yet it needs only some æsthetic drilling and restraint of her untutored exuberance of life and curiosity to test everything for herself, added to her more delicate and highly vitalized organization, with its quick intellectual apprehension, for her to bear away the palm in social style, and distinguish herself as the most intelligent and sensible of her sex, as well as the most charming. These remarks apply particularly to those who are really born and bred under favoring conditions as to education and manners.

Mme. Gerster's Baby.

[Paris Cor. Boston Herald.]

"And now I should like to see the baby," Mme. Gerster blushed, Dr. Gardini smiled the smile of a proud father, but he also shrugged his shoulders. "My dear friend," he said, "the baby is in Bologna with a nurse. We could not bring her here; she is so young." "Two months and twenty-three days," promptly added the magic-voiced Etelka. Mme. Gerster arose from her chair and went across the room to fetch a photograph from the table. This carte, she explained, had recently been taken by an amateur photographer. There, in a quaint wicket carriage slept and dreamed the petite Gerster Gardini. "She is very pretty," murmured the fond mother; and winsome indeed, even to the eyes of a bachelor, were the tiny features of the miniature face beneath the little white cap. Bending over the baby wagon was the nurse, a slender Italian woman in a black dress, who looked the picture of solicitude. "I had presents from the United States for her before she was born," said Mme. Gerster, putting down the photograph, after a long look at it. "One—a fur rug or coverlid—came from a kind friend in Boston. Then there were little ornaments from New York friends, and the silver cup was not wanting. Oh, no, I shall not take the baby to the States, but am going to Bologna soon to spend a number of weeks with her."

The Congressional Cemetery.

[From the Washington Republican.]

A square base of freestone supporting a rectangular polygon, surmounted by a miniature pyramid, all of the same material, blackened, decayed and frost-bitten with age, storm and natural ugliness—this is the cenotaph. The first one on the central avenue is sacred to the memory of Senator Lewis J. Bowden of Virginia. This is of granite, highly polished, and differs from its companions in being quite a handsome monument. This is owing to the fact that it was erected under the eye of the present energetic superintendent. Next to it is the cenotaph of Preston S. Brooks. Could the ghost of Charles Sumner take a look at this freestone abomination it would say, "I am avenged. Poor Brooks!" Following these two are sprinkled thickly about one-half of these cenotaphs. It the moonlight they resemble nothing so much as withered cabbage stalks after a hard frost. Even the heroic memories that cluster around them lose half their force under the spell of the worm-eaten freestone. Thaddeus Stevens, Senator A. P. Butler, Henry Clay, John C. Calhoun, Owen Lovejoy, Thomas J. Rusk, ex-president of Texas; John Quincy Adams, Robert Rantoul and hosts of other great names hang their heads in dilapidated old freestone. In many instances they refuse to tell the story of their death and disgrace in freestone. Practical people say it was because the inscriptions on the stones had become unintelligible through age and storm. Imaginative people know better. It is disgust at their surroundings which chokes down their voices. Henry Clay's cenotaph is perhaps the ugliest of the lot. By a singular coincidence, Thad. Stevens' is placed in such a position as to overlook and watch John C. Calhoun's, while almost side by side with Stevens', like brothers in a fight, stands Owen Lovejoy's, grim in its freestone gauntness. The youngest Congressman commemorated here is Thomas E. Noell, of Missouri, dead at the early age of twenty-eight. The saddest fate recorded is that of George Kinnerd, of Indiana who was blown up by a steamboat explosion while on his way to Congress. To be blown up by a steamboat is bad enough, but to have the fact perpetuated by one of these hideous little tablets is sadder still.

AN OLD RELIC.

A Button Shot from Hancock's Coat at Gettysburg.

[From the Little Rock Gazette.]

Yesterday a well dressed man—but this is not a fashion article; what's the use in describing a man's dress? Any way, the man entered a store, and taking a brass button from his pocket he handed it to a bystander, and remarked:

"Rather a valuable relic. This button was shot from Gen. Hancock's coat at the battle of Gettysburg. My father was on Hancock's staff, and picked up the button when it fell from the General's coat."

"I should think that it was valuable," said the man, examining it. "From Hancock's coat? Well, I declare. What'll you take for it? Excuse me, sir. I should not have asked such a silly question."

"No offense, sir. I wouldn't sell the relic, of course, as it is bound to me by more than one tie. My father is dead"—and the man looked away while the other party turned and made a foreign remark to a boy that stood by the counter lazily turning the leaves of a lot of sheet music. "No, I wouldn't sell it," continued the man, "but as I am in strained circumstances I am going to the pawn-shop and pawn it."

"Don't do that. Let me take it."

"Well, loan me $5."

The money was handed over, and after the relic-man had carefully taken down the address of the capitalist he walked out. About five minutes afterward the clerk in a neighboring store entered and exclaimed, "See here, fellers: I reckon I've got the boss relic, a button shot from Gen. Hancock's coat at the battle of Gettysburg." He then unwrapped a lot of oil paper from around a brass button.

"Where did you get it?" asked the man who had a similar curiosity.

"I got it from a man whose father picked it up just after a bullet had clipped it from Hancock's coat. The poor fellow had started to the pawn-shop. I let him have $10 on it."

"What, ho! boss," exclaimed another man, entering the store and holding up a brass button. "Here's a relic for you. Shot from Gen. Hancock's coat during the—"

"Say, there," said a man looking through the doorway, "do you fellers want to see a relic of the late war, shot—"

"I've got one that'll beat it," said a man, stooping and fumbling in his vest pocket.

"Hole on dar," said a colored man. "Lem me show yer de boss curyasity. Bit's a button got off'n—"

"Oh, let up," exclaimed several voices, while the noise of buttons rolling on the floor was heard.

"Less look for that feller," said the first victim. "Why, bust my buttons, somebody must have drawn down on Hancock with a double-barrel shot-gun."

The party went out, and the only information learned of him was that he had just cut the buttons from an old army coat and started for the next town.

A Peach Tree With a History.

[From the Reidsville (N. C.) Times.]

A peach tree grows in our county, Rockingham, N. C., that sprang from the seed of a peach that the late Gen. Garland held in his hand when he was killed at Boonsboro. He was eating a peach when he was shot down, and Capt. Guerrant got the seed and planted it on his place in Rockingham. You know that Gen. Garland was greatly beloved by Pender's old brigade. He was walking with Col. Tom Ruffin at the time he was shot; they exposed themselves too near the Yankee sharpshooters and Garland fell in Ruffin's arms.

ALBERT G. MANN, of Cottage Home, Ill., says: I have been prostrated for three or more years with Kidney disease, at times I was not able to put on my boots, my wife has often pulled them on for me. I was not so bad as that all the time, but I never knew what it was to be without a pain in my back until I commenced using Hunt's Remedy. Since I commenced taking Hunt's remedy I have been free from all pain, and take pleasure in saying that it is the best medicine that I ever knew for kidney and liver diseases.

"SUNRISE on the Jersey coast," says a Long Branch visitor, "is now very beautiful. Just before dawn the sky is like granite and the sea is like ink, but at the first flush of light pink along the horizon the clouds become a dull gray, the far-off fishing smacks look like little beads, and the dark blue waters with green shades in their hollows break with melancholy monotony upon brightening sands. Presently the banks of clouds deepen into a rich damask Angostura, the white caps of the waves become like ice, the foam on the pale sand seems to be powdered sugar, and as the sun comes up out of the sea like a great slice of lemon, one fancies that this is nature's own invigorating, refreshing cocktail—at least he does in hay fever time."

HAMBURG



DROPS

THE GREAT GERMAN
BLOOD PURIFIER,
CURES DYSPEPSIA,

Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Bilious Attacks, Indigestion, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Heartburn, Depression of Spirits, Sores, Boils, Pimples, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Foul Breath, and all Diseases arising from Impure Blood.

The Hamburg Drops are recommended as being the best and cheapest Family Medicine ever offered, and are sold by Druggists and Dealers at 50 Cents a Bottle. Directions in Eleven Languages. Genuine bears the fac-simile signature, and private proprietary stamp of A. VOGELER & CO., BALTIMORE, MD., U.S.A.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Monday, August 23, 1880.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Star Liner Jo Kinney, for Missouri River, to-morrow evening.

THE Dora was in and out yesterday, and will leave again to-morrow.

THE Wyoming, Capt. Coulson, leaves for Missouri River to-morrow evening.

THE War Eagle, Capt. Thompson, for Keokuk and St. Paul at 4 this afternoon.

CAPT. DAN. GARIN backs out the Tidal Wave for St. Paul at noon to-morrow.

WM. FAGAN and Lloyd T. Belt left for New Orleans by the Jackson route last night.

THE Mary Morton, Capt. John Killeen, Charlie Mason clerk, leaves for St. Paul this afternoon.

THE John Wilson has been purchased by Capt. M. Kennison, for the Opelousas trade. Price, $16,500.

THE John A. Scudder leaves for New Orleans to-morrow evening. She is a fine boat for low as well as for high water.

CAPT. GEO. WOLFF, of the Cherokee, arrived yesterday morning from Cincinnati. The old man looks well. He is said to be the best tempered man on the river.

BULK grain shipped last week from St. Louis to New Orleans: Wheat, 253,334 bushels; corn, 156,975 bushels, leaving in the elevators 679,916 bushels wheat, 1,045,086 bushels corn.

THE Paris C. Brown left last evening at 5 o'clock with railroad iron for Arkopolis as well as for St. Louis and the Ohio River. She goes to St. Louis in the interest of the Anchor Line.

MEMPHIS AVALANCHE: Capt. J. Ed. Montgomery, of Helena, was an "excurt" on the John T. Moore to this city. It is more than likely that Capt. Montgomery will command the Moore during the season.

THE A. J. Baker has been useful below, helping the Norton and Oakland tows, which are reported all right. The Baker has arrived here, or is due, with a tow, including two of the fine new bulk grain barges for Commodore Lourey, the boss barge man of the West.

THE new towboat Silas P. Coe (the new Ike Hammitt) was launched from the Covington Ways yesterday afternoon. She will be completed in thirty days. She is named for Capt. Coe, of Middleport, Ohio, and an old and well known commander, one of the owners of the new towboat S. P. Coe.

AN officer of the packet J. M. Kerr states that the grain along the Illinois ready for shipment is enormous—at Glasgow alone 40,000 sacks; warehouses at Montezuma and all points below full to repletion. He ingeniously adds that the owners of the grain are probably holding on expecting another Irish famine, and consequent advance in prices.

NEW ORLEANS Times, 21: Capt. T. R. Smith, of the Parisot Line, brought down the E. C. Carroll, Jr., to have her placed in thorough repair; and that is what has been customary for the Parisot Line to do every few months, or at least as often as the boats need repairing. Hence the line should be well patronized by our citizens, as they pay cash for all they get done.

PITTSBURG, 21: The Baltic, with her tow of manufactures, will depart for St. Louis to-morrow. The C. W. Batchelor will resume her place in the Wheeling trade on Monday. Capt. Calhoon left for Cincinnati this evening to bring out the Katie Stockdale next Thursday for Pittsburg. Capt. Noll expects to have the Scotia ready to leave on her first trip for Cincinnati next Saturday.

THE Montana left on her first trip to New Orleans on Saturday evening, with 1,000 tons, and she looked, oh, so nice, with her long, low wheel whirring behind. There's more poetry in a loaded New Orleans steamer under way from St. Louis than Chauncey I. Filley ever dreamed of. Pilots, Bob Baldwin and Oscar Jolly. Although the river is low, this boat couldn't be loaded to touch the bottom in the channel.

THE capital stock of the St. Louis and New Orleans Barge Transportation Line will be $800,000 in a few days; New York capital, you know. Will it be possible to endure the introduction of Eastern capital upon Mississippi hulls? Perish the thought. The Mississippi Valley Transportation Company was at the top of the heap with its capital of half a million until these horrid New York men came to know that there is something in the Mississippi. What enemy of St. Louis told them about it? That is what we should like to know.

SINGULAR editorial remarks from yesterday's Republican: The Neglected Mississippi.—The tendency to underestimate, if not despise the value of the great water courses of the country exists right here in our midst. Strangely enough very few people even in St. Louis, much less anywhere else, have any adequate conception of the extent to which St. Louis has neglected and despised its river commerce. For 15 years we have been crazy about railways. The river trade has been utterly neglected. It has been given over to fogyism, and no bold, pushing enterprise has made trial of the opportunities offered by the river, etc., etc.

CINCINNATI Commercial yesterday: The Eldorado, Pittsburg and Granite State will resume their trips to St. Louis this week. The Eldorado has laid up, and the Potomac has taken her place to Pomeroy. The Paris C. Brown goes to St. Louis this trip in the Anchor Line. She takes 200 tons railroad iron from New Orleans for the Little Rock and Pine Bluff Railroad. Capt. Beck Jolly, a well known St. Louis and New Orleans pilot, is here from St. Louis on a visit to the old homestead. Capt. P. A. Charlet is here from New Orleans, accompanied by his family, and is at the St. James. His new Henry Tete will be named the Coaster, and will be launched from the Marine Ways this week and completed by the 1st of October.

AMUSEMENTS.

Uhrig's Cave.

"The Chimes of Normandy" will be given at Uhrig's Cave this evening by the Corelli-Laurent opera troupe. The cast will be the same as on Friday last, with the exception of Germaine, which will be taken by Mrs. Emma Metler Howard. "The Chimes" is to be repeated to-morrow evening, and on Wednesday Suppe's "Fatinitza" is announced. This is the last week of the season under Messrs. Collins and Short's management.

Schnaider's Garden.

At Schnaider's Garden to-morrow (Tuesday) evening the St. Louis Grand Orchestra, under the direction of Prof. L. Mayer, will give an unusually interesting concert intended for the entertainment of the Knights of Pythias and other visitors in the city. The programme has a trombone solo by Mr. J. Bauer, a clarionet solo by Mr. L. Brun and the following excellent orchestral selections; Mendelssohn's Ruy Blas, overture; Ritzinger's Alma March; Strauss' Blue Danube Waltz; potpourri of selections from Il Trovatore; A. Thomas' Raymond Overture; the Turkish Patrol; Von Suppe's new Boccaccio March; Weingarten's Rendezvous Polka, and J. Strauss' Par Force Galop.

Notes.

Tony Pastor's Excellent Variety Company opens the season at the Olympic Theater next Sunday evening.

The Camera Obscura, at the corner of Eleventh and Washington avenue, is still as great a novelty as ever. Every one should see this ingenious and artistic contrivance. The price of admission is only ten cents.

On Saturday evening next at Uhrig's Cave, Mr. Gustavus F. Hall will take a benefit. This will be the last night of the season. Mr. Hall is an artist of many years' standing in the profession, whose reputation is well known. During the summer, in addition to his graphic rendition of Gaspard, Mourzouk, the Doctor of Alcantera and the Quack in "The Elixir of Love," he has held the arduous position of stage manager. He has worked unceasingly for the benefit of the patrons of the garden. It is Mr. Hall's intention to locate permanently in St. Louis. This benefit has been arranged for him by his friends, and as it will also be the first night of the season he is sure of a good audience. Extra attractions will be provided for the occasion and the programme will be varied.

Joking in Sing Sing Jail.

[From the New York Times.]

An amusing practical joke was perpetrated in Sing Sing Prison a few days ago. The head book-keeper in the office of the Bay State Shoe and Leather Contract being about to leave, Mr. Penn Watson, one of the Superintendents, made application to Principal Keeper Bowes to have H. B. Branscom, the forger, recently convicted in this city, placed on the contract, so that he might take the book-keeper's place. He urged the principal keeper to promise that he should have him when he arrived, but that official would not do so, saying he wished to know something of the man before he was placed on any contract. These solicitations were, however, kept up by Mr. Watson for several days before Branscom arrived. When he finally came to the prison Mr. Bowes was surprised to see that he had lost his right arm; but remembering Mr. Watson's eagerness to get him for a book-keeper, he at once sent him to that gentleman's office. Mr. Watson was no less surprised than Mr. Bowes when he saw the condition of his expected bookkeeper, and immediately sent to the principal keeper's office a request for the rest of Convict Branscom. The keeper replied that he had sent already as much of him as Judge Gildersleeve had yet forwarded, and to that much he was welcome. At the prison there is a convict who is something of an artist, and in his leisure hours he makes plants, flowers, etc., out of dough. He learned in some way of the above transaction, and in a short time had made, out of dough, an arm with hand, fingers, and finger-nails, so well executed that at first look it was hard to believe that it was not flesh and bone. This was placed in Keeper Bowes's office "with the compliments of Judge Gildersleeve," as the missing arm of Branscom. The keeper appreciated the joke at once, and had it forthwith taken to Mr. Watson's office "hoping that gentleman would now acknowledge that he had the whole of Branscom."

The Greatest in the World.

Without a question Buffalo, N. Y., can boast of the largest and most complete private Sanitarium in the world. The Invalids' Hotel was founded by Dr. R. V. Pierce, who has represented his district as State Senator, and in Congress, and is known throughout the United States as the originator of Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines, and who has also became widely celebrated in the treatment of chronic diseases. The erection of this mammoth home for invalids was made necessary by the large number of afflicted who flocked to Buffalo from all parts of the United States to consult Dr. Pierce and the eminent medical gentlemen associated with him as the faculty of this celebrated institution. The establishment is said to have cost nearly a half million of dollars, and it is furnished with every appliance and facility for the care of chronic ailments. A correspondingly large branch institution is located in London, England. The whole concern is owned and operated by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of which the original Dr. Pierce is President—his brother, an uncle, and other eminent medical gentlemen taking part in the treatment of cases. In treating cases they are not at all confined to the narrow limits of prescribing the justly celebrated remedies, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Pleasant Purgative Pellets, or any other set remedies, however good, but have resort to the whole range of the Materia Medica, as well as to Turkish and other baths, Swedish movements and other approved remedies and methods of cure.

Preferring Party to Pulpit.

[Baltimore Letter to New York Sun.]

The Rev. Uriel Graves, who became somewhat prominent in this city last year through his stump speeches in behalf of the Greenback party, has resigned the pastorate of St. John's English Evangelical Independent Lutherian Church, which he founded about six years ago, at the request of a large body of his congregation, whose action was taken in consequence of it becoming known that their pastor intended to take the stump for the Greenback party this fall. Six years ago Mr. Graves was pastor of the Third Evangelical Lutheran Church in Monument street, and had a large and affluent congregation. Gradually, however, many of the members of the church began to think that their pastor was disseminating views from the pulpit which did not accord with the ritual prescribed by the Synod. At last the subject was brought before the Synod, and it was then that the Rev. Mr. Graves resigned his membership of that body, and with some two or three hundred members of the Third Church left that church and started the independent movement. The new church filled up rapidly, and is now one of the wealthiest congregations in the city. Very soon after the split Mr. Graves established a synod of his own over which he has been Presiding Elder at several sessions. He became very popular, and besides preaching his regular sermons in his church, he frequently lectured and spoke in meetings at public halls. About two years ago he became interested in the Greenback-Labor movement, and spoke several times at Druid Hill and Patterson Parks last summer. He was remonstrated with, but remained firm in his views, until a few weeks ago he informed his congregation that he would preach to them for the last time last Sunday. All of the congregation were not present to hear his farewell sermon, a number of them having gone back to the old Third Church in Monument street.

Showman Barnum's Home.

[From the New York Sun.]

The home residence of P. T. Barnum, the showman, is in Bridgeport, Conn. He lives in a fine mansion which faces Seaside Park. His married children occupy handsome houses near by. From a staff over Mr. Barnum's house the American flag floats the year round. He has three agents resident in Bridgeport, who attend to his varied interests, real and personal, in that city. When Mr. Barnum is at home and ready to attend to affairs himself, he hoists with the Stars and Stripes a big burgee, bearing his name. This is visible from many neighboring points, and is a great convenience to those desiring to meet him personally. They know that when the flag alone is up he is away from home, or there privately only; when the big burgee is aloft P. T. receives all who call.

A Cruel Hoax.

[From the New York Sun, 21st.]

A morning newspaper published a letter purporting to be from a man who promised to kill himself in Central Park at 3 o'clock that afternoon. He wrote that he would shoot himself on the large rock on the bank of the lake opposite to the Mall. At 3 o'clock yesterday there was an unusual gathering about the Mall and in the rambles. Sergeant England says that he counted seventeen newspaper reporters. There were extra details of police on hand, and great many persons who claimed to have wandered there by accident. When the reporter stepped out on the rock a thrill of horror ran through the crowd and some persons put their fingers to their ears and turned away. At about 4 o'clock a spectator remarked that it was probable that the man who wrote the letter was in the crowd enjoying the scene and every one went away.

Well and Strong Again.

[From the Buffalo (N. Y.) Aurora.]

Mrs. O. Wieckmann, wife of the proprietor of this paper, says: I can recommend Hamburg Drops most highly. I had suffered for six years with Salt Rheum in the face, and tried all known remedies to effect a cure. Now, after having taken the Hambung Drops, the redness and itching have entirely disappeared, and I am well and strong again.

One of Mr. Currie's Friends.

[From the Charleston News and Courier.]

Jack Ince had just fitted up his saloon at Arhana, Texas, with a fine black walnut bar. Tom Daly, a desperado, took a drink at the new counter and began to carve his initials with a bowie-knife on its polished surface. Ince protested without avail, and then commanded Daly to stop. "I'm going to cut this bar or you, and I don't care which," was the retort. "You won't do either," said Ince, and shot the bully dead.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

William Wallace killed Roxy King in a quarrel about a woman, at Des Moines, Iowa.

Henry Stock was killed in his store at Kansas City last night by Wm. and Robert Vanbultz.

One thousand six hundred and ninety-six persons continue under police supervision in Russia.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Farley, of Lowell, O., are charged with the murder of their two children.

An election riot at Coffeeville, Miss., Saturday, ended in the shooting of one negro and two white men.

Jim Thorp, a brakeman of the Fort Scott Road, shot and killed Alfred Perry, a colored butcher, in Kansas City yesterday.

Wesley Jones killed Thomas Smith and dangerously shot W. M. Baker, a saloon keeper, at Burlingame, Kansas, last night.

Yesterday George Cummings, baggage master of the Kansas City, St. Joe and Council Bluffs Railroad, was arrested on a charge of robbery.

Robbers boarded a Third avenue street car in the Bowery, New York, early yesterday morning, and despoiled the passengers of their watches and money.

Mr. Hope, the American Consul-General, has demanded of the Porte that the murderers of the Rev. Mr. Parsons be brought to Pera for trial immediately.

The Vatican instructions to the Belgian clergy are to raise the standard of their schools and to open new ones to compete with those of the Government.

The man driven into the Ohio and drowned for stealing grapes, near Pittsburg, has been recognized as Robert Bryson, of Harrisburgh. His father is a very wealthy iron manufacturer.

STEAMBOATS.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and Way Landings.

Str. JOHN A. SCUDDER............Carter, Master, Leaves TUESDAY, Aug. 24, at 5 p. m.
Str. W. P. HALLIDAY.............Gould, Master, Leaves THURSDAY, August 26, at 5 p. m.
Str. BELLE OF SHREVEPORT.....Coghill, Master, Leaves SATURDAY, August 28, 5 p. m.,
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat, foot of Market street.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. Ft. Agt.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.

For Judge's Landing, Hasting's, Cap-au-Gris, Mozier's, Clarksville and way landings,
Steamer DORA,
A. LAMONT..... ....Master.
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m. from foot of Cherry st.

Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company

For Burlington, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.
Str. TIDAL WAVE.....................Garin, Master, Leaves TUESDAY, Aug. 24, at 12 m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk, connecting at Keokuk with steamer Alex Kendall for all points on the Upper Mississippi.
Str. WAR EAGLE................Thompson, Master, Leaves THIS DAY, Aug 23, at 4 p. m.
Round trip excursion tickets to all Northern pleasure resorts; privilege returning by river, rail or lake, or all combined.
Through tickets, via river and rail, to St. Joseph, Oskaloosa, San Francisco, Sedalia, Milwaukee and any and all points, at low rates. Call for Guide Book, and general information at Ticket Office, 114 N. Fourth street.
W. F. DAVIDSON, President.

DIAMOND JO. LINE.

For Quincy, Keokuk, Rock Island, Dubuque, La Crosse, St. Paul and Minneapolis,
Str. MARY MORTON.......John Killeen, Master.
Leaves MONDAY, August 23, at 4 p. m., from Diamond Jo Line Wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue.
T. J. BUFORD, Agent.

KOUNTZ LINE—GRAND TOWER PACKET
Str. GENERAL D. H. RUCKER,
George D. Moore..........................Master,
Leaves St. Louis from Kountz Line Wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m.
JOHN W. KING, Agent

MISSOURI RIVER.

Kansas City Packet Company—Star Line:
For Augusta, Washington, Hermann and Way Landings,
Str. MATTIE BELLE...................Ball, Master, Leaves every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 p. m.

For Rocheport, Arrow Rock, and Glasgow.
Str. JO. KINNEY..............Cartwright, Master, Leaves every Tuesday at 5 p. m.

For Miami, Waverly, Kansas City and Way Landings.
Leaves ——— ———, ——— ———, at 5 p. m. From wharfboat, foot Olive st.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agt.

Independent Big 3 Line.
For Miami, MaltaBend, Waverly and all Way Landings.
Str. WYOMING..........W. W. Coulson, Master. Leaves TUESDAY, 24, at 5 p. m.
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The St. Louis, Cairo and Paducah Packet Co.'s Str.
FANNIE TATUM.
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Leaves St. Louis every Saturday at 4 p. m. for Cairo, Paducah and all way landings.
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ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY,

UNDER THE CHARGE OF THE

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REV. JOSEPH E. KELLER, S. J., President.

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ANDREW F. BROWN & CO.,
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SALE AND LIVERY STABLE,

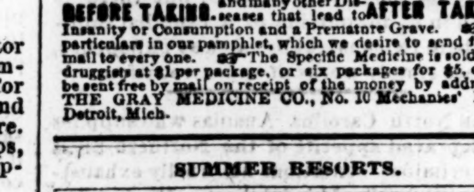
105 S. Eleventh, Cor. Walnut.

We have just received a large supply of undertaking materials, and are now prepared to deal with our friends on as liberal terms as any other firm in the city, and would be pleased to have you call and investigate. Funerals and party orders promptly attended to.

105 S. ELEVENTH STREET.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. TRADE MARK



BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SWEET SPRINGS HOTEL.

(Saline County, Mo.)

Opens June 5. Pure Air, Good Drainage, Variety of Mineral Waters for Drinking and Bathing. Send for pamphlets to
F. O. IVES, Manager.

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ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce st., N. Y. Send for a circular.

FREE OF CHARGE!

All "Wants," "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," etc., etc., not exceeding four lines, and not of a business character, will be inserted Free of Charge.

PERSONAL.

1000 Bill Heads, $1; business cards $1 per 1,000. Tanner & Bro., 414 N. Third st.

A. B. PEARSON & CO., Manufacturers of Scales and Beams, 409 and 411 Morgan. Pearson's Patent

ALL Cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 808 Locust street.

BODEMANN'S GROVE, Arsenal street and Grand avenue, is the coolest family resort in the suburbs. Good boats on hand. The finest beer on draft always.

CHEAPEST place for paints, brushes, varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin avenue.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 802 Locust street.

FIRE PLACE HEATERS and hard coal base burners, all styles and prices. DANA & CO., 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller of the West, 921 North Seventh street, side entrance.

PERSONAL—Finis—10 a. m. Tuesday—Finis!

PERSONAL—Calf shoes $8 50, to measure, at Jno. Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street.

THREE young ladies who met gent on Seventh, near Cerre, Sunday eve, will please be at same place Wednesday, 8 p. m. Something of importance.

UMBRELLAS and Parasols neatly repaired and covered at 920 Washington avenue. Charges moderate.

FOR RENT.

410 MYRTLE STREET—Finely furnished rooms for gentlemen and their wives; also rooms for single gents, $1 25 and $1 50 per week, with bath; neighborhood first-class; one block south of Southern Hotel.

716 BROADWAY—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for rent.

836 S. EIGHTH ST.—Neatly furnished room with or without board for two gents or lady and gent; cool and pleasant, with bath; quiet neighborhood.

926 N. THIRTEENTH—For rent, one front furnished room suitable for one or two gentlemen.

932 NORTH SIXTH STREET—One furnished and one unfurnished room, with or without board.

962 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; board if desired.

1006 PINE ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms on second floor.

1116 S. THIRTEENTH ST.—Neatly furnished room, southern exposure, in private family.

1124 OLIVE ST.—Large 2d-story front room, with board, and other room and day boarders wanted.

1125 N. TWENTY FIFTH ST.—Nice furn'ed rooms, very cheap.

1211 WASHINGTON AVE.—Furnished rooms by the day, week or month; convenient board.

1420 MORGAN—A large front room, southern exposure, furnished, with board, for gents.

1501 PINE ST.—Entrance on Fifteenth street—Elegantly furnished parlor bed-room, with gas, bath. Terms reasonable.

1507 PINE ST.—Cool and pleasant rooms, fur. or unfur.; south exp.; gas and bath; rent low.

1510 CHESTNUT ST.—First floor for rent.

1522 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms; choice location; comforts of a nice home guaranteed; strictly private family.

1602 Olive street, handsomely furnished second-story room; southern exposure.

1706 PINE—Nicely furnished front parlor; also two rooms on second floor.

1808 OLIVE ST.—Nice furnished and unfurnished rooms, with or without board; so. ex., mod. con.

1825 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, southern exposure, suitable for families or single gents with board.

1827 Olive street—Suite of rooms on third floor, southern exposure; also very desirable rooms for gents—with board.

1952 CASS AVE.—Two furnished rooms and kitchen, completely furnished for housekeeping, second floor, all conveniences.

3023 GLASGOW PLACE—Nicely furnished front and back room, 2d and 3d story front, with board, southern exposure; large yard.

2319 Olive street, one nicely furnished room for a gentleman, gas and bath.

A NICELY furnished room for two gents, in a select part of the city. Not above Eighteenth street. Address G. M., this office.

DELIGHTFUL, large front room, with good board, in private family, on Garrison avenue, near Easton; good place for a physician. Address H. W. 2, this office.

FOR RENT—1916 Morgan—3 or 4 neatly furnished rooms for sleeping or housekeeping; everything furnished.

FOR RENT—Two-story front or back rooms with or without board. 2009 Olive street.

FOR RENT—No. 1120 North Market street, eight rooms, hall, bath and gas. Apply at 1127 Monroe street.

FOR RENT—No. 1309 Chestnut street, nicely furnished front room, southern exposure, with bath, at $10 per month.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, southern exposure. Apply 3030 Thomas street.

FURNISHED room for gentlemen. Inquire at 615 S. Fourth street.

FOR RENT—Suite of three rooms second story, 2013 Chestnut. Bath and gas.

FURNISHED rooms for rent. Only for gentlemen; 1030 Franklin avenue.

FOR RENT—2727 Thomas street, three pleasant rooms with water, up stairs.

FURNISHED room with partial board by a lady, in vicinity of Lafayette Park; terms reasonable. Address M. S. No. 9, this office.

FOR RENT.—Two or three furnished rooms, with board, in private family; very pleasant location near Carondelet; terms reasonable. Address K., Carondelet.

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent with bath; 224 South Twelfth street, opposite Park.

FURNISHED room for single gentleman within 10 squares of P. O. wanted. Address S. S., this office.

FOR RENT.—Rooms.—One unfurnished room, with board to gent, and wife or two gents in a private family. Reference exchanged. Address H. 19, this office.

FOR RENT—Grocery store, shelving and two rooms; enquire on premises, Picotte and Jackson sts.

FOR RENT.—A nicely furnished front room, southern exposure. Terms moderate. Call or address 2009 Olive street.

FOR RENT—2d-story front room at No. 7 South Fourteenth street.

HOUSE—One story and mansard roof; 6 rooms just finished; cor. Keokuk street and Ohio avenue.

NICE furnished front room for rent on Mills st., without board. C. B. 126, this office.

TWO young gents can have large 3d-story room in private family, 3 squares from cars, with b. t. and Sunday dinner for $36 per month, on Dayton st., bet. 27th and 28th. Mrs. A., this office.

TWO desirable new brick houses, six rooms and attic, large front and back yards, three squares west of Grand avenue on Vandeventer, between Cook and Finney avenues. Rent low.

PROFESSIONAL.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 728 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

FOR SALE.

A LADY has two pianos will sell one as she has no use for it; not for dealers. Apply at 704 Chouteau ave.

FOR SALE—Velocipede, good as new, suitable for boy of 8 years; price $3. Allie Cole, 2616 Salomon ave., city.

FOR SALE.—$5 will buy a serviceable old horse; apply at 2727 Laclede ave.

FOR sale cheap, horse, harness and 3-spring covered wagon; also hawker's licence for three days. Apply to John M. Sullivan, opposite Market-house, East St. Louis.

FOR SALE—Hydrometer, for sulphuric or muriatic acid or any fluid weightier than water, with glass tank. Cost $5; will be sold for $2 50. Carbon, this office.

FOR SALE, on account of sickness, a barber shop doing a good business; apply 2212 Cherokee street.

FIRST-CLASS grocery stand and established family trade for sale; must go away. Address D. A., this office.

LETTER Press 9½x12½, good as new, with bowl and brush, for sale cheap. L. P., this office.

WILL sell out cheap the contents of two rooms and kitchen for light house-keeping; all new; leaving the city. Apply at 2202 Scott avenue.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

A YOUTH of eighteen would like to join some good dramatic society; will work hard for its success. Address Member, this office.

A YOUNG Irishman 19½ years old, willing to work, would wish to learn a trade. Address L., this office.

A YOUNG man eighteen years of age wishes a good situation in some wholesale commercial house. Writes a good hand and quick at figures. Address C. H. C. 75, this office.

A FIRST-CLASS flour packer, would not mind going in the country. Address Wm. H. H., Post-Dispatch office.

A YOUNG man, recently from the old country, wishes a situation as assistant clerk or porter in a wholesale warehouse. Reference if required. J. E., this office.

A FIRST-CLASS cigar traveler desires an engagement. Speaks German. Address H. R., this office.

A GENTLEMEN of 20 years' experience in school teaching in Illinois wishes a school to teach. Address Experience, this office.

A YOUNG man, who is a good penman, good accountant and good marker, can furnish good reference, wants employment in wholesale or retail house. Address F. X., this office.

A YOUNG man 25 years of age, well educated, and who writes an A1 hand, desires a situation in an office; two years' experience in law office; references furnished. J. F., Post-Dispatch.

AN experienced bundle wrapper wants position in retail dry goods house; can furnish good city references, and work for moderate salary. Address Dry Goods, this office.

A YOUNG man of good education and several years' experience in first-class choirs desires a position as bass singer in an opera chorus. Address Frank Beaumont, this office.

BY man, wife and child, 4 years old, a situation in a private family; the man to make himself generally useful, the woman to cook, wash and iron; country preferred; address C. B. D., this office.

BOY of good habits wants a situation in an office or press room. Address D. Moya, Seventh and Gate streets, city.

BY a young man, a situation to take care of a horse and cow, or as assistant to a gardener. Address Honest, this office.

BOY of sixteen, willing to work, wants a situation with a merchant or in an office. Best of city references. S. H., this office.

BY a young man of 20 a position as clerk or book-keeper; has had 18 months' experience. Add. E. A. J., this office.

BOOT and shoe salesman with good trade in Kansas desires a position with some good house. J. E. F., this office.

BY a young man of twenty-one, a steady situation. Writes a good hand; fair at figures. Good references. Please address J. H. D., this office.

BY a competent book-keeper a position in some good house; no objection leaving city; best references. Address Scribe, this office.

BY a competent book-keeper, a set of books to write up evenings. G. 23, this office.

CIVIL engineer wants employment on railroad survey, to run transit or level. Address C. E., 21, this office.

COMPETENT book-keeper, who speaks German, would work for small compensation. Address Book-keeper, this office.

DRUG CLERK wants a situation; 6 years; first-class ref.; English and German. Address C. O., this office.

EMPLOYMENT by a man of business experience and ability; will engage for very low wages; good city references. Address Gordon, this office.

ENGINEER desires a situation either in city or country; is also a machinist capable of doing all repairing to engine or other machinery. Best of references. Address J. Taylor, this office.

EMPLOYMENT wanted by a middle-aged man, with best reference, as night or private watchman; address H., this office.

EMPLOYMENT wanted by a civil engineer on a railroad survey, to run transit or level; address C. E. 21, this office.

GENTLEMAN possessing business qualifications of a high order, an experienced accountant and cashier, is now open for an engagement; satisfactory references furnished; address Mac, this office.

HONEST and sober German young man wishes a situation as private driver or porter. Address H. P. L., at this office.

STRONG man wants to learn a trade; would prefer the carpenter's; has some experience, and can drive a horse if required. Address M. H., Post-Dispatch.

SITUATION wanted by a man competent to take charge of a boarding railroad train; address W. B., this office.

SITUATION by good bar-tender or grocery clerk; good reference. Address J. K., this office.

SITUATION as traveling salesman for grocery house; route preferred, S. W. Mo. and N. W. Ark.; ref. given. Address S. A., Marshfield, Mo., Box 167.

SITUATION as coachman and gardener; strictly temperate and a first-class man. Address M. H., this office.

SITUATION by a young man who is a first-class bar-keeper; can give good reference. Address W. P. M., this office.

SITUATION by an active, energetic business man as traveling salesman for groceries; can command first-class trade in Arkansas and Northern Texas. Address R., this office.

SITUATION in a first-class drug store by a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Five years' experience and the best of reference. Address G. F. S., this office.

SITUATION by boy of about 16 in a printing office; has some experience at news work. Address H. 16, this office.

SITUATION by florist who understands greenhouse and to raise market stuff. Address Florist, this office.

SITUATION by young man in some wholesale or retail house; writes fair hand. Address C. E. M., this office.

SITUATION by experienced young man in a grocery or saloon; very best city reference. Address W. T., this office.

SITUATION by young man in any honorable business; experience in restaurant. Address A. 10, this office.

SITUATION by young man as collector or office work; can give best of reference and good penman. Address J. V., this office.

SITUATION by a stogie cigar-maker. Address P. C., this office.

SITUATION by a boy 14 years of age, willing to do anything but stable work, for $3 a week. Address F. H., this office.

SITUATION by a boy 17 years of age; speaks English and German fluently, writes fair hand and can furnish good references. Address B. W., care this office.

SITUATION—As driver and to do housework, city or country, by a good man and lady, German, who are able and willing to work. Address C. T., 822 North Eighth street.

SITUATION wanted by a trustworthy man, who can give real estate security of his own, as clerk, collector, porter, driver, etc.; willing to work at anything; small salary. Fred. B., this office.

SITUATION wanted by a young Englishman to work in a store; not afraid of work; E. C., this office.

SITUATION—By a competent business man, either in the city or on the road. Good local and other references. Address "S.," this office.

WANTED—Situation in a law office by a young man who is a No. 1 penman, also a stenographer. Two years' experience. Wages very moderate. Address Law, Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Situation in a store by a boy of 16 reference given. Address S. C., this office.

WANTED—Work as light porter; can read and write well and is temperate, or to drive a team; understands the care of horses thoroughly. Address M. H., this office.

WANTED—Situation by a young man in a wholesale house; speaks English and German fluently; writes fair hand; wages no object; good references. Address E. W. B., this office.

WANTED—Drugs—Position to take charge of store or first clerkship; experience in transient as well as domestic prescriptions. Also something of interest to owner whose business has run down and wishes to move store to better locality in city. Address Drugs, 105 Adolph street.

WANTED—Position as collector by a young man who speaks both German and English. Can give both bond and reference. Address H. B. M., this office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A boy, white or colored, to attend horse and buggy and be generally useful about house. 2206 Gamble avenue, second street south of Clark avenue.

IMMEDIATELY, 100 waiters. Apply to head waiter Lindell Hotel.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A steady, reliable woman to cook, wash and iron for a family of three grown persons. Apply on Tuesday morning at 3301 Morgan st.

WANTED—Talented ladies and gentlemen for a Variety Company. Answer, giving address and line of business, Manager, this office.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$250 WILL purchase forty acres fine timber land three miles from McLeansboro, Ill., near railroad; first-class and title perfect. A. 76, this office.

TWO well improved farms of 80 acres each, in Illinois, in exchange for stock of general merchandise. Exchange, this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

A GIRL, recently from Ireland, wishes a situation in a private family to wash and iron and do general housework. Address M. J., P.-D.

A YOUNG lady teacher of French, piano and English wishes scholars; also a situation as preceptress in a private family. Address Miss F. du B., this office.

A YOUNG lady desires pupils in music at low rates. Address K. W., this office.

A LADY who has thorough experience wishes situation to superintend in hotel. Address L., this office.

IMMEDIATELY by a young lady, honorable position in office or store. No. 8, this office.

LADY of experience wishes to take an agency of an honorable and well paying business. C. B. 126, this office.

PLAIN sewing by a good seamstress, 1911 N. Tenth street.

SITUATION by a respectable young lady; will do light house work, and is also a first-class seamstress, in a small family where she will not be considered a servant, and can have occasional use of the parlor. Best of references. Address F. G., this office.

SITUATION wanted in private family by competent young lady to do sewing. Address C. A. Howard, Belleslade ave, West St. Louis.

WANTED—A position by a young lady to take charge of children and teach them the common school branches, or to give lessons in Latin, algebra or arithmetic. Reference given. Address G. L., this office.

WANTED—Washing to take home by a person of experience and who will work for reasonable pay. Address Mrs. Ellen Fansion, City post-office.

YOUNG lady thoroughly competent desires pupils in English branches and in music. Apply at 3034 Franklin ave.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A GENTLEMAN wishes a room with partial board in a strictly private family east of Eighteenth street. Address B. L. J., this office.

A GENTLEMAN desires a single furnished room in private family where the comforts of a home can be had. Please state terms and address Blackford, this office.

FURNISHED room wanted by an artist in return for lessons in portrait and landscape painting; address A3, this office.

GENTLEMAN wishes a small room with breakfast in private family. Address C. H., this office.

PARTLY furnished house, 12 or more rooms. Would board owner. Location must be good. Address F. House, this office.

ROOM and board for lady in private family, bet. Twenty-sixth and Thirtieth, Franklin and Olive street; reference given. M. K., this office.

WANTED—Small furnished room by a gentleman who would give lessons in English, German, French or Spanish languages, in exchange or part payment. Address H. R., this office.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

AN 8 or 10 room house wanted, furnished or partly furnished, with privilege of buying furniture if suited. House to be in first-class order, locality between Dayton and Chestnut, Jefferson and Compton avenues. Address for four days, Miss N., West St. Louis.

AN eight-room house with stable wanted; state location and price per month. Address H. C., this office.

BY a steady tenant, a 2-story 7 or 8-room house in first-class condition (with front or side yard), located bet. Eugenia st. and Washington ave., 20th and 30th sts; address Minister, this office.

HOUSE with 12 or 14 rooms; location must be good and terms reasonable. Address Bixby, this office.

WANTED—BOARD.

BY a respectable mechanic, a nicely furnished room, with full or partial board, in quiet, private family, ten or fifteen minutes' walk from Summit and Chouteau aves; permanent if suited; address, stating terms, Metz, this office.

BOARD wanted for lady and child in private family, country or suburbs; state price. B., this office.

GOOD board and room wanted with a German family. References exchanged. Address "Martel," this office.

LADY on daily newspaper staff will pay $20 per month for room with closet and two meals daily. Address F. M., this office.

WANTS BOARDING—An experienced teacher of music wishes to get board or room, or both, in exchange for lessons. Address X. B., this office.

WANTED—Single or suite of fur. rooms, with or without board, by gent and wife. Address B. B. B., this office.

YOUNG man desires a furnished room within six or seven blocks of the Court-house. Rent must be low, and bed-bugs strangers. Address J. P., this office.

BOARDING.

1526 PAPIN ST.—One or two handsomely furnished rooms with board; private family; reference required.

1831 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board. Reference.

A RELIABLE lady would like several respectable mechanics to board. Address Mrs. F. B., this office.

A PARTY loaning $50 may secure a room with board in a first-class house at $4 per week. Address R., 2835 P. O. box.

ELDERLY GENT advancing $60, can secure a first-class home in a private family for $4 per week. Answer to-day. H. W., this office.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

A YOUNG lady, a first-class teacher of voice and piano, wants a good home in a private family, where she might give lessons as part payment. Address F. 39, this office.

GOOD horse and delivery wagon wanted; must be cheap for cash. Address Horse and Wagon, this office.

HAULING and delivery wanted by a young man who can furnish horse and spring wagon. Inquire at this office.

HORSE and buggy for light use for a few months for his keep, by responsible party: best care taken. Address D. A. N., this office.

THE address of some officer or private wanted who was in Company E, 56th Regiment (colored), Mo. Address Johnson, this office.

WANTED—A good single harness; must be cheap. Mack, this office.

WANTED—Horse and spring wagon. Address S., this office.

WANTED—To buy one very small mare pony—Shetland—perfectly gentle to work or ride. Ad. Bank of Keytesville, Keytesville, Mo.

WANTED—To join a party on a prospecting tour through New Mexico and Arizona. Would give services for expenses. First-class references furnished. Address Bonanza.

WOULD LIKE TO BUY Second-hand Household Goods for two rooms and kitchen, suitable for light housekeeping. Address Earnest, this office.

WANTED—To take care of furnished rooms or offices. Address B. 2.

WANTED—2d-hand delivery wagon; state price. Address W. T., this office.

WANTED—To buy the team, hauling and good will of a good business house; H. G., this office.

WANTED—To purchase an enclosed bedstead. Address Mrs. H., this office, stating price and where to be seen.

WANTED—To buy, a horse and spring wagon. Address G. T., this office.

COUNTRY BOARDING.

BOARD AT KIRKWOOD.—One or two families can be accommodated. Two large furnished rooms, convenient to the depot. Address Mrs. M. A. Belt, Kirkwood, Mo.

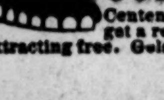
FAMILIES and others desiring to spend a few days' weeks or months in a beautiful and healthy country town twenty-three miles from city can be accommodated at Bishop House, Lebanon, Ills. Rates very low.

BOOKS.

F. ARCHER HAS REMOVED HIS LARGE STOCK of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street.

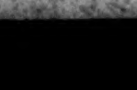
AMERICAN Cyclopædia, last ed., sheep, $85. Chambers do, London ed., $28 50. Guizot's France, $25. (Wanted—Standard books for cash.) Dan. Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

ALL SORTS.



IF you have a lot and desire a house built thereon, to be paid for in monthly installments, apply to the St. Louis Mutual House Building Company. Office 513 Walnut st.

THE best imperishable mixed paints, brushes, varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin avenue.



804 WASHINGTON AVE.
Centennial Dental Rooms is the place to get a reliable set of teeth for $7, and extracting free. Gold fillings, $1 50.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

Specimen numbers sent free on application.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

This paper may be found on file at George P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

Postmasters and agents may retain ten per cent of all subscriptions at above rates.

Correspondence and news are always desired, but letters must be brief and must have the genuine name of the author to be considered.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed,

POST-DISPATCH,
111 North Fifth Street.

"All Advertisements Required by Law."

* * "We do hereby, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, award the publication of ALL ADVERTISEMENTS, judicial notices and orders of publication REQUIRED BY LAW to be made to said Dispatch Publishing Company, publishers of the POST-DISPATCH.

"Witness our hands this 8th day of November, A. D. 1879.

'ELMER B. ADAMS, WILBUR F. BOYLE,
"JOHN WICKHAM, JAMES J. LINDLEY,
"AMOS M. THAYER,
"Judges Circuit Court City of St. Louis."

☞ The binding force of this law and award was affirmed by the Supreme Court of Missouri in a UNANIMOUS decision.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

UHRIG'S CAVE—Chimes of Normandy.

BEN BUTLER having announced himself a Democrat this year, Mr. Roscoe Conkling is being urged to make known his political preferences.

IT would really be some satisfaction to know whether Marshal Bazaine is dead or alive. We have no particular interest one way or the other, but we want the record kept straight.

THE *G.-D* supplements its attack on the Board of Health with an attack on the Clearing-house. It is by this sort of thing that the St. Louis press is chiefly distinguished from the press of Chicago.

COL. VAN HORN, whose heart was broken when Grant was sacrificed at Chicago, will not accept the Republican nomination for Governor, but if delicately urged he would make the race for Congress in the Eighth District.

MR. HAYES starts on Thursday for California. There are two States, several Territories and two million of people on the Pacific coast, and the golden soil has never been trodden by a Chief Magistrate of the Republic. The same will probably be said after Hayes' visit.

AN effort is being made to induce Mr. Hayes to stop over in St. Louis a day or two this week. We will be too busy entertaining the Knights of Pythias to pay attention to him, but a visit might convince him that his census-takers have perpetrated a terrible outrage upon us. That would be worth something.

MR. WHITE, our Minister to Berlin, threatens to resign and come home. His stomach has given out. As it is digestion, and not brains, that we require in our diplomatic service, we would suggest sending Dr. Tanner to the German court as soon as his new teeth are in perfect working order.

IT is highly important that the bitterest memories of the war should be kept in a bubbling state just now. A national convention of the ex-Union prisoners of the war is to be held at Indianapolis on the 29th of September. The survivors are expected to compare tales of suffering and wrong and then whet their knives for the throat of Gen. Hancock.

CHIEF OURAY, of the Utes is dangerously ill at a remote point in the Colorado mountains. If he dies the Utes will probably refuse to sign the treaty now being offered them. The effect of this would be that the Government would have the pleasure of killing off the Utes a year or two sooner than if the compact was carried out. That's all.

AFTER all the bluster it is extremely doubtful whether there will be a war between China and Russia. Chung How, the Celestial Embassador who assisted the swindle known as the Kuldja treaty, has been released by the Chinese authorities and a better understanding is growing up between the powers. The Russians are in better condition financially for bluffing than they are for fighting.

THE Chicago people compute that, including railroad fares, the Templar demonstration cost the entire multitude who participated in it the pleasant sum of $10,225,000. This is a good deal of money for four days' starving and broiling in bad-smelling Chicago. The knowledge that twenty-five per cent of it was a clear steal on the part of the hotels and other common carriers and uncommon gougers of Chicago must add poignancy to the suffering of the "multitude" about this time.

IT would add something to the humor of the campaign here in Missouri if the Republicans would undertake to demonstrate that they were not completely annihilated in the last campaign. If Mr. Filley has picked out a victim for the head of his State ticket it would be well for him to commence a gentle advertising of him. It does not seem to have occurred to anybody yet that Col. Crittenden would like to have an opponent.

WADE HAMPTON having denied the report started by a little carpet-bag Republican paper at Staunton, Virginia, that he declared in his recent speech there that "the principles represented by Gen. Hancock are the same as those fought for by Lee and Jackson," he is now asked if he repudiates and abjures the principles for which Lee and Jackson fought. We do not remember to have seen in the controversial politics of our glorious country such a powerful point.

THERE is too much in the electric light to warrant its abandonment. Mr. Edison, who was expected to do wonderful things in the way of preparing it for domestic and practical use, seems to have given up the fight entirely, and the holder of gas stock smiles and waxes fat. The attempt to light the great hall of the Chamber of Commerce in this city with the subtle current has been anything but a success and quite a number of institutions in the country that introduced the new illuminator have been forced to give it up. It is fair to assume, however, that hundreds of earnest experiments are being made by scientific men who make no noise, and that one of these days the Edisonian dream will be realized.

SAD REVELATIONS.

Shocking as it may seem, the Democratic party of St. Louis doesn't enjoy a monopoly of alleged "Dark-Lanternism." According to the good Dr. Preetorius, the editor of the most widely circulated and influential German organ in the West, there is a clique inside the Republican party in this city guilty of crimes and offenses beside which the bad Democrats who recently offended the sensitive Mr. Gundeker are innocent schoolboys. We publish to-day some extracts from the *Westliche Post* touching the cold-blooded plotting, rowdyism and fraud connected with the ward meetings held last Saturday night to choose a Central Committee for the Republican party of this city. The Filley-Rosenblatt ring, which dictates nominations and runs the machine here, is accused of packing these meetings and securing the committee in their interest in a most reprehensible way. Dr. Preetorius is disgusted. He asserts that the "old wire-pullers" have virtually stolen control from the masses in this city and that the party is in a bad way. In the Twenty-eighth Ward, the delegates in one of the districts were outraged by the placing of three negroes on the committee in an irregular way, and a protest goes up, accompanied by a call for another meeting. This is Dark-lanternism with a vengeance. It is plain that far worse methods are employed by the Republican ring-masters here to keep control of their party than are attributed to the Democratic managers, for in addition to a free use of "sugar"—we assume that it takes sugar to pack meetings and storm primaries—there is open violence and rowdyism. Let Dr. Preetorius search out some sovereign in his organization who was deprived on Saturday night of his proper voice. Let this person sue Messrs. Filley and Rosenblatt for $25,000 damages and let us have some dirty linen of a Republican texture washed before a dignified Notary. We feel confident, from the disclosures already made, that the existence of a Star Chamber Clique will be clearly established in the Republican party, given to the most terrible and demoralizing methods in maintaining its cruel control of party affairs. We shudder at the thought of the disclosures that might be made, for we always like to think of the Republican party as an aggregation of all that is pure, lofty, honorable, virtuous and incorruptible. Still we think somebody ought to be sued and we call on Dr. Preetorius to force the issue even at a personal sacrifice.

A LATER JOSEPHINE.

A Berlin dispatch to the London *Morning Post* announces that the last obstacle to the appointment of Count von Hatzfeld Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has been removed by the legal dissolution of his marriage with the American lady, Miss Moulton. Miss Moulton was born in New York in 1852. Her mother was the daughter of Julius Metz, a noted music teacher, and she had been an actress before her union with Mr. Moulton. The family became very rich and traveled to Europe, where they were taken under the wing of the Empire in France, and after some maneuvering the young lady captured one of the oldest titles in Germany, the Count von Hatzfeld, then Embassador to France. The lady was for a time in the seventh heaven of aristocratic bliss, but her reception at the German court was calculated to cool her arduous admiration for princes and potentates. The Empress Augusta declines to have anything to do with any one who has had a relative upon the stage or who has had a relative divorced, and as Miss Moulton fell under the first clause of this declination she was a liberal recipient of the cold shoulder in Berlin. The Count von Hatzfeld found it impossible to rise in his profession with such a plebeian drag attached to him, and, notwithstanding that the girl was pretty, loving, well bred and wealthy, he has cast her off and now stands ready to receive his portfolio as a reward. There may come a time when the American girl will decline a European mesalliance, but that happy epoch is not yet here. The antecedent probability of a marriage between King Cophetua and the beggar maid is that it will be a dismally unhappy one, especially when King Cophetua happens to be a dull German boor or a vencered French pauper and the beggar maid a robust American girl with a monomania for aristocracy. There is a lesson in this domestic episode, though, which should be impressed, coming as it does upon the heels of Mrs. Wetmore's unfortunate effort to lift herself into social prominence upon the shoulders of a titled English *roue*. If our public schools would teach girls the importance of leading purely democratic lives and seeking matrimonial partners among the healthful, enterprising young men of their own land, they would prevent a vast amount of suffering and elevate our country materially in the esteem of the people on the other side of the water.

OUR late Minister to Turkey, Horace Maynard, has returned home and has rushed to Washington to take charge of the Postal Portfolio. Although he has been absent since 1875 he tells an interviewer that he has lost none of his love for his native land and its institutions. Seeing that these institutions have enabled Mr. Maynard to live at public expense since 1860 and that he has never been forced to engage in any labor more severe than that involved in jumping from one office to another, his tender display of patriotism is not astonishing. Mr. Maynard says that he left the American Mission in Constantinople in full working condition. Under the distinguished Mr. Maynard our Legation at Constantinople has been a mere basis of operations for missionaries engaged in the heroic work of overthrowing Mohammedanism. For this reason Mr. Maynard has not only been absolutely without influence at the Sublime Porte, but the American flag has by his religious fanaticism been brought into contempt in the Orient. It is as if Aristarchi Bey and Rusteim Effendi should devote themselves to making war upon Protestantism in Washington instead of attending to their legitimate business of sipping coffee at White House receptions. If the representatives of the Ottoman Empire should thus transcend their duties, we all know that the Sultan would be politely requested to recall them, and it is a rare wonder that we were not long ago officially asked to send Mr. Maynard his *conge*.

OUR adored contemporary, the *Republican*, is publishing a lot of testimonials from the country press of the State by way of establishing the fact that it is still in existence. These testimonials are in the shape of compliments drawn out by the appearance of the *Republican* in a new dress of type. The fact that no puff of the new type has appeared in a newspaper published in St. Louis would seem to indicate that the *Republican* is not on good terms with its local contemporaries. The POST-DISPATCH is a paper without prejudices, and it can always afford to boldly speak the truth. The new dress of the *Republican* is really beautiful. The paper never presented such an attractive appearance. With rare judgment in selection, the new type are large and clear and well adapted to the eyes of the veteran constituency which has stood by since 1808 and which, as might be expected, is not able to wrestle with solid nonpareil as it once was. We are pleased to note the prosperity of the *Republican* because we feel under obligations to it for recent special favors. We can't indorse the opinion expressed by an enthusiastic rural admirer, that the *Republican* is the best paper in the world, for we have fallen into the habit of regarding the London *Times* as a very fair specimen of journalism. However, as the London *Times* and the *Republican* are both printed on Walter presses and both use black ink and white paper, they are not without points of resemblance.

THERE has been a terrible election riot down in Mississippi, but for the life of us we can't see how the Republican bloody-shirt wringers are going to derive comfort from it. In Yallabusha county a special election is to be held next Tuesday to choose a Sheriff. The contest is between the Democrats and the Greenbackers. Last Saturday there was a pole-raising at Coffeyville. The Democrats marched in procession through the streets to the music of a bad brass band. The boys had been drinking Coffeyville coffee to excess and the bad music probably inflamed them. A Democratic negro marching in the procession became embroiled with Col. V. P. Pearson, the Greenback candidate for Sheriff, and the Colonel, standing on the sidewalk, drew his gun and slew the audacious Numidian. This was the signal for a general melee. The Greenback party in Yallabasha county is now short of a candidate for Sheriff and several other persons regret the pole-raising at Coffeyville. But for the presence of a negro in that Democratic procession all might have gone well, and the Radical organs may possibly make a point on this.

IF Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Home Rule member for Galway, kept his solemn word, he this morning moved in the House of Commons to abolish the House of Lords upon the ground that it is a hereditary and irresponsible body and in no way qualified to deal with the great questions of vital interest to the poor of England, Ireland and Scotland. Mr. O'Connor is probably as much surprised at the tenacious way in which this institution has held on as was the young officer who went out to India and returned after ten years with ideas of a peculiar character touching the methods of government. Dining with his old uncle on the first evening of his arrival, he was somewhat surprised to see the venerable gentleman preparing to go out at 8 o'clock. In answer to a query from the military genius the uncle said that he was going down to Parliament House to listen to an important debate. "What!" exclaimed the nephew, evincing unfeigned surprise, "that damned rot isn't going on yet, is it?" He had underestimated the capacity of the British public to endure bores and cling to established intitutions.

COL. BOB INGERSOLL, after stumping for the Republicans in New England, paused yesterday to deliver one of his infidel lectures to the skeptics and advanced thinkers of Boston. During the delivery of his discourse somebody in the crowd wanted to know about Hancock. The Colonel dramatically replied: "I shall never say a word against any man who bared his breast to save our country or who fought to save our flag." This must have astonished the old Puritans. It is really too bad that Ingersoll is debarred from abusing the Democratic standard-bearer this year, but he can make up for it, as some other people do, by blackguarding the nominee for Vice-President. This person has committed the crime of accumulating wealth in a lawful way and has further aggravated it by putting bolts and bars and sheet-iron shutters on his house to keep thieves out. A great deal of prejudice against Mr. English could be excited by such a man as Ingersoll among the wealthy citizens of New England, who enjoy being robbed, by a careful presentation of the facts.

IF WE are to credit a dispatch from Salt Lake City, the feud between the Gentiles and Mormons of Utah has grown so bitter that they won't be able to work together in giving a public reception to Hayes next week. It is to be purely a Gentile affair. The grand scheme for plundering the uxorious Mormons and dispossessing them of their fine estates in the name of morality seems to be drawing to a head. If Mr. Hayes, during his visit, should throw out a few uncomplimentary hints about "the beast with ten heads and forty horns" he might be able to start a tip-top slaughter.

IT would be interesting to know who it is that is paying the expenses of the Gundeker suit. It isn't Gundeker, for he is as dispassionate, indifferent and apparently as unconcerned as an ordinary stool-pigeon. Notaries and lawyers require money and the Gundeker divertisement, though stimulated by sorehead Democrats, can only have a money value in the eyes of the Republican managers. Whatever benefit accrues from it will be appropriated by the Republican party. Who are Gundeker's financial backers?

TWINS have been a cause of trouble in more families than that of the worthy Don Bolero from time immemorial, but John W. Farley, of Marietta, Ohio, has struck the key-note of emancipation and cast off the shackles of custom in this regard. Mr. Farley is a poor man and by an inscrutable dispensation of Providence his poverty was outraged by the addition of twins to his already full quiver. He bore up under the affliction for about three weeks, until one night his two latest began to cry and kept it up until past midnight. Even the worm will turn when trodden on, and Mr. Farley arose in his might, gathered his two resonant twins in his arms and held their heads under the water in a wash tub till they passed to the sweet by and bye. This is an Ohio idea, as are all the great thoughts which have illumined the pages of United States history for the last three years, but there is reason in it, for outside of a cannibal country where twins might be eaten as philopenas, they are simply works of supererogation.

THE North Carolina Ananias who supplies the depraved appetite of the Northern press with criminal sensations has finally exhausted the reservoir of his intellect. His last was a feeble story about a fat lady who hugged her sister-in-law in a spasm of leave-taking until she broke one of her ribs and deflected the dorsal column. To have made the lie thoroughly marketable the injured sister-in-law should have fallen down on the house dog, killing him instantly. The jar should have knocked over the lamp, setting fire to the house, and consuming an invalid grandmother and two children. The old man, bursting with grief, should have blown off the top of his head with a shot-gun, and the excitement should have brought on a hail storm that destroyed the entire corn crop of the county. This would have been a standard North Carolina lie—worth fifty cents, less telegraph tolls.

A GREAT portion of last week, in the neighborhood of Norfolk, Virginia, was taken up in an effort on the part of General James Barron Hope, editor of the *Landmark*, and Col. Wm. Lamb, Mayor to the town, to get together and fight a duel about some trivial matter. The Mayor, having superior connections with the constabulary, managed to have himself arrested at four o'clock in the morning, just as he was leaving his house to repair to the appointed rendezvous. With such a name as Lamb he could hardly have been expected to engage in such a leonine performance as fighting a duel. Both parties are now under bonds in the sum of $20,000 to keep the peace and the editor of the *Landmark* regards his desire to perforate the Mayor a Jam-Barren Hope.

CLOSE readers of Eastern papers have missed for several weeks the daily contributions of the venerable Thurlow Weed. His cessation is said to be due to excessive nervous prostration but the probabilities are that the great card-writer has been terrified and driven into retirement by the awful facility with which Mr. M. W. Willis, of Washington avenue, St. Louis, consumes newspaper space. Mr. Weed is old enough to know that the press of the country can't stand two such afflictions.

SOME time ago a man calling himself John W. Goodman published in the Pittsburg papers an offer to bet $25,000, in various sums, on Garfield's success in various States and in the Union. He stated at the end of his card that man and money would be ready at a certain hotel on the 20th of August. Friday last, being the day set, the caravansary in question swarmed with Democrats with good-sized "rolls" all day, but Goodman could not be found.

OHIO people continue to attract public attention. Mrs. Hutchinson threatened, at Sligo, to do something that would "make Oscar feel right bad." Oscar was her husband, and they had quarreled. That night she eloped with a negro neighbor. In Pickaway county, Mr. Frank Lewis has just been arrested on the charge of poisoning his father and mother, so that he could obtain possession of the farm and marry their servant girl.

THE procession of political Tanners to Governor's Island grows more imposing from day to day. If Gen. Hancock will only compel those of his visitors who can write to register their names, he will have a tolerably accurate list of the citizens who will besiege him for office in the event of his election as President.—[Yesterday's Globe-Democrat.

On Wednesday last the following important name was inscribed on Gen. Hancock's visiting list, in a neat Italian hand: "J. B. McCullagh, St. Louis, Missouri."

CINCINNATI has had a fatal case of sunstroke. Young Mr. Dougherty, a newsboy, went home and found his intemperate father abusing his mother. He seized a base ball club, which was setting behind the door, and brained the old man on the spot. The fact that there was a base ball club in the family tells the story of demoralization.

THE Republicans have employed old Conger, of Michigan, to go to New York and deliver a speech to the Deaf-Mute Hancock Club, recently organized. If he fails to reach the boys with his powerful voice John Logan will be turned loose on them.

A COMPANY with a capital of $1,000,000, has been organized to heat Cincinnati. A company with a similar amount of capital could make money by keeping St. Louis cool in the summer time.

IT would seem that the season for "popinjay animadversion" hasn't fairly arrived.

OLE BULL and Miss Neilson have farewelled for the last time.

PERSONAL.

—The Baroness Burdett-Coutts and her husband will make a Bartlett pair.

—Mr. Bonner's celebrated watch and his horse Rarus can still outfoot anything in the world.

—Ex-Gov. Horatio Seymour has arrived at Saratoga. He appears to be in the best of health.

—Ben Butler has come out for Hancock, and Hancock is so thankful that he turns his head to the wall and weeps.

—A Boston paper says that the "Rev. Murray is wildly anxious to pay his debts." He is wildly prevented by the want of money, probably.

—M. Maurel, the charming singer, is about to publish a book, of which he is the author. He has a beautiful house in Paris, and gives delightful receptions.

—Five sisters of Mr. Wm. H. Vanderbilt are now at Newport: Mrs. D. B. Allen, Mrs. Lafitte, Mrs. George A. Osgood, Mrs. Daniel B. Torrance and Mrs. W. K. Thorn.

—New York Graphic: Miss Neilson was nearer forty than thirty when she died. She was a charming actress, but a very dissipated woman, and her excesses were a direct cause of her death.

—Lawrence Barrett is trying to organize an actors' fund. Something of the kind is much needed. The ties of every railroad in the country are being worn out by "busted" theatrical companies.

—Professor Ko-Kun-Hua, the Chinese professor at Harvard, has had but one student during the last term. But that student has made such excellent progress in the language that he has gone to China to engage in business.

—A New York Bohemian says: "I am very fond of good rye whisky; but if I had my way, and could, with a wave of my hand, sweep it all into the Atlantic Ocean, I'd do it with pleasure." And then doubtless he would go to selling the Atlantic Ocean for ten cents a drink.

—Senator Eaton, on taking the chair at the Connecticut Democratic State Convention, said: "This is not a time for speech-making; it is the time for work. Let speech-making come in hereafter." He then proceeded to make a speech that fills a column and a half of the New Haven Register.

The Ubiquitous Liar.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

Eli Perkins is an anonymous editorial contributor to all the Republican organs. His paragraphs in the New York Tribune and his leaders in the Cincinnati Gazette have a force and effect which neither time nor climate can wholly dim.

REPUBLICAN DARK-LANTERNISM.

The Westliche Post on the Rosenblatt-Filley Clique.

[From an Account of the Third Ward Primary Meeting on Saturday.]

While this happened the greatest uproar prevailed in the hall. It was a wonder that blows were not exchanged. Several refused to leave the hall. There was howling, yelling, shrieking until finally the delegates who held their credentials in their hands were summoned to take their places in the front rows. This in some measure restored order. Credentials were given in. Hohoff, who asserted that he was a delegate although he does not reside in the ward, moved that all but delegates be removed from the hall. This was the signal for another scene of confusion and uproar. It was impossible to restore order. After those present had yelled themselves hoarse quiet was so far restored that the election of a temporary chairman was proceeded with. Mr. Gottschalk was elected over Wm. Link. A protest from the citizens of the Thirty-fourth District was handed in protesting against the legality of the election of Link, Magill and Ballon on account of the irregularities which occurred at their election. A committee on credentials was appointed. A motion to adjourn to await the report of the committee was made. When the motion was rejected again a frightful uproar took place, Assistant Marshal Hohoff, who, spite of all, would be member of the Central Committee, roared, howled and yelled in order to silence his opponents, but it did not help him much. Finally there was a lull for half an hour. The Committee on Credentials was only ready with its report at a quarter to twelve. Many of the delegates had at this time already left the hall, and thus Hohoff with his followers were in the majority. Naturally he was chosen member of the Central Committee.

[From an Editorial in Sunday's Issue.]

Thanks to the exertions of a certain clique, the Republican ward meetings yesterday did not meet the wishes of the better elements of the party. In most of the wards those old "wire-pullers" have been elected as members of the Central Committee who have learnt nothing and forgotten nothing, who have been known for years as base tools in the hands of a man who understands how to lead them. Under such circumstances it is plain that no good can be expected from the new Central Committee.

A PROTEST.

To the Editor of the Westliche Post:

At the ward meetings of the Republicans of the 28th Ward at the Four Mile House, on St. Charles rock road, the delegates of district No. 242 were allowed no representation on the Committee on Credentials, while the chairman, Geo. Lewis, of the delegation of district No. 244, whose admission was contested, allowed the three colored members of that district to be placed on the committee. In consequence of this action the chairman, the delegates of districts Nos. 241 and 242, and one from district No. 238 left the assembly and have called a meeting to take place on Monday, the 23d of August, at Elleardsville Hall. District No. 240 was not represented.

Wm. Mentz,	Wm. Cartridge,
John M. Reuter,	Christ. Dorn,
August Ockel,	C. Conrades,

Delegates of Districts 241 and 242.

[Editorial in this Morning's Westliche Post.]

"Dark-lanternism"—If confined to the Democratic party—would be of the greatest advantage to the Republicans. But if the same "Dark lanternism" is permitted to rule in the Republican party, as was the case in the election of the recent Republican committee, then that is simply the last of that party.

The Business Settled.

[Washington Special to Globe-Democrat.]

The review of the political situation by Mr. McCullagh, managing editor of the Globe-Democrat, in an interview with a New York reporter, which has been widely copied, has produced quite an impression in official circles here. Mr. McCullagh's keen insight into political affairs and his extensive acquaintance and association with public men always give his utterances weight with party leaders and politicians. The President, calling attention to the interview, said that it expressed the entire situation in a nutshell.

Hard to Please.

[From the New York Sun.]

Some of our esteemed Republican contemporaries are complaining of the size of the Democratic majority in Alabama, a State in which the Republicans did not put up a ticket.

A Case of Mutuality.

[From the New York Herald.]

The usual number of "old friends," whom Gen. Hancock probably never saw before, continue to journey to Governor's Island to assure him of their still undying and unselfish friendship, coupled with hopes for their joint success in the immediate future.

Not For Garfield.

[From the New York Sun.]

The Hon. Roscoe Conkling's friends seem to wish to have it clearly understood that the Senator intends to take the stump for Chester A. Arthur, Republican candidate for Vice-President.

By Way of Placating 'Em.

[From the Washington Post.]

In order to placate the irate Radicals, it might be well to have a Sixteenth Amendment—limiting the number of children that shall be born in Southern households.

The Case Impartially Stated.

[From the Warrensburg (Mo.) Herald.]

Bill Hyde, of the Republican, and Joe Pulitzer, of the POST-DISPATCH, both desire to represent the Second District of Missouri in Congress.

Sublime Confidence.

[From the Chicago Times.]

Republican confidence of success in Ohio is sublime even to temerity. John A. Logan has been invited formally to stump that State.

An Independent View.

[From the Philadelphia Times.]

The Democratic platform: We want the offices now. The Republican platform: We are not yet ready to give them up.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Another Candidate.

ST. LOUIS, August 23, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

It seems that candidates for Congress in the Second District are quite scarce. Permit me to name my choice. It is William Henry Nave, a gentleman, a scholar and a man in every respect qualified to adorn public life. He is a thorough business man and understands the needs of the great Mississippi Valley as well as any gentleman in our midst. His nomination would inspire the Young Democracy of the Second District. Mr. Nave has never served in the City Council nor in the Legislature, but his lack of experience is more than atoned for by his great good sense and his knowledge of both men and women and things.

SIR GALAHAD.

Going for the Grocers.

ST. LOUIS, August 23.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I am a druggist and have to pay an extra license for carrying on my business, and besides that have to get a certificate from the College of Pharmacy, which costs me $5. I have noticed lately that a number of grocery keepers are in the habit of selling goods that belong exclusively to a drug store. Among these articles are acid of phosphates and most all the standard patent medicines. Now, if the grocery-keepers pay a license for doing this kind of business then it is all right, but they do nothing of the kind, and I think they should not be allowed to steal our business in this manner. I hope you will bring your great intellect to bear on this subject and see that justice is done to a hard-working and honorable class of business men.

DRUGGIST.

HABEAS CORPUS.

Col. Cabell's Case of Contempt Argued Before Judge Laughlin.

Is the Suit a Sham, or Has it a Ground of Action?

The Question at Issue, Which the Court Will Decide at Leisure.

The application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Senator Cabell, who was committed for contempt of court by Notary Oldfield in the Gundeker, case was argued this morning in chambers at the Four Courts before Judge Laughlin. Among those present were Col. Don Morrison, Senator Cabell, who was constructively brought in by Sheriff Finn, Ed. McCarthy, J. La Due, A. R. Taylor, M. McKeag, Notary Oldfield and numerous spectators. It was eleven o'clock before the proceedings began, when Mr. McCarty commenced the argument on behalf of Col. Cabell. He read the petition of Gundeker, the notarial commitment, the Sheriff's return thereto and the traverse. The position taken by Messrs. McCarty and La Due is that the suit is a sham one, that there is no ground of action and that the notary is without jurisdiction. Messrs. Taylor and McKeag oppose this view and contend that the suit is well grounded. Mr. McCarthy spoke for over an hour. He said this organization was an organization only in the sense of being more than one person and the sense that they had more than one meeting. The subject matter of the question asked Mr. Cabell was the disclosure of the names of the persons who were present at these Crittenden meetings; secondly, as to from whom he received money and to whom he disbursed money; each of these questions assuming the receipt and disbursement of money for the purpose of influencing the elections. The association was a voluntary one. The material depositions were a substitute for the old bill of discovery in chancery. But in this case a bill of discovery would not lie at all. Mr. McCarty after discussing the subject of the notary's powers referred to the decision of the Court of Appeals delivered by Judge Hayden in ex parte Krieger on the 17th of June, 1879. He laid great stress upon the following passages in the decision: "But the case may be supposed where a sham petition might be filed merely to enable a party to take testimony with a view to its publication in the newspapers. It would be absurd to say that in such a case the court would not see what was patent or protect the citizen in his rights. So for such abuse of process the notary would undoubtedly be liable and the attorneys engaged in prompting the proceedings subject to punishment on proper presentation by disbarment or otherwise. It is a singular misconception of judicial power to suppose that the courts cannot look beyond certain forms where the exercise of judicial functions is concerned."

"In the first place, the contemplation of the statute is that a deposition shall be taken only as a precautionary measure because there is reason to fear the witness would not be present at the trial. However sanctioned, it is an abuse of the statutory power of which lawyers as officers of the court ought not to be guilty, to take depositions merely for the purposes of discovery, and the difficulty of correcting the abuse ought to put them more upon their honor."

Mr. McCarty also cited the Court of Appeals in the case of Levering vs. Schnell.

MR. LA DUE

followed Mr. McCarty. He compared the bill of rights to the bill of discovery and referred especially to a recent decision of Judge Treat of the United States Court, in which he ruled a notary had no power to commit when the witness could in all probability be at the trial.

Mr. McKeag, replying to Messrs. McCarthy and La Due, said that without waving their objection that a judge sitting in chambers could not issue a writ while a court was in session, he contended that the suit was not a sham, and that there was ground for action.

Mr. McKeag further drew attention to the fact that Mr. Cabell's senatorial duties might prevent his presence at the trial.

Mr. Taylor made the legal argument in opposition to Mr. McCarty. He asserted that the Gundeker suit had a good, meritorious and legal cause of action and contended in support of his theory. He considered it involved public interests. He considered it monstrous to say that a party had no interests and sustains no wrong when a lot of persons confederated and conspired together to cheat him out of his votes in an election. This man had a cuase of action which, unless this person receives redress, will be presented to the highest court in this land and redress sought. Mr. Taylor asserted that Hayden's opinion in the Krieger case was not applicable to this, as it was an exceptional case. Further that it was in conflict with the law as laid down by the Supreme Court of the State as cited in ex-parte McKee, ex-parte Munford, also in ex-parte Scruggs, by the Court of Appeals. He also read a trenchant criticism upon Judge Hayden's opinion in the Krieger case from the Central Law Journal. In conclusion, he maintained the questions were material, pertinent and relevant.

Mr. McCarty in closing, maintained that the criticism read sustained his construction of the Hayden opinion; further that Hayden had construed the McKee case; that Judge Lewis had concurred in Judge Hayden's opinion. Therefore the Munford case could not be considered as irreconcilabe with this opinion. He cited a case from the Supreme Court of Michigan and summed up by attacking Mr. McKeag's position that a judge could not issue a writ of habeas corpus in chambers averring that on the contrary he was liable to a penalty for not doing so.

This concluded the argument, and Judge Laughlin asked whether there was any reason for a hasty decision. The lawyers agreeing there was not, he asked that a list of citations be handed to him.

Said the Court: "I would like to have all the assistance that you gentlemen could give me, because there are some very interesting questions in this case about which I am in great doubt. These questions are not plain to my mind by any means."

The Court then fixed 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning as the hour for receiving briefs and citations and without fixing any date for the rendering of an opinion adjourned.

Senator Cabell is constructively in the possession of the Sheriff, but, of course, is at perfect liberty until the Court rules upon the notary's commitment.

He Fell Down Stairs.

Henry Trottman, 65 years of age, was unfortunate enough to tumble headlong down a flight of stairs leading from his room, at No. 205 South Main street. He came to the Dispensary in great pain. Dr. Carson discoveree that he had a bad fracture of the collar bone, and he was shipped out to the City Hospital for repairs and recuperation.

City Hall Notes.

Twenty-five burial permits were issued up to 3 p. m.

The commissioner will open bids for iron bars for the Insane Asylum at 4 o'clock.

The Mayor, Comptroller and Counselor will be back from New York by Saturday.

To-morrow the City Hall will be deserted. In consequence of the Mayor's proclamation no department, save the Dispensary, will be open.

Cut by a Circular Saw.

Harry Furlong is employed at Cameron's box factory, on Bremen avenue. Henry's particular charge is a circular saw, which got the better of him this morning, lacerating the thumb and finger of his right hand in a serious manner. Dr. Dorsett attended to his injuries, and he was sent to his home, Clark avenue, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets.

The Freedman's Bank Dividend.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—The commissioners of the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company declared a dividend of 10 per cent. and will begin paying it on September 1. The amount required to pay this dividend is $296,368. The 30 per cent heretofore declared and special deposits paid aggregate $1,258,936, which has been divided among more than 61,000 creditors of the three branches of the company. The commissioners expect to be able to pay another dividend of ten per cent when the company's banking-house and adjacent property in this city is sold and the remaining assets are disposed of.

A Wrecked Train.

LONG BRANCH, August 23.—A train of empty passenger coaches, backing down at the switch, struck the fast newspaper train, tearing away the entire side of the car containing twelve newsmen and wrecking the two following cars. The newsmen were, fortunately, sitting on the shady side. Those injured are: Jeremiah Cullinan, 17 years, head cut; Albert Dunn, 21 years, internally, and Denis Canen, 19 years, leg fractured.

Washington McLean's Critical Condition.

LONG BRANCH, N. Y., August 23.—Washington McLean, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, continues in a critical condition, although somewhat better to-day.

South America.

BUENOS AYRES, August 23.—The crisis is terminated. In the Provincial Chambers have been closed by the military. President Avellanoda has withdrawn his resignation.

The Stolen Bonds.

NEW YORK, August 23.—James Alliger, broker, has been held in $10,000 bonds to answer a charge of negotiating for stolen bonds.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., August 23.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
7 a. m.	73	S	Cloudy.
10:07 a. m.	85	S	Fair.
2 p. m.	85	NW	Lt rain.
—	....	....	......

River at St. Louis, 10 feet 9 inches. Fall, 2 inches.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service.

W. C. LITTLE. H. E. WEBER.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Robert E. M. Bain, Foreign Exchange, 104 N. Third street, reports: August 23.—Prime bankers' sterling, 481½@483½; commercial 60-days, sterling, 479½@479½; do demand sterling, 482@; do 60-days francs, 530@528¼; do demand, do, 527½@525; do 60-days reichs marks, 93¼@¾; do demand do, 93¾@93⅞; do 60-days guilders and florins, 39¾@⅞. Market dull and weak.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Money easy at 2 @2½. Sterling unchanged. Bar silver 113¼. Governments steady. Railroad bonds firm. State securities dull. Stocks opened strong and higher, prices advancing ¼ to 2 per cent, latter Denver and Rio Grande; towards noon there was a reaction of ¼@¾ per cent. The principal activity was in coal stocks, Grangers and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.

Rock Island	114¼	second prfd	5¾
Panama	183	B., C. R. & N.	69
Fort Wayne	122	A. & T. H.	24
Pittsburg	123	prfd	77
Illinois Central	113¼	W., St. L. & Pacific	41½
C., B. & Q.	133	prfd	71¼
Chicago & Alton	116¼	Hannibal & St. Joseph	38
Chicago & Alton pfd.	125	St. Joseph, pfd	81½
N. Y. Central	132⅜	Iron Mountain	57
Harlem	†200	St. L. & San Fran.	36½
Lake Shore	108	prfd	46½
Canada Southern	63	first prfd	73⅜
Michigan Central	96½	C., St. L. & N. O.	39½
Erie	41⅛	Kansas & Texas	37
Erie, preferred	71	Union Pacific	95
Northwestern	100½	prfd	....
Northwestern, pfd.	120½	Central Pacific	76½
St. Paul	80⅛	Kansas Pacific	....
St. Paul, pfd	100½	Northern Pacific	31⅛
St. Paul & Minnesota	....	Northern Pacific, pfd	31
St. Paul & Sioux City	....	Louisville & Nash'lle	132
St. P. & S. C. prfd.	....	Nashville & Chat.	74½
Del. & Lack.	90	L. & N. A.	100
Morris & Essex	110½	Houston & Texas	63½
Del. & Hudson	86½	Denver & R. Grande	72⅜
N. J. Central	77⅞	St. Paul & Omaha	45
Reading	24½	prfd	83
Ohio	35½	Boston Air Line, pfd	....
Ohio, preferred	77	Oregon Navigation	....
Chesapeake & Ohio	18¼	Western Union	107
first prfd	24½	A. & P. Telegraph	45½
second prfd	20	Pacific Mail	41½
Mobile & Ohio	24	Little Pittsburg	....
Cleveland & Col.	72¼	Adams	115
C., C. & I. C.	17½	Fargo	108
Ohio Central	21½	American	58¼
Erie & Western	31½	United States	47½
Peoria, D. and E.	25½	Canton	....
Ind., B. and W.	31½	Boston Water Power	....
Ont. & Western	....	Boston Land	....
Mar. and Cin.	....	Consol. Coal	....
1st prfd	8½	Quicksilver	13
		pref	54½

*Bid †Offered.

The following quotations are furnished the POST-DISPATCH by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street.

ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.

			Bid.	Ask'd
City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various.	109¾	111¼
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	111½	112¼
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various.	106	108
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec. 25	107½	....
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec. 25	109¾	....
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	110	....
City 5's, gold	1900	Apr. & Oct.	105½	106½
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	109	111
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	112	....
County 7's cy	1885	Jan. & July	107½	108¼

*Interest to seller.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask'd
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	104½	105¼
C'y 6's	1895-'99	Jan. & July	125	129
New 5's	1881	M. A. N. & F.	102½	103¼
4½ per cent bds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	110⅛	111⅞
4 per cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	109⅛	110

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	103½	104¼
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	107	108
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	109	109½
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	....	....
Mo. 5-20s of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	102¼	103
Mo. 5-20s of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	103¼	104¼

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	107	109¾
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	109	110
N. Mo. 1st m 7s.	1895	Jan. & July	119	.....
K. P. 1st m 6s.	1895	Feb. & Aug.	116⅞	.....
K. P. 1st m 6s.	1896	June & Dec.	117½	119
K. P. D. Ex. 7s.	1899	May & Nov.	109	110
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	96	.....
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	116	118

LAND WARRANTS.

	Bid.	Asked		Bid.	Ask'd
40 acres	42½	47	120 acres	120	187
80 acres	88	95	160 acres	177	187

Clearings to-day $4,636,733
Balances 183,708

COMMERCE.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending Monday, August 23, 1880, and corresponding day in 1879, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1880.	1879.	Shipments by Rail. 1880.	1879.
Apples, brls	143	404	732	681
Barley, sacks	54	......	2	22
Barley, in blk, bu.	2,200	4,500	......	......
Butter, lbs	54,306	32,540	......	......
Corn, sacks	5,792	256	380	2,020
Corn, in bulk, bu.	55,100	14,100	80	226
Eggs, pkgs	326	479	10,943	33,873
Flour, brls	8,500	12,180	......	15
Hay, bales	2,887	8,751	10,792	18,657
Hides, lbs	47,873	10,545	334	7
Lard, lbs	8,000	210	3,420	163,073
Lead, pigs	4,235	3,246	30,089	29,291
Oats, sks	2,068	1,778	1,701	417
Oats, in bulk	19,200	11,250	187	689
Pork, brls	118	100	......	2,283
Hams, lbs	1,380	25,000	......	1
Meats, lbs	636,420	797,228	57,975	10,404
Potatoes, sks, brls	......	75	302,211	244,485
Potatoes, bulk	1,350	350	649	2,019
Rye, sacks	319	101	627	433
Rye, in bulk	2,250	3,600	20	17
Tallow, lbs	22,396	29,840	1,486	......
Tobacco, hhds	35	162	32,975	......
Wheat, sacks	27,393	16,607	28	35
Wheat in bulk	152,575	159,325	......	4
Wool, lbs	100,940	81,717	34,506	89,600
			......	47,840

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 48 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

(Warehouses not included.)

	City.	R. R.	River	Total.
Wheat	6,275	17,606	....	23,881
Corn	11,194	2,023	7,770	20,987
Oats	9,549	....	....	9,546
Rye	....	....	....	....
Barley	....	....	....	....

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn.

	Receipts. Wheat	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn
St. Louis	214,209	69,580	34,506	18,913
Chicago	77,316	549,450	132,778	764,801
Milwaukee	6,545	10,000	3,600	125
Baltimore	......	6,190	311,531	2,813
Toledo	132,000	40,000	133,000	38,000
New York	512,000	221,000	......	......

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—9 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 15 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 1 car No. 1 red winter, 153 cars No. 2 red winter, 83 cars No. 3 red winter, 25 cars No. 4 winter, 7 cars rejected winter, 2 cars no grade winter. Total—295 cars.

Corn—16 cars No. 2 white mixed, 1 car rejected white mixed, 47 cars No. 2 mixed, 3 cars rejected. Total—67 cars.

Oats—17 cars No. 2, 3 cars No. 2 white. Total—20 cars.

Barley—None.

Rye—1 car No. 2. Total—1 car.

Total—383 cars.

On 'Change.

MORNING BOARD.

Wheat—Higher, but irregular and unsettled. Cash opened at 97c, with a single sale of 250 cars, and under strong competition rose to 98⅛c at the close; August opened 98c, fell to 97⅛c, and closed with 97⅛c bid; September opened at 92⅛c, advanced to 92⅞c, and closed at 92⅛c; October opened at 93⅛c and closed weak at 93⅛c; November opened at 94 7-16c, and closed at 94⅛c; year opened at 92⅛c, fell to 92⅛c, and closed steady at 92⅜c.

Corn—Firm, with light transactions and weak closings. Cash offered at 37c and no bids; August 36⅞c bid and 37c asked; September opened at 37⅛c and closed at 37c; October opened at 39c and closed at 38⅞c; November opened at 39c and closed at 39⅛c; December opened at 39⅛c and closed at 39⅛c; year opened at 36⅛c and closed at 36⅛c; No. 2 white mixed 36⅛c bid.

Oats—Higher, with small trading. Cash sold at 27c; August sold at 26⅛c; September 26⅛c bid and 26⅞c asked; October 27c bid and none offered; November 29⅛c bid and 29⅛c asked; December sold at 39⅛c; year sold at 26⅛c.

Rye—Higher, with sales of cash at 78 and 80c.

Provisions—A firm and steady market, with a very strong demand. Quotations may be made as follows: Pork, $15 75@16; dry salt shoulders, summer, 5.40; clear rib, summer, 8⅛, clear, summer, 8.90; bacon shoulders, 6⅛, clear rib 9⅛, clear 9⅞.

AFTERNOON CALL—2:15 P. M.

Wheat—Lower and inactive. Cash 98⅛c asked and no bid; August 97⅛c bid and 98c asked; September sold at 92⅛c; October sold at 93; November 93⅞c bid and 94c asked; year 91⅞c bid and 92c asked.

Corn—Lower and very dull. August 36c bid; September 36⅞ bid and 37 asked; October sold at 38⅛; November 38⅞ bid and 39⅛ asked; December sold at 39⅛.

Oats—Lower. Cash 26 bid; August 26 bid, 27 asked; September 26 bid and none offered; October 26 bid and 26⅛ asked; November 27⅛ bid and 27⅞ asked; years 26 bid.

The Cotton Market.

Spots firm, but nothing done. New York dull and unchanged. Liverpool active and firm at ⅛d advance.

QUOTATIONS.

Grade.	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	7⅝	
Ordinary	8⅛	....
Good ordinary	9⅛	8 13-16
Low middling	10⅛	10 5-16
Middling	11⅛	10 11-16
Good middling	11⅜	11 15-16
Middling fair	11⅝	12 7-16
		13 3-16

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	8,742
Same day last year	1,482

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	97	57
Same day last year	23	32
Total for season to date	479,722	478,374
Same time last year	330,650	331,647

NEW YORK.

Futures steady at 2:30 p. m. Sales, 99,500 bales.

QUOTATIONS OF FUTURES.

January, 10.72; February, 10.86; March, 11.10; April, 11.13; August, 11.90; September, 11.29; October, 10.76; November, 10.61; December, 10.61.

NET RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR 3 DAYS.

Receipts this week, 4,233; same time last year, 2,008; exports this week, 4,922; stocks to-day, 131,423; same day last year, 81,060.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 7 3-16d; Orleans, 7¼d. Sales, 12,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 71c; to Providence, 71c; to New York, 66c; to Philadelphia, 64c; to Baltimore, 63c. For export only 7c less than above rates, except Boston, which is 12c less.

Produce.

LEAD—Market firm, but dull. May be quoted at $4 75 for Soft Missouri.

WOOL—Market was dull and lower. We quote: Tubwashed—Fair to Choice 46@47; medium 41@43; dingy and low 36@40c. Unwashed—Medium 28@29; combing 28@29; coarse do 24@26; light fine 22@24; heavy 18 @20; burry, black and cotted 7½@12½ ₿ cent off.

HIDES—Dull and weak. No. 1 selling at 9⅛c, and damaged and grubby and uncured at 8⅛c; damaged uncured and bulls and stags 6@6⅛. Dry salted—No. 1 14c; damaged 11@11½. Dry flint—No 1 18, No. 2 15.

HIGHWINES—Demand active, at $1 09.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Quiet and unchanged. We quote: Oranges—Messina and Palermo $7 50@8; Imperial $8 00. Lemons—Small to choice large Messina and Palermo $4 25@5 25 as in size—original packages much lower. Bananas $2@3 50 ₿ bunch on orders. Cocoanuts $3@4 ₿ hundred.

FLAX-SEED—In demand and firm at $1 07.

CASTOR BEANS—In demand at $1 15.

DEERSKINS—Slow at 35@38c as in quality; damaged 20.

TALLOW—Prime 5½@5¾.

BEESWAX—Prime to choice 20@21c.

FEATHERS—Steady. We quote: Prime live geese 45@46c, top rate for small sacks; No. 2 do 40@44c; poor to good mixed 15@38c as in quality; tare 3 per cent on large sacks, 10 on small.

HEMP SEED—From first hands nominal at 1 25.

BUTTER—Received 54,306 lbs. Warm and unfavorable weather and a dull and dragging market. Supply of all grades ample. We quote: Creamery—Choice 24@26; fancy 27; seconds 22@24. Dairy—Choice 20@22; fancy 23; prime 17@19; medium grades 14@15; low grades 12½@13; grease wanted at 10, none offering; near-by country make 11@13.

CHEESE—Steady. We quote: Wisconsin full cream 13@14, Illinois and Ohio do 11@11½, part skims 10½@11, hard skims 4@6c.

EGGS—Receipts 326 pkgs. Steady. Light sales of candled to the local trade at 12c, shippers' count (choice marks) 10½@11, old and doubtful lots much lower.

CHICKENS—Market almost bare, and the light offerings sold a shade higher, although the demand was only a regular light Monday one. We quote: Old—Cocks $2; mixed $2 40@ 2 60 (according to the number of cocks in the coop); hens $2 75@3, top rate for fancy large. Springs—Small $1@1 25; medium $1 50; choice $1 75@2; fancy (full grown) $2 25. Spring ducks sold at $1 50@2 50 as in size.

GAME—Grouse demoralized. The late ruling high prices and good demand in this market for grouse attracted large receipts, and, with excessive hot weather and a falling off in the inquiry, prices have declined steadily and largely, and no buyers can be found even at the decline. Shipments cannot be made either to New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Baltimore, as grouse cannot be lawfully handled in those markets, and for every dozen birds that are sold here to the hotels and restaurants, ten dozen arrive in their places. The stock held here is simply immense and receipts continue to pour in, with no outlet. We heard a round lot of choice selected grouse offered and untaken at $2; other game dull and lower; arrivals are as yet mainly in bad order. We quote (selected only): Young grouse $2 50@3; sale 20 dozen (dressed) at top rate; old unsalable; young wood duck $1 50; mallard $2; upland plover $1; woodcock $5 per dozen. In preparing game for shipment to this market first draw your birds and allow them to cool thoroughly, after which stuff them with prairie hay and pack them well in ice, but under no circumstances use sawdust or grass, as both quicken decomposition.

Flour and Cornmeal.

Flour—Receipts 8,500 brls; shipments by rail 10,792 brls.

We quote by sample: Fancy $5 00@5 25; choice $4 75@4 90; family $4 50@4 70; xxx 4 20 @4 35; xx $3 40@3 65; x $3@3 25; superfine $2 75@2 90; fine $2 30@2 50.

Rye flour—Supply light and market steady at 4 35@4 60 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

Cornmeal—Market firmer, with sales of city on orders at $1 90@$1 95 del.

Dry Goods.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

DENIMS—BROWN.

Amoskeag	16½	Warren AXA	14
Pearl River	16	" BB	13
Boston	8½	" CC	12
Belmont A 1	11	Belmont CCC	12
" BBB	13	" AAA	14

CAMBRIC.

Garner flat	5½	Lion flat	5½
" paper	7	Masonville paper	7

BROWN DUCKS.

Albion C	10	Champion twilled	15
Boston 80	10½	Oriental	14
" XX	12½	St. Louis	15
Belmont 10	11½	Belmont 20	12½
" 80	14		

BLEACHED COTTON CAMBRICS.

Fruit of Loom cambric	12½	J. C. Knight cambric' 32	10
Waukegan	12½	Lonsdale	13

PRINTS.

Gordon	5¾	Merrimack fancy	7
Dunnel	6½	" shirtings	6
Albion solids	6	Regatta shirtings	6
Allens	6½	Harmony fancy	5
Allens purples	7	Lowell	5½
American fancy	7	Simpson's	7
Hamilton	7	Gloucester	7
Cocheco (light)	7	Richmond	6½
Washington	6½	Cocheco robes	7½
Hartel	6½	Pacific robes	7½
Mallory pink	7	Wamsutta robes	5½
Garner's fancy	6¼	Stifel 4-4 indigo blue	16½

BLEACHED SHEETINGS.

Pepperell 10-4	27½	Monadnock 10-4	25
" 9-4	25	Androscoggin 10-4	30
" 8-4	22½	" 9-4	27½
Utica 10-4	32½	" 8-4	25
" 9-4	30	48 inch	19

CHEVIOTS.

Amoskeag	11	Bristol	8½
Slater	10	Arlington X	8½
Slaterville	9	Bates	10

TICKS.

Amoskeag ACA 4-4	20	Connestoga X 30 in.	11
" ACA 7-8	17	" AA 32 in.	12
" A 7-8	16	" CCA	14
" B 7-8	15	" CT 34 in.	15½
" C 7-8	14	Extra	17
Lancaster 7-8	18½	Ocean 29 in.	8½

BLEACHED COTTON.

Auburn 4-4	9	Green G 4-4	7
Barnsley 7-8	6½	Linwood 4-4	9
Bates 36	9½	Lonsdale 4-4	9
Blackstone 36 AA	8½	Fruit de Loom 4-4	10
Great Falls S 7-8 (Tiger)	7½	" 7-8	9½
Great Falls M 7-8 (Dog)	8	Hills 4-4	9
Great Falls A 7-8 (Stag)	8¼	" 7-8	8
Great Falls AA 4-4	8½	Hope 4-4	8¼
		Social L 4-4	8
		" Q	9

GINGHAMS.

Amoskeag	9½	Glasgow	8½
" dress styles	12½	Carrolton	8½

BROWN SHEETINGS.

Androscoggin 10-4	27½	Pepperell 10-4	25
" 9-4	25	" 9-4	22½
Monadnock 10-4	22½	" 8-4	20½
" 9-4	20	" 7-4	18
Pequot 10-4	30	" 48 inch	12½
" 9-4	27½	Utica 10-4	30
" 8-4	25	" 9-4	27½
" 7-4	21	" 58 inch	25

DENIMS—BLUE.

Amoskeag	16½	Otis AXA	14
Pearl River	16	" BB	13
Boston	9½	" CC	12
Belmont A 1	11	Belmont CCC	12
" BBB	13	" AAA	14

DRILLS.

Crescent City	9½	Rock City	8½
Amoskeag	9½	Trion	8½

Lumber.

Extensive changes are made in our lumber price list, which will be found by a study of the list.

Quotations to the trade from yards, including delivery on cars, are as follows:

1st and 2d cl. Y. P. step stuff, S. 2 sides, 1 in.	35 00
Do. 1¼ & 1½ inch	35 00
First poplar siding	16 50
Second poplar siding	13 50
First poplar ceiling, 7-16 in.; 4 in. $20. 6 in	17 50
Second poplar ceiling 7-16 in.; 6 in	15 00
First poplar ceiling ⅝ in., $24; 2nd	22 00
First poplar box boards, rough, 14 ft	32 50
Second (select) poplar box boards, rough, 14 ft	25 00
1st box boards, rough, picked widths	37 00
2d box boards, rough, picked widths	29 00
Common boards, rough, picked widths	......
1st panel, s 1 s, ⅝ig in., $25 00; ½in., $28 00; 7-16 in.	17 50
2d panel, s 1 s, ⅝in., $19 00; ½in., $17 00; 7-16 in.	13 00
Red cedar sawed posts, (quartered), No. 1 80c; extra	35
Red cedar sawed posts, square, 8 ft. 4x4, 35c: 5x5, 56c; 6x6	85
Red cedar sawed timbers, 10 to 16 feet b.m.	35 00
White Pine—First and second clear, rough—1¼@2 inches thick	$47 50
First and second clear, rough—1 in.	47 50
Third clear, rough—1¼ to 2 in.	40 00
Third clear, rough—1 in.	39 00
Third clear, rough—7 to 9 in.	34 00
A Select, rough—1¼ to 2 in.	35 00
A Stock, 12 in., rough	35 00
B Stock, 12 in., rough—12 to 20 ft.	38 00
C Stock, 12 in., rough—12 to 20 ft.	34 00
D Stock, 12 in., rough—12, 14, 16 and 18 ft.	25 00
Do 16 ft.	18 00
A Box, rough	17 50
B Box, rough	45 00
C Box, rough	39 00
D Box, rough	29 00
Flooring, D. and M. clear—4 in., $36 00; 6 in	18 00
Flooring, Cl. and 1st com.—4 in., $33 00; 6 in	34 00
Flooring, 2nd com.—4 in., $31 00; 6 in	32
Flooring, 3rd com., 4in. $24 50—6 in	24
Flooring, 4th com.—4 in., $18 00; 6 in	18 50
Drop Siding 50 cts. per M. more than flooring.	
Plain or Beaded Partition $1 50 per M. more than flooring.	
Casings and Baseboards, 4, 6, and 8 inches wide, dressed 2 sides and 2 edges, same price as partition.	
Dressing 1 side $1 00; 2 sides	$1 50
Ship lap 7 to 9 in., $17 00; 10 in	17 55
Siding, 1st and 2d clear	19 70
Siding, clear & 1st com.	18 00
Siding, 2d com.	16 50
Siding, 3d com.	13 00
Siding, 4th com.	9 70
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear	20 70
Ceiling, ⅜ in., Cl. & 1st com.	19 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 2d com.	17 55
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 3d com.	14 05
Ceiling, ⅝ in., clear and 1st com., 4 or 6 inch.	25 00
Ceiling, ⅝ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 inch	22 50
Ceiling, ⅝ in., 3d com., 4 or 6 inch	18 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 inch	30 00
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 inch	27 50
Ceiling, ⅞ in., 3d com., 4 or 6 inch	22 00
No. 1 Boards 10 & 20 ft $17 00; 12 ft.	16 50
No. 1 Boards 14, 16 & 18 ft.	16 50
12 in. boards (Nos. 1 and 2), 20 ft, $16 50; 12 to 18 ft.	15 00
No. 2 Boards 10 & 20 ft	14 50
No. 2 Boards 12 to 18 ft.	14 50
Cull Boards or sheathing	11 50
No. 1 fencing, 6 in, 16 ft.	16 50
No. 1 fencing, 6 in 12, 14, 18 and 20 ft.	15 50
No. 1 fencing, 4 in, 50 cts per M. more.	
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in. 12, 14, 18 and 20 ft, $14 50; 16 ft.	15 50
Noll fencing	12 00
Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under	14 00
Joists, 18 ft., 2x12 & under	14 50
Joists, 20 ft., 2x12 & under	14 50
Joists, 22 & 24 ft., 2x12 & under	17 00 & 18 00
Joists, 26 ft., 2x12 & under	....
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft.	14 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 & 16 ft.	14 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 18 ft, $16 00; 10 & 20 ft.	15 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 12 to 16 ft.	14 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 18 ft, $15 00; 20 ft.	16 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 22 & 24 feet	17 00 & 18 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 26 & 28 ft.	
Large Timbers at special prices—	
Flat, common pickets, rough	$11 50
Flat, selected pickets, d and h. No. 1 or No. 2	22 00
1¼ inch square pickets, rough	15 00
1¼ inch square pickets, dressed and headed	20 00
1st and 2d cl. Y. P. flooring (count), 4 in. $32 50; 6 in	32 00
Star Y. P. flooring (count) 4 in. $30 00; 6 in	....
Common Y. P. flooring (count) 4 in. $29 00; 6 in	....
1st and 2d cl. Y. P. flooring, mixed widths (tape)	....
Star Y. P. flooring, mixed widths (tape)	35 00
Common Y. P. flooring, mixed widths (tape)	32 00
	21 00

	Car load.	End.
Eau Claire extra clear shingles green	....	$....
Conn's choice "A" shingles, dry	....	....
Standard "A" shingles, dry	2 75	2 80
Nichols or Chippewa A shingles, green	2 00	2 05
Lath, dry	2 65	2 75

Groceries.

(Jobbers' Cash Quotations.)

CHEESE.

Per lb.		Per lb.	
Buffalo brand	14	N. Y. Fac. Cream	12
Swiss, genuine	27	Swiss, imitation	17
Limburger	....	Y'g America	....
Pine apple	....		

RICE.

Rangoon, choice, ₿ lb	7	Carolina, prime, ₿ lb	7¼
Carolina, choice, "	7¾	Carolina fair, "	7¼

COFFEE.

Common Rio	13 @14½	Prime Rio	15½@16¼
Fair Rio	14½@15½	Ch fancy Rio	16½@17½
Mexican	16½	La Guayra	....
Choice O. G. Java	27½	African Java	30
Prime do	25	Manahaling	30
Plantation Ceylon	30	Mocha	25½

FRUITS—FOREIGN.

Currants	6½@	London layers, '79	2 80
Figs, layers		Muscatels, 1879	2 70
Figs, drums	14@16	Seedless, 1879	4 75
Prunes, Bosnia	6½@7½	Citron, Leghorn	26
Raisins, layers, '79	2 50	Dates, Persian	8@9
" '79 ½bx	1 40	Lemon peel	19
" '79 ¼bx	70	Lemons ₿ box 5 75@6	25
Valencias, new	8¾	Oranges ₿ box	8@8 50

NAILS.

Best Wheeling rates $3 20

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1879.

	Receipts. 1880.	1879.	Shipments. 1880.	1879.
Cattle	1,519	3,536	877	870
Hogs	5,566	4,791	2,172	2,173
Sheep	316	2,102	340	600

CATTLE—The market was slow in opening, but when business was inaugurated at about 10 a. m., it was quite lively. Sellers asked slight advances and in grass Texans they obtained to the extent of about 10c per 100 lbs. Offerings only moderate and as to quality quite fair. Texans brought from $2 40@3 10 per 100 lbs, and one large drove of 884 lbs average, brought $2 87½ per 100 lbs. Common mixed scarce and not wanted. The supply of native cattle was only moderate, and the "boys" as commission salesmen are termed by buyers, asked advances over the prices of Friday, which shippers were not quick in paying. However, after much discussion, buyers obtained the stock at unchanged prices. By the sales given below it will be seen fair figures were paid. Native butcher cows in light supply and dull. Milch cows with calves in fair supply and slow. Ruling quotations quiet.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Choice native steers	$4 60@4 75
Prime native steers, average 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	4 40@4 60
Good to prime steers, av. 1,100 to 1,850 lbs	4 15@4 30
Common to good grass steers	3 00@3 85
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, nominal	3 50@3 75
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 900, nominal	3 00@3 25
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 70@3 00
Common to fair native cows	2 00@2 60
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 25@3 75
Fair to good Colorado steers	3 75@4 40
Common to good grass Texans	2 00@3 10

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
16	native steers	1,303	$4 50
95	native steers	1,399	4 40
112	native steers	1,314	4 30
145	native steers	1,244	4 20
22	Texan steers	850	3 10
22	Texan steers	848	3 00
20	Texan steers	862	2 95
127	Texan steers	881	2 87½
22	Texan mixed	783	2 65
16	Texan mixed	692	2 40
10	native cows	994	2 75
25	native cows	749	2 50
23	native cows	808	2 45
11	native cows	800	2 25
36	native steers	1,211	4 20
72	native steers	1,195	4 05
12	native butchers	1,051	2 75
53	native steers	1,277	4 20

HOGS—The market was active this forenoon, and the moderate supply found ready sale at advances of 5@10c ₿ 100 lbs on all grades. The demand was in excess of the supply. Shippers paid from $5@5 10 for Yorkers and packers; from $5@5 25 for good mixed packing; heavy and select $5 30@5 40. Grass hogs slow at $4 40@4 70.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
85	190	$5 00	30	260	$5 30
81	192	5 10	16	220	5 15
72	185	5 00	33	260	5 25
14	190	5 05	44	241	5 20
18	198	5 10	40	206	5 05
19	196	5 10	33	196	5 05
46	190	5 10	60	212	5 15
52	186	5 05			

SHEEP—There is no change to note in the sheep market. Supply scant and demand fair, and altogether for fair to good and prime muttons. Lambs scarce. Values quiet.

Quote choice to extra $3 75 to $4; fair to good $3 25 to $3 75; medium to fair $3 to $3 25. Stock sheep $2 50@2 75. Scabby natives and Texas stockers not wanted. Lambs $1 50 to $3 per head.

Horses and Mules.

The inquiry for good sound horses for farm work and cavalry service quite fair and in excess of the supply. Common and plugs slow. Mules in light supply and moderate demand. Heavy mules are the only grades wanted. Values steady.

HORSES.

Common plugs	$20	to	$25
Good plugs	30	to	35
Southern plantation, good	45	to	55
Southern plantation, extra	75	to	90
Streeters	80	to	90
Saddle horses, common	70	to	80
Saddle horses, good	110	to	120
Saddle horses, extra	130	to	155
Drivers	80	to	90
Drivers, good to extra	100	to	150
Heavy draft—1300 to 1350 lbs	110	to	125
Heavy draft, extra 1400 to 1450	135	to	150

MULES.

14 hands	60	to	70
14½ hands	70	to	80
14¾ hands	100	to	110
15 hands	100	to	110
15½ hands	120	to	140
16 hands, extra	140	to	160

Live Stock by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, August 23.—Cattle in fair demand; receipts 3,400; prime $5 25@5 36½; good $4 63@5 12½; medium $4 12½@$4 50; common $3 50@4; mixed $3@3 37½. Sheep—Market inactive; receipts 13,000 prime.

CINCINNATI, August 23.—Hogs steady and firm; common $4@4 65; fair to good and light $4 85@5 10; packing $4 90@5 30; butchers $5 35@5 65.

CHICAGO, August 23.—Hogs—Receipts 23,000. Fairly active and steady. Light $5@5 30; mixed packing $4 80@5 05; heavy packing and shipping $5 10@5 50. Cattle—Receipts 5,400. Shipping and export steady, $4 20@5; butchers' $2@3; grass Texans $2 40@2 80.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, August 23.—Flour quiet; Western super $3@3 75; extra $4@4 75; family $5 @6. Wheat—Western higher but closed firm; No. 2 Western winter red spot and August, $1 07⅛@⅜; September, $1 08@⅛; October, $1 09⅛@⅜; November, $1 10@⅛. Corn—Western higher and strong; Western mixed spot and August, 52⅛@53; September, 53@53¼; October, 54⅛@54⅜. Oats higher and firm; Western white 39@39⅛; do mixed 34@35. Rye quiet, 82. Hay steady; prime to choice Pennsylvania $20 @21 per ton. Provisions firm; mess pork $15 75; bulk meats loose; shoulders—none offering; do packed 6⅛@9⅛; bacon shoulders 7; clear rib sides 10; hams 12½@13½; lard, refined, tierces, 9; butter steady; prime to choice Western packed 14½. Eggs firm at 15c.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Flour quiet, without important change; receipts 24,027 barrels; round hoop Ohio $4 20@4 50; choice do $5 10 @6 00; superfine Western $3 40@4 00; common to good extra do $3 90@4 35; choice do $4 40@6 25; choice white wheat do $4 25@ 4 65. Wheat—Shade stronger, rather quiet; sales 8,000 bushels No. 1 white September $1 08; 40,000 bu No. 2 red September $1 09; 136,000 bu do October $1 09⅛@1 10.

CHICAGO, August 23.—Wheat unsettled and higher; 89c cash, 90⅛c September, 91⅛c October. Corn unsettled and firmer at 40⅛c cash, 40⅛c bid September, 41⅛c October. Oats strong and higher at 27⅛c cash, 27⅛c September, 28⅛c October. Rye 76⅛c. Barley 76c. Whisky higher at $1 10. Pork easier at $17 10 for September, $16 65 October. Lard lower at 8.05c September, 8.15c October.

MILWAUKEE, August 23.—Wheat advanced ⅛@1⅛c; noon board firm; hard, nominal at 94⅛c September; 91⅜ October; 79 No. 3, 71 No. 4, 63½ rejected. Receipts 6,500, shipments 3,600. Coarse grains strong and higher. Corn 40⅛ for No. 2. Oats 27⅛ for No. 2. Rye 75c for No. 1. Barley 75⅛c for No. 1.

CINCINNATI, August 23.—Flour quiet; family $4 50@4 85. Wheat higher; No. 2 amber 92; No. 2 red 96@97. Corn strong and higher; No. 2 mixed 45. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 31½.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

Last Week of the Season.

This Evening at 8:30,
The CORELLI-LAURENT OPERA COMPANY.
CHIMES OF NORMANDY.
IN REHEARSAL—FATINITZA.

This Badge is gotten up in honor of the
SUPREME LODGE ENTERTAINMENT,
To take place Tuesday, August 24, 1880.



To be worn by Knights, Visitors and Citizens on that day. The same can be procured in any quantity of the manufacturers. Price, 25 Cents.
HASKELL ENGRAVING CO
216 Pine Street, St. Louis.

F. M. Corbin
Commission Merchant
Dealer in Field Seeds
118 Chestnut St. St. Louis

SECRET SOCIETIES.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF DAMON LODGE No. 28, K. of P., are commanded to appear at Castle Hall, southeast corner of Eleventh and Franklin avenue, Tuesday, at HALF-PAST ONE o'clock p. m., to take part in the parade.
Fine for non-attendance.
By order of H. CHAPMAN, C. C.
PHIL NORTON, K. of R. and S

ATTENTION, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—A handsome badge, gotten up in honor of the Supreme Lodge Entertainment, K. of P., August 24, 1880, to be worn by Knights, citizens and visitors on that day, can be procured from the Haskell Engraving Co., 216 Pine street. Price, 25 cents.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—Creditors of Geo. F. Garland will please take notice that the undersigned has declared a dividend of 20 per cent upon all claims allowed against said estate, payable on and after September 1, 1880, at his office, Room 23, Singer Building, St. Louis, Mo.
HUGO MUENCH, Assignee.
St. Louis, Mo., August 21, 1880.

DIED.

MOLONEY—On Sunday, the 22d inst., at 8 a. m., MALACHY MOLONEY, in the sixty-eighth year of his age.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 2232 Division street, on Tuesday, August 24, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Bridget's Church, where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul; thence to Calvary Cemetery.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

GOOD girl to cook, wash and iron in a small family; good wages; call room 21, Hotel Barnum, for three days, between 5 and 6 o'clock p. m.

WANTED—An experienced house and dining room man, well recommended. No. 1701 Washinton ave.

A FEW more talented young ladies and gents, aged between 16 and 19, to join a dramatic society. Address A. J. this office.

COLORED boy to act as house servant; must give good references. Enquire at 408 N. Fourth street.

1309 LINDEN ST.—A neatly furnished front room over the first floor; also a second story back room, for gents; rent per week $1 and $1 25; working class preferred.

801 MORGAN ST.—Lodgings 20c per night; first class beds.

YOUTH of 16 is wanting a place where he can work for his living for the next week; address J. A. B., Mound City House, 106 North Fifth st.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Oby Robirds and Priscilla Robirds, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 2d day of November, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book No. 511, at page 39, did convey to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in said city, viz.: Lots numbers twenty (20) and twenty-one (21) of block seven (7) of Daniel D. Page's second western addition to said city, a plat of said addition being on file in said Recorder's office, said lots having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on Boston street with a depth of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded south by Boston street, east by Spring avenue, north by alley and west by lot nineteen (19) of said addition; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain negotiable promissory notes therein described; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note; now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deeds of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, expose to sale by public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property above described, for the purpose of satisfying said note and interest and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

SAMUEL PEPPER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 23, 1880. 12Z

Pork quiet and unchanged. Bulk meats steady and unchanged. Bacon firm and unchanged. Whisky firm at $1 08.

NEW ORLEANS, August 23.—Flour—Dull; xxx $4 50@4 75; family $5@5 12½. Receipts 5,870. Corn—Firm; mixed 60c; white 67@ 68c; yellow 60@61c. Oats—Strong at 38@40c. Hay—Quiet; choice $21; prime $17. Bran—Steady at 67½@70c. Cornmeal—Quiet at $2 25.

TOLEDO, August 23.—Wheat opened firm, but easier towards close; No. 2 red Wabash cash 97⅛c; August 97⅛c; October 99c. Corn steady; high mixed 44⅛c; No. 2 seller September 44⅛c; October 44⅛c. Oats firm and nominal.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 23.—Wheat neglected. Corn easier; sales, 10,000 Western at 47c and 8,000 to arrive at 47⅛c. Oats dull. Canal freights unsettled—asking 7c on wheat and 6⅛c on corn.

DETROIT, August 23.—Flour quiet. Wheat firm; No. 1 white 97⅛c; August 97⅛c; September 96⅛c asked; October 96⅛c for No. 2 white; receipts of wheat 56,000; shipments 47,000.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., August 23.—Arrived: C. N. Davis, Evansville, 4 a. m.; Guiding Star, St. Louis, 5; City of Greenville, St. Louis, 10; Fannie Tatum, St. Louis, 10; J. W. Gaff, Cincinnati, 11. Departed: C. N. Davis, Evansville, noon; Greenville, Vicksburg, noon. Fair and hot.

EVANSVILLE, August 23.—Port list: Down—Dora Cabler, 10:35 p. m.; Golden Rule, 8:30 a. m. Up—Idlewild, 4 a. m.; Dora Cabler, 11:15. Clear and hot, wind southwest and south, mercury 74 to 89, barometer 29⅞ and rising. River 4 feet and rising. Business light.

WHEELING, W. VA., August 23.—River nine feet two inches and falling. Coal tows passing down since early this morning. Weather clear and pleasant.

CINCINNATI, O., August 23.—River 13 feet 6 inches and rising. Clear and pleasant. Arrived: Buckeye State, Huntington.

NEW ORLEANS, August 23.—No arrivals. Departed: Grand Lake and barges Sunday, St. Louis. Weather clear and warm.

PITTSBURG, August 23.—River 5 feet 4 inches and falling. Weather clear and warm. C. W. Batchelor leaves at 12 m.

MEMPHIS, August 23.—River falling. Arrived: Ste. Genevieve, St. Louis. Weather warm.

Marine.

QUEENSTOWN, August 23.—Arrived out: Britannic, St. Lawrent, and Willard, from New York.

NEW ORLEANS, August 23.—Arrived steamship City of Mexico, Caribbean, Vera Cruz.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Arrived: Circassia, from Glasgow.

GLASGOW, August 23.—Arrived: State of Georgia, from New York.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, Cith of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Wednesday, June 30, 1880.
Robert Laessig
vs.
Anna Laessig.

It appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between her and said defendant, on the ground that the defendant, wholly disregarding her duty as the wife of the plaintiff, has willfully absented herself from the abode of plaintiff without just cause for more than one year last past; and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 2d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 38V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, July 9, 1880.
Susanah Earl and Abel R. Earl
vs.
Geo. W. Hart, Henry P. Hart, Nelson R. Collins, William Spaulding, J. C. Lullman and Isaac Hart.

Now, at this day, it appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit this day filed herein, that the defendants George W. Hart and Isaac Hart are non-residents of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiffs by attorneys, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree in partition of the following described property, to-wit:

A piece or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the western line of Third one hundred and twenty-three feet three inches from the southeast corner of block number 77, north of said southeast corner of said block; thence westwardly with the north line of Survey number 257, according to the plat of Brow's survey in the office of the United States Surveyor General for the District of Missouri, one hundred and sixty-six feet six and one-half inches to the northwest corner of said survey No. 257; thence southwardly with the west line of said survey twenty-nine feet five inches; thence eastwardly in a direct line to a point in the western line of Third street thirty feet nine and three-fourths inches from the point of beginning; thence northwardly with said western line of Third street thirty feet nine and three-fourths inches, and being the same property acquired by the late James Hart of Adelaide Aubuchon, widow of Michael Morin, Antoine Morin and Therese Berger, by deed dated March 12, 1847, and recorded in book F No. 4 pages 446 and following.

2. A certain lot or parcel of ground in block No. 162 of said city and being the north half of a lot acquired by Samuel H. Speelman of Richard W. Ulrici and Estelle, his wife, by deed dated October 8, 1846, and recorded in book L No. 4, pages 335 and 336, and being 16 feet front on the west side of Fifth street by 127 feet 6 inches to an alley fifteen feet wide, and bounded east by Fifth street, south by Roe, west by an alley and north by lot No. 14, according to a map of the Commissioners appointed by the Circuit Court to partition lands between the heirs of August Chouteau.

3. A piece or parcel of land in Daniel D. Page's western addition to the city of St. Louis, and containing a front of 26 feet on the east side of Leonard avenue, and with that width extending eastwardly 122 feet 6 inches to the east line of said addition, and being a strip of ground off the north part of lot No. nine of said addition 26 feet wide on Leonard avenue by a depth eastwardly of 122 feet 6 inches to the east line of said addition, and bounded north by lot No. 8 of said addition, east by the east line of said addition, south by the residue of said lot 9, and west by Leonard avenue.

4. A lot of ground in block No. 1028 of said city, containing a front of 25 feet on the south line of Dickson street, and a depth south of 118 feet 3 inches to an alley, and being known as lot No. 40 of block No. 63 of Stoddard's addition to the City of St. Louis, bounded north by Dickson street, east by lot No. 41 of said block, south by said alley, and west by lot No. 39 of said block.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed, and a decree rendered as prayed for.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 16th day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 45X
HUDGINS & DAVIS, att'ys for plaintiffs.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri.
vs.
Charles F. Richardson.
| No. 1461. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that said defendant, Charles F. Richardson, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

A lot in city block No 144 on Fifth street, being 32 feet and 8 inches in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth and bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by Biddle street, on the east by Fifth street, on the south by the real estate of one Biddle, and on the west by the real estate of one Murphy, for the sum of one hundred and sixty-four dollars and thirty-two cents; being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 22d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk. 19V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, April Term, 1880.
Wednesday, May 26th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Henry W. Sargeant, Joseph M. Gazzam, Alexander G. Cockran, William H. Horner, Phoebe Hunt, Robert W. Hunt, Emily Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Mary Moulds, George F. Moulds.
| No. 1337. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that the defendants Henry W. Sargent, Joseph M. Gazzam, Emily Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Mary Moulds and George F. Moulds cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. Lots 4, 5, 6 and 7 in city block 44 o Risley addition or survey, having each a front width of 20 feet on Second street by a depth or length each of 108 feet and 5 inches.

No. 2. Lot 8 in city block 44, in addition or survey of Risley, having a front width of 20 feet and 7 inches on Second street by a depth or length of 108 feet and 5 inches.

No. 3. Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, in city block 44, in the addition or survey of Risley, having each a front width of 19 feet on Risley street by a depth or length each of 85 feet and 3 inches.

No. 4. Lot 13 and the south part of lot 14, in city block 44, in addition or survey of Risley, having a front width on Risley street of 26 feet and 6 inches by a depth or length of 85 feet and 3 inches; that is to say, for the sum of $25 20, interest and costs, against each of lots number 4, 5 and 7, embraced in the description of the real estate numbered one herein; for the sum of $226 80-100, interest and costs against lot number 6, in the description numbered one herein; for the sum of $26 04-100, interest and costs against the real estate numbered two herein; for the sum of $12 32-100, interest and costs against each of the lots mentioned and described in the real estate numbered 3 herein; for the sum of $17 08-100, interest and costs against the real estate numbered 4 herein, being for back taxes due and unpaid against said real estate for the year 1877.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petion, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 21st day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL. Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Plaintiff's Attorney. 9V

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the state of Missouri,
vs.
Robert S. Carr, Isaiah V. Williamson, cestui que trust, and Franklin A. Dick, trustee.
| No. 1475. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that said defendants Isaiah V. Williamson and Franklin A. Dick, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of five hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-six cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, to-wit:

Number one. Three lots in city block number 945, on Wash street, each being 25 feet in front or width and 155 feet and 3 inches in length or depth and being known as lots 28, 29 and 30 respectively, in block 6, in Carr's addition to said city.

Number two. A lot in city block number 945, on Wash street, being 15 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 155 feet and 3 inches in length or depth, and being known as the east part of lot 27 in block 6, in Carr's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 26th day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Plaintiff's Attorney. 70V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Nicholas Ferrin and Clement Bevelot.
| No. 1452. |

Now at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and, by leave of court, files an amended petition in this cause, wherein it is alleged that said defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of $45 45.6, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

The south part of lot No. 19 in block No. 37 of Survey No. 4, and in city block No. 3168 of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 20 feet on Seventh street by a depth of 140 feet; being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the years 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876 and 1877.

And unless they appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 23d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
KING & CHAPIN, attorneys for plaintiff. 41V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, April Term, 1880.
Wednesday, May 26, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, plaintiff,
vs.
John Flournoy, Annie H. Flournoy, his wife, Francis W. Foley, cestui que trust, Joseph T. Donovan, trustee, Josephine E. Bryan, trustee for Emaline Bryan and Emma M. Bryan, cestui que trust, Emaline Bryan, Emma M. Bryan, Henry M. Bryan, trustee, Maria L. Obear, cestui que trust, William J. Dyer, Thomas W. Dyer, Walter T. Dyer, Frank T. Dyer, John B. Dyer, Richard Z. Dyer, Rozella V. Dyer and Abner W. Dyer, defendants.
(No. 995.)

Now at this day comes the plaintiff by its attorney and dismisses this cause as to the defendants Annie H. Flournoy and Francis W. Foley. It appearing to the Court from the return of the Sheriff on the writ in this cause that the defendants William J. Dyer, Thomas W. Dyer, Walter P. Dyer, Frank P. Dyer, Rozella V. Dyer and Abner W. Dyer cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Number Six. A lot in city block number 1826, on Bonhomme street, being 32 feet in front or width, and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth, and being lot 1 in block 4 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Seven. A lot in city block number 1826, on Bonhomme street, being 25 feet in front or width, and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth; and being lot 2 in block 4, in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Eight. A lot in city block number 1826 on Bonhomme street, being 25 feet in front or width and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth, and being lot 3 in block 4 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Nine. A lot in city block number 1827, on Guilford street, being 30 feet in front or width and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth, and being lot 6 and the east part of lot 5 in block 3 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Ten. A lot in city block number 1827 on Guilford street, being 25 feet in front or width, and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth and being lot 7 in block 3 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Eleven. A lot in city block number 1827 on Guilford street, being 25 feet in front or width and 132 feet and 6 inches in depth, and being lot 8 in block 3 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Twelve. A lot in city block number 1829 on Caswell street, being 25 feet in front or width and 113 feet in depth, and being lot 15 in block 1 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

Number Thirteen. A lot in city clock number 1829 on Caswell street, being 25 feet in front or width and 113 feet in depth, and being lot 16 in block 1 in Darby's Compton Hill addition to said city.

That is to say, for the sum of $11 98.75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Six herein; for the sum of $9 24.75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Seven herein; for the sum of $9 24.75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Eight herein; for the sum of $10 96 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Nine herein; for the sum of $9 24 75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Ten herein; for the sum of $9 24.75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Eleven herein; for the sum of $9 24.75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Twelve herein; for the sum of $9 24.75-100 interest and costs against the real estate numbered Thirteen herein; being for back taxes due and unpaid on said described real estate for the year 1876. John Flournoy, one of the defendants herein, is the owner of said real estate; and unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 21st day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 20V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Thursday, July 22, 1880.
Sarah Louise Raymand
vs.
Frank Raymond.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant, since his marriage with plaintiff, has been addicted to habitual drunkenness, that he has been guilty of such abusive, cruel and barbarous treatment of plaintiff as to endanger her life; and that he has abandoned plaintiff, and for a decree of this court restoring to plaintiff her former name of Sarah Louise Miles, and for alimony.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 47X

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, April Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Asby A. Chouteau, Jerome F. Mullen, cestui que trust and Charles Green, trustee.
| No. 1464. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that said defendant Asby A. Chouteau cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of one hundred and one dollars and ninety-two cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

A lot in city block number 146, on Seventh street, being 20 feet in front or width and 127 feet and 9 inches in length or depth, and bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by the real estate of one Chouteau, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Valle, and on the west by Seventh street.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 23d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 46V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, April Term, 1880.
Wednesday, May 26th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Upton Boyce, trustee of Sarah G. Wright, deceased, and the unknown heirs of said Sarah G. Wright, deceased, Bertha Bobzenthal and Nathan D. Allen.
| No. 418. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that all of the within named defendants, except Nathan D. Allen, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of eighty-seven 86.4-100 dollars, interest and costs, apportioned equally against the following real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Lots numbered 9 and 10 in block 1763 of said city and in block A of Marine Villa addition, each of said lots having 25 feet front on Marine avenue by a depth of 140 feet; being for the back taxes due on said real estate for the years 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875 and 1876. The petition in this cause alleges that said defendant Upton Boyce was appointed trustee of Sarah G. Wright, that said Sarah G. Wright has since died and her estate has been fully administered by the public administrator; that the records of said administration do not show who, if any, are the heirs of said Sarah G. Wright, and that plaintiff knows of no means of information to ascertain who the heirs of said Sarah G. Wright are, and therefore charges that they are unknown; that said defendants Bertha Bobzenthal and said Nathan D. Allen claim a separate interest in said land under tax deeds to them.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 20th day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
F. SPIES, Attorney. 16V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri.
vs.
Frank W. Page.
| No. 1460. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that Frank W. Page, defendant herein, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem against the following described real estate situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot in city block No. 532, on Morgan street, being 83 feet in front or width and 53 feet in depth or length, being in Christy's addition, and being known as the east parts of lots Nos. 9 and 10 in block 6 thereof.

No. 2. A lot in city block No. 583, east on Sixth street, being 25 feet in front or width and 55 feet and 6 and ¾ inches in length or depth, being in Benoist and Ewing's addition, and being known as lot 6 in block A thereof: that is to say, for the sum of $263 and 12-100 dollars, interest and costs against the real estate described as number one herein; and for the sum of $51 and 74-100 dollars, interest and costs against the real estate numbered two herein, being for back taxes due and unpaid against said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 22d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 17V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, July 30, 1880.
Alvah F. Hamilton,
vs
Abba C Hamilton.

It appearing from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and that service upon her cannot be had by the officers of this court, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that the defendant without any reasonable cause known to plaintiff abandoned him, leaving his home in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and has absented herself from him for more than three years next before the filing of said petition and still continues to be absent.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 4th day of August, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 10Y

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Thursday, July 22, 1880.
Estate of Charles Holzhauzen.

Now, at this day, comes Louise Holzhausen, administratrix of the estate of Charles Holzhausen, deceased, and presents to the Court her petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 23d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} W. E. WAGNER. Clerk.
MATTHEW O'REILLEY, attorney. 46X

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, April Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Caroline Bartels and Louis Bartels.
| No. 1507. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that said defendants cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of eighty-seven dollars and thirty-six cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sixteenth street, 210 feet in front or width and 359 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being part of lot 3 in block 4, in Penrose's addition to said city, and bounded as follows: On the north by the real estate of one Dieterick's estate, on the east by Sixteenth street, on the south by the real estate of one Carlin, on the west by the real estate of one Wilshusen's estate.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 23d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 47V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Alexander F. Hume, Israel Williams, Benjamin Walter, Margaret Reiter, Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, Edward White, trustee.
| No. 1576. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that Israel Williams, Alexander F. Hume and Margaret Reiter, of the defendants herein, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the Court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced, against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of ninety-five dollars and forty-four and ½ cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground on Prairie avenue, 250 feet in front and 270 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the western half of lot 7 in block 1, in Page and McPherson's addition to said city.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Prairie avenue, 238 feet 8 inches in front or width and 270 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 1, in Page and McPherson's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 26th day of July 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 69V

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1880.
Friday, June 11th, 1880.
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Dorothea Rott.
| 1519. |

The sheriff having made return on the writ in this cause that said defendant Dorothea Rott cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of one hundred and twenty-one dollars and ninety-four cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Number 1. Four lots of ground on Michigan avenue, in city block 1626, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lots Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16 respectively, in block 72 of the city commons.

Number two. Four lots of ground on Minnesota avenue, in city block 1626, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in lenth or depth, being lots 17, 18, 19 and 20 respectively, in block 72 of city commons.

Number three. A lot of ground on Chippewa street, in city block 1626, containing 2 and 34-100 acres, and being in block 72 of city commons and bounded as follows: On the north by Chippewa street, on the east by Minnesota avenue, on the south by the real estate of defendant and on the west by the real estate of one Hasse.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid for the year 1878.

And unless she appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 23d day of July, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
M. B. JONAS, Attorney for Plaintiff. 52V

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Catharine Elizabeth Otto, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

CATHARINE ELIZABETH OTTO,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 19th day of May, 1880. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 19th day of May, 1880.

FREDERICK WM. BARTH, Executor.
40V

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, guardian of the estate of

CHAS. W. HENGLER,

has made a just and true exhibit of the accounts between himself and his said ward, and has filed the same with the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, and that on the first day of the next September term thereof, to be holden at the Court-house of said city on the second Monday of September, 1880, he intends to apply to said Court for leave to make final settlement of his guardianship accounts and for his discharge as guardian of said estate.

JOHN H. HENGLER, Guardian of Chas. W. Hengler.
August 16, 1880. 78Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the partnership estate of

H. STEINMEYER & CO.,

that I, the undersigned surviving partner of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house, in said city, on the second Monday of September next.

JOHN M. ESTEL, Surviving Partner of H. Steinmeyer & Co.
St. Louis, August 7, 1880. 6Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

LOUIS WIRTHLIN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix de bonis non of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the second Monday of September next.

MARGARET WIRTHLIN, Administratrix d. b. n. of the estate of Louis Wirthlin, deceased.
St. Louis, August 7, 1880. 2Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

WILLIAM ROBERSON,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

LUCY A. ROBERSON, Administratrix of Wm. Roberson, deceased.
St. Louis, August 7, 1880. 5Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Creditors and others interested in the estate of

CATHARINE FUTTERKNECHT,

deceased, are notified that the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intends to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house, in said city, on the second Monday of September, 1880.

CARL FUTTERKNECHT, Administrator of the estate of Ca harine Futterknecht, deceased. 11Y

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas The City University a corporation created and established by an act of the Legislature of the State of Missouri, by deed of trust dated the first day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 520, page 544, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described, the following described lot of ground, situated in block number 507, of said city of St. Louis, and thus particularly described: Beginning at the northeast corner of Sixteenth and Pine streets, and running thence north along the east line of Sixteenth street one hundred and nine feet one inch, to an alley fifteen feet wide, running east and west through the center of said block, thence east along the south line of said alley, eighty-three feet, to a lot now or formerly of Joseph M. Ghio; thence south and parallel to Sixteenth street, one hundred and nine feet one inch, to the north line of Pine street; thence west along the north line of Pine street eighty-three feet to the east line of Sixteenth street, the point of beginning. And being bounded north by said alley, east by a line 83 feet east of the east line of Sixteenth street, south by Pine street, and west by Sixteenth street, together with the "City University" building erected thereon, and all appertaining and belonging thereto.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note, as well as a part of one of the interest notes in said deed of trust described. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said principal note, as well as said unpaid interest note, by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the provisions thereof, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF AUGUST 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, proceed to sell the property above described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to satisfy said debt and the expenses of executing this trust.

CHARLES S. HAYDEN, Trustee
St. Louis, July 30th, 1880. 23X

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the partnership estate of

STERNBERG & LEVY,

a partnership composed of Jacob Sternberg, deceased, and Jacob Levy, that I, the undersigned administrator, with the will annexed, of said Jacob Sternberg, deceased, having been duly authorized and empowered to administer and settle said partnership estate, and having administered and settled the same according to law, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, to be held at the Court-house, in said city, on the second Monday of September, 1880.

LEOPOLD STEINBERGER, Administrator as aforesaid.
St. Louis, Mo., August 9, 1880. 12Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

ROBERT WIRTHLIN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator de bonis non of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next

JULIUS E. JAEGER.
Administrator d. b. n. of estate of Robert Wirthlin, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., August 7, 1880. 4Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

JOHN PORTO,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

PETER PORTO. Adm'r of John Porto, dec'd.
St. Louis, Mo., August 7, 1880. 3Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

HENRY WESTHUS,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the second Monday of September next.

FRANCES WESTHUS, Executrix of Hy. Westhus, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., August 9, 1880. 1Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

WESLEY FALLON,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

GEORGE DENNISON, Administrator of Wesley Fallon, deceased.
St. Louis, August 6, 1880. 95X

NOTICE OF RESIGNATION.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, curator of the estate of Charles Menke, a minor, will, at the September term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September, 1880, apply to said court for leave to resign the office and trust of curator of said estate.

LEO RASSIEUR. Curator of the estate of Chas. Menke, a minor.
St. Louis, August 7, 1880. 9Y

NOTICE OF RESIGNATION.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, curator of the estates of William Linze, Henry Linze, Catharine Linze and August Linze, minors, will, at the September term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September, 1880, apply to said court for leave to resign the office and trust of curator of said estates.

LORENZ LAMPEL, Curator of the estates of said minors.
St. Louis, August 7, 1880. 8Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

AUGUST STEIN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

LORENZ LAMPEL, Administrator of August Stein, deceased.
St. Louis, August 7, 1880. 7Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

JACOB STERNBERG,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator, with the will annexed, of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court in the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house of said city on the second Monday of September next.

LEOPOLD STEINBERGER. Administrator, with the will annexed, of Jacob Sternberg, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., August 9, 1880. 13Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors and all others interested in the estate of

ANDREW EINSTMANN,

late of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September, A. D. 1880.

CHARLES H. TEICHMANN, Executor of Andrew Einstmann, deceased.
St. Louis, July 24, 1880. 39V

ESTATE of Hannah Martin, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

HANNAH MARTIN,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 10th day of July, 1880. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1880.

JAMES H. PASSMORE, Administrator
970

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF PERSONALTY.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Public Administrator of the City of St. Louis, having charge of the estate of

FELIX A. WERNER,

deceased, will, on Saturday, the 28th day of August, A. D. 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., sell at public auction, at the auction house of Block, Tyler & Co., No. 412 Pine street, St. Louis, the personalty belonging to the estate of deceased, consisting of one set of bedroom furniture, one sofa, one wardrobe, one spring mattress and bedding, two trunks and one valise containing wearing apparel, two old pistols and two old silver watches. Terms cash.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Public Administrator.
St. Louis, Mo., August 19, 1880. 98Y

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF PERSONALTY.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Public Administrator of the City of St. Louis, having charge of the estate of

ELIZA HAMMOND,

deceased, will, on Saturday, August 28, 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., sell at public sale, at the auction house of Block, Tyler & Co., No 412 Pine street, St. Louis, the personalty belonging to the estate of said deceased, consisting of one lounge, one stove, one table, one lady's gold watch, two trunks containing wearing apparel, etc., etc.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Public Administrator.
St. Louis, Mo., August 18, 1880. 97Y

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the St. Louis Probate Court on the 24th day of July, 1880, appointed the undersigned guardian of Margaret Hart, an insane person.

JOHN P. MULLALLY, Guardian of Margaret Hart.
St. Louis, July 28, 1880. 60V

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas J. Henry Lueders and Caroline Lueders, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated September 18, 1878, recorded in book 599, page 235, of the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: First, lot number eight (8) of block number one (1) of Helgenberger's subdivision of block number eleven (11) in survey number two (2) of the former city of Carondelet, now part of St. Louis; said lot 8 contains a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the west side of Fifth street, running westwardly of equal width one hundred and fourteen (114) feet, more or less, to an alley, bounded north by lot seven (7), east by Fifth street, south by lot nine (9), and west by alley, being same lot acquired by J. Henry Lueders by deed recorded in the office of the Recorder of the city of St. Louis, book 470, page 345. Second, a lot in block number twenty-seven (27) of survey number two (2) of Carondelet commons north of River des Peres, commencing at a point four hundred and thirty-nine feet eleven and three-fourths inches (439 feet 11¾ inches) distant westwardly from the intersection of the west line of Grand avenue with the south line of Loughborough avenue; thence running southwardly parallel with Eugene avenue 245 feet, more or less, to a point in the north line of French avenue; thence running westwardly along the said north line of French avenue fifty (50) feet to a point; thence northwardly parallel with Eugene avenue 245 feet, more or less, to a point in the south line of Loughborough avenue; thence along said south line east fifty (50) feet to place of beginning, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas said notes have matured and remain due and unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

THURSDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, for cash, for the purpose of said trust.

VALLE REYBURN, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 16, 1880. 79Y

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Amedee Valle and Mary L., his wife, by their deed of trust, dated May 31st, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city of St. Louis, in book 549, page 359, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: That certain lot of ground and improvements beginning in the northeast corner of block one hundred and five of said city of St. Louis, at the intersection of Fourth and Elm streets, thence running south with the west line of Fourth street twenty feet to a point, thence west parallel with Elm street eighty feet to a private alley four feet wide, thence north with the eastern line of said private alley twenty feet to Elm street, thence east with the south line of Elm street to the point of beginning; bounded north by Elm street, east by Fourth street, south by lot of said Amedee Valle, and west by said private alley; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and, whereas the principal note has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

THURSDAY, THE 9TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., sell the above described real estate, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of said trust.

ANDREW B. SMILEY. Trustee.

The above described lot was sold to Joseph Allen, who assumed the payment of the above principal note.

AMEDEE VALLEE.
St. Louis, August 16, 1880. 77G

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Pursuant to and for the purposes of a deed of trust executed by Sarah Ann Ransom (formerly Smith) and Luther Babcock, her trustee, to the undersigned, and dated December 28, 1874, recorded in book No. 515 page 173, of the Recorder's office of the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Missouri, notice is hereby given that on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 12 o'clock at noon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, I will sell to the highest bidder, at public vendue, for cash, to satisfy said deed of trust, the following described lots or parcels of ground, being part of that described in and conveyed by said deed of trust, to-wit: Lot No. 17 and a strip five feet in width off the west side of lot No. 18, as designated by plat on subdivision in partition of the estate of James Humphreys, deceased, among his heirs, of record in plat book volume 7, page 47, of the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, excepting from this sale a strip two feet in width off the west side of said lot 17 sold to Ann O'Mara. The parcel to be sold contains a front of thirty-three feet on the north line of Gratiot street by one hundred and one feet deep to an alley sixteen feet wide.

Also lot No. 26 and a strip five feet in width off of the west side of lot No. 25 in the same subdivision, containing together a front of thirty-three feet on the south side of Hair street, by a depth of one hundred and one feet to said alley, all as per plat of said subdivision, to which reference is here made.

JULIUS CONRAD. Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., August 16, 1880. 76Y

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Rudolph Strenz and Margaret, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 23d day of August, 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 576, page 184, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described leasehold estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: The unexpired term of lease of all that lot of ground, together with the buildings and improvements erected thereon, in the St. Louis Commons, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, lying in block number sixty-three of said commons, commencing at a point on the north line of President street, a street running eastwardly and westwardly through said block, 220 feet eastwardly from the western line of said block, thence northwardly and parallel to the western line of said block 150 feet, more or less, to an alley twenty feet wide, thence eastwardly along the south line of said alley 125 feet, thence southwardly and parallel to the western line of said block 150 feet, more or less, to President street, and thence westwardly along the north line of President street 125 feet to the place of beginning. It being the same leasehold estate acquired of Elihu H. Shepard by indenture of lease dated April 1, 1858, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 253, page 188. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure to J. Kiburz the payment of three promissory notes in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the first of said notes, now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that at the request of the holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, I will on

THURSDAY, THE 26TH OF AUGUST, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property above described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and expenses of executing this trust.

LEO RASSIEUR, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., August 3, 1880. 9X

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Wellesley Fisher and Alice C. Fisher, his wife, and Wellesley Fisher, trustee for said Alice C. Fisher, acting under her written instructions and direction, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 20th day of November, A. D. 1878, and recorded in book 599, page 49?, of the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot in city block number 925, having a front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Chestnut street by a depth southwardly of eighty feet to an alley, said lot being known as lot No. 28, block No. 2, of Adam L. Mills' western addition to the city of St. Louis, as per the recorded plat thereof; said lot being bounded north by the south line of Chestnut street, east by lot No. 29 of said block No. 2, south by an alley 11 feet 8 inches wide, and west by lot No. 27 of said block; which conveyance was made in trust to the undersigned to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of four of said notes. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, will, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the cost of executing this trust.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., August 20, 1880. 4Z

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, HORSES, Etc.—Pursuant to the terms of a certain chattel mortgage executed by Frederick Moehlenbrock on the 28th September, 1877, recorded in Book of Personalty No. 7, page 348, of the Records of the City of St. Louis, I, the undersigned, mortgagee in said chattel mortgage, will sell at the stable of Frederick Moehlenbrock, No. 3737 Broadway, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following personal property, being part of the property secured by said chattel mortgage, to-wit: 4 double carriages, 4 buggies, 2 spring-wagons, 1 barouche and 7 horses, on

TUESDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1880,

at 12 o'clock m., for the purposes of paying the debt and interest secured by said chattel mortgage, and satisfying the necessary costs, charges and expenses incurred by said proceedings and sale.

GEO. PH. SCHNUR, Mortgagee.
W. C. BRAGG, Attorney, 600 Olive st.
St. Louis, August 20, 1880. 6Z

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—On Tuesday, the 24th day of August, 1880, I will sell at the office of Thomas Campbell, Justice of the Peace of the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh wards, at Rock Springs, one dapple-gray mare and one light spring wagon and one set of harness, in default of the payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty-two dollars loaned by me on said property to Henry H. Miller, said amount being now due and unpaid. Said sale being in compliance with the provisions made in a certain chattel mortgage entered into between the said Henry H. Miller and the undersigned on the 2d day of March, 1880. PETER SCHMIDT. 3Z
St. Louis, Mo., August 19, 1880.

BOSTON LETTER.

How the Hub Enjoys the Summer—Literary Notes.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, August 18.—No sweet, dreamless sleep has Boston been able to indulge in this summer. If it sinks into a fitful slumber under the glare of the noonday sun, it is awakened all too soon by the tramp of many feet tracing their steps homewards after the day's work in the heart of the town. Even this midday siesta is disturbed on cool days, when the refreshing east winds blow across the city directly from the broad Atlantic. These are the days when the dry goods stores are well patronized; when the so-called fortunates who "summer" at the neighboring beaches come to town to do a little "shopping," and mayhap to make a hasty visit to their city homes to make sure they have not been spirited away during the family's sojourn in the country.

To judge from the number of people on the streets and in the stores down town, a stranger might suppose that Boston people never went out of town. The fact is very few families do go out of town for the entire season. Bostonians are sensible. They make visits here and there at different places of interest, but keep their city homes open and ready for occupancy, when the desire should seize them to return to town. Not much do we bar up our houses, leaving them in such a condition that if a sudden unexpected return to the city home is necessary, the first tour through the house will be through hot, stifled, dusty rooms, looking cheerless and forlorn in the dim light afforded from the blinded window.

The greater part of the inhabitants of the Hub enjoy a week or a two weeks' vacation out of town; many spend their vacations at some of the numerous beaches in the harbor, as they are so easy of access. One of the prettiest places in the harbor is Downer's Landing. This popular resort has only been in existence a few years, and the rapidity with which it has increased in public favor is wonderful. There is an excellent hotel near the landing which accommodates a large number of guests, and at a short distance from the steamboat wharf is situated the justly famous Melville Garden. The variety of amusements offered to the public by the managers or the garden is almost innumerable. Edmand's band is stationed in the cool, open dance hall day and evening, whence sweet, bewitching strains steal forth, and where all lovers of the terpsichorean art may trip the "light fantastic toe" to their hearts' content. If one's taste is more romantic and inclines one to wander through shaded valleys, there is ample opportunity in the back part of the garden, where basky dells and singing rivulets, hills and dales beckon the visitor onward.

Nantasket Beach is called the Coney Island of Boston, on account of the large numbers of people who daily visit the place. Standing on the wharf on the arrival of the steamers and watching the tide of humanity as it passes on in quest of pleasure, one can but wonder where all the people come from. It seems impossible that the small steamers can carry so many passengers safely. On the arrival of each steamer there is a train in waiting ready to start for Point Allerton, situated three miles from the steamboat wharf. This ride is delightful and is well worth the time spent in taking it; the only trouble is it comes to an end too soon. The road is laid on the beach at the water's edge, and the waves come rolling in and break into beautiful white spray, almost directly beneath the car window. The sea breezes are delightful, and the trip is unattended by dust and cinders, which so often mar the pleasure of a journey in the steam cars.

The theaters are soon to open their doors again to the public, who will gaze with wondering and delighted eyes, not only on the stage, but at the new decorations which are now about completed.

The Park Theater opens next Monday evening with "Drerms; or, Fun in a Photograph Gallery," by Willie Edoum and Nat Childs. The company is a strong one, including Willie Edouin, Jacques, Kruger, Frank Sawyer, Alice Atherton and many other famous artists.

The Boston Theater also opens on Monday evening next, with James A. Hearne's "Hearts of Oak," being the first production of the play in this city. The scenery is to be on a superb scale, and the talent engaged is of a fine order.

Two new books recently issued by D. Lothrop & Co. are well worthy of mention. "The Might of Right," from the writings of William Ewart Gladstone, selected by E. E. Brown, and "A New Graft," by Pansy. The former belongs to the "Spare Minute Series," and is arranged in such a manner that the book may be read at odd moments. There is a short sketch of the life of William Gladstone at the beginning, which is very interesting. The book will repay careful thought and careful reading. Pansy's latest work, "A New Graft," is, if such a thing is possible, superior to her former works. The story is exceedingly interesting, and as to the "preaching," it contains just enough to be a pleasure to read. OUIDA CLARE.

The Little Western's Voyage.

[From the London Standard.]

Among the attractions just now at the Aquarium is the "dory" boat Little Western, in which two young American seamen, named G. P. Thomas and Frederick Norman, have just completed a risky passage across the Atlantic. The Little Western is 16 feet 7 inches long over all, 6 feet 7 inches wide, 2 feet 6 inches deep, with raking stem and stern, sharp at both ends, her flat bottom being 13 feet 6 inches long, and 3 feet wide amidships. She left Gloucester, Mass., which is about thirty miles northeast of Boston, on the 12th of June, carrying 500 pounds of general ballast, 50 gallons of fresh water, 100 pounds of bread, 50 pounds of tinned beef and tongue, 48 tins of canned fruit, 12 tins of condensed coffee, some chocolate, milk, corn meal, oat meal, dried fruit, and a few knick-knacks pressed on them by sympathizing friends as they were leaving. They were unfortunate in their weather, for the passage was made against a succession of strong easterly winds, high seas, and what American sailors call "fall" weather, instead of the pleasant time it was fair to expect in midsummer. They encountered a strong gale on the 21st of June, in latitude 42 degs. 30 m. north, longitude 60 degs. west, had to heave to and were blown back seventy miles. Two seas were shipped during this anxious time, and baling was the order of the day. When the wind lulled a little they found themselves attended by a party of sharks, which swam round and round, eyeing them in so unpleasantly suggestive a style that they hauled in their *drogue* and jammed their little craft on the wind, preferring the chance of getting swamped to remaining in such company. The best day's work was performed when in mid-ocean, a slant of wind enabling them to log 100 miles as the day's run. On this day the Little Western bowled off nine knots an hour for several hours in succession, showing that if she had been favored with westerly winds she could have made a good passage. As it was she was forty-three days from Gloucester to Scilly, a distance of about 2,700 miles. This gives a daily average distance made good of nearly sixty-three miles, which, for so small a boat, against high winds and head seas, is a very creditable performance. The men had a sextant, but no chronometer, and the wet soon stopped the only watch they had. They navigated, therefore, by dead reckoning, checked by meridian altitudes of the sun; and, considering their difficulties, made a wonderfully good landfall, a lift in the haze, about 6 p. m. on July 28th, showing them the Bishop's Rock Light-house, just when, by calculation, they should have been within sight of the islands.

IN an editorial article concerning the most satisfactory experience of Stacy Hill, Esq., of Mt. Aburn Inclined Plane Railway, Cincinnati, Ohio, with the St. Jacobs Oil, which rendered him such immense service in Sciatic Rheumatism as to justify him in giving the assurance that the benefit was something extraordinary, the Star, of that city, says: It must appear that the statements made by these parties, many of national reputation, are fully justified by the facts, and that St. Jacobs Oil is a boon of incalculable value to the noble army of rheumatic martyrs all over the world.

DAFFODIL'S HUSBAND.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

The sun had dropped behind the tall towers of St. George's twin-steepled church, the soft June twilight was setting, like an impalpable vail of liquid amethyst, over all the little apartments, and Daffodil Grey stood at the window, carelessly toying with the geranium leaves, that gave out a sweet, pungent fragrance to the touch of her fingers, and thinking—thinking!

It was just six months, this day, since she was married—six months since she had left the old farm in Chester county, and come to the great city to live.

"You'll be desperately homesick!" Aunt Jocasta had said, with a solemn shake of the head.

"Not with John!" she had responded, radiantly.

"Just fancy," groaned Aunt Jocasto, "exchanging all these fields and hills for a city flat!"

"Every one lives in flats nowadays," Daffodil had retorted; "and John says I shall find things very convenient."

"Humph!" said Aunt Jocasta; "I never was in love myself, but I've been told that people who are would believe anything. I suppose John is law and gospel to you now!"

"Of course," said Daffodil, laughing.

So she had married the young hero of her hopes and dreams, and gone to the great, crowded city to live. And the flat had been Arcadia to her—that is, just at first, when the honeymoon was in its first glow, and all the world was transfigured with the light that shines through the halo of a wedding ring.

But, of late, Mrs. Daffodil had not been quite so happy. She had been crying, one night, when John came home unexpectedly, and there was no time to dash away the tears.

"My darling," he had cried aghast, "what is the trouble?"

"Nothing, John—nothing!" she had answered. "Only—only it is so long since I placed my feet on a sod of green grass. And I was thinking that the old orchard would be in blossom just at this time; and the meadow under the sassafras tree would be all blue with early violets."

"Daffodil, are you homesick?"

"No, John—indeed, no!" she cried.

"Get on your things," said Grey. "We'll go and walk in the park, and listen to the robin at the bird fancier's, and try to imagine ourselves back in the rural districts again."

But Daffodil, trying to smile as she tied her pink bonnet strings, did not tell him of the long visit she had from old Mrs. Mudge, who had declared that "she had al'ys loved John Grey as if he had been her own son," and had proceeded to edify his bride with a circumstantial account of all the mischief he had gotten into, all the love-tangles in which he had been involved, all the half engagements into which he had been drawn, until poor Daffodil felt as if her John Grey and this gay Lothario must be two quite different beings.

"And we are all supposed, my dear," said Mrs. Mudge, comfortably taking snuff, "that he was to marry Olive Dodworth, the actress, when he up and brought you home. Dear, dear! what flirts men are! Ain't they now, my dear?"

"I—suppose so," said poor Daffodil, intent upon the stitches of her strip of embroidery.

"I hope you'll come and see me often," said Mrs. Mudge, setting down her tea cup and taking up her big red shawl.

"I shall be very happy," said Daffodil.

"And we'll have ever so many nice confidential chats," said Mrs. Mudge.

"Yes," said Daffodil, faintly.

And after Mrs. Mudge had gone away, poor Daffodil sat and wondered what made her so wretched. She could hear some one moving about overhead. Some one had told her that a young artist had just rented the top floor of the Fontine Flats.

She wondered vaguely what he was like, and whether he, too, was a human butterfly lighting on every flower and constant to none.

She asked herself whether fat Mr. Smith, who went out from the suite of apartments below every day with a silk umbrella under his arm, dyed mustache and a smoothly-shaven chin, had his amiable weaknesses likewise.

"I almost wish," said Daffodil to herself, "that I had remained unmarried. No, I don't, either! I—I don't know what I do wish!"

So, woman-like, Daffodil had begun to cry.

But the pleasant twilight walk in the park and the melodious whistle of the robin at the bird fancier's had cheered her up again, for the time being.

But she could not be blind to the fact that John was not with her so much as during the five weeks after their marriage. Now and again of an evening he would be absent without a sufficient excuse, and, with a smothered pang at her heart, Daffodil had thought of Olive Dodworth, the brilliant young actress, even then playing at one of the minor city theaters.

"Does he care for her yet?" Daffodil asked herself; and there came no satisfactory answer to the query.

And so it happened that to-night, as she stood among her geraniums, looking out at the sunset, she was not quite happy.

"In old times," said this bride of six months to herself, "John was always home to take me for a walk in the twilight. He never thinks of it now."

Were Aunt Jocasta and Mrs. Mudge right, after all? Was man a delusion, and life a dreary series of disappointments?

As these dispiriting reflections passed through her mind, she was startled by the unexpected sound of a footstep on the floor—a footstep too light and elastic to be that of her husband.

She turned, and was amazed to see, in the indistinct light, the tall figure of a beautiful young lady, richly dressed, and wearing such a Parisian bonnet as poor Daffodil had never seen before.

"Pardon me for intruding," said the lady, with a royal air, "but are these Mr. Grey's rooms?"

"They are," said Daffodil, summoning all the dignity at her control, and secretly wondering if this might not be the *bete noir* of her thoughts and fancies—Miss Dodworth. But I did not hear you knock."

"I did not knock," said the anonymous fair one, with hauteur.

Daffodil colored.

"I am Mrs. Grey," said she quickly.

"Pardon me," said the lady, "I am Mrs. Grey. I suspected something of this new order of things," with a contemptuous curl of her lip, "and I have come on from Chicago to counteract it."

"Madam," said Daffodil, standing very erect, although she could feel herself trembling all over, "you must be insane! I was married to Mr. Grey on the first day of last January."

The lady laughed—a hard, mirthless laugh.

"Indeed!" said she. And I was married to him on the 6th of October, two years ago. Poor child!" as the pallor overspread Daffodil's countenance, "I don't suppose you are to blame, but in this hard world we have to suffer for one another's crimes. Where is he?"

"I—don't know," faintly admitted the bride.

"Humph!" said the lady, compressing her lips. "He is at his old tricks, I see. Well, I can wait. You don't ask me to be seated, but I shall take that liberty without your permission."

And she sat down, flinging back the folds of her rich India shawl, while Daffodil watched her with silent dismay.

Was this true? Had John Grey really deceived her? He whom she had loved so entirely, trusted so infinitely? If this was really so, there was no truth in all the world!

The shadows gradually deepened; the clock on the mantel ticked as busily as if it were running a race against time—and still the two sat there, silent, speechless, each dreading, yet longing, to hear John Grey's footsteps on the stairs.

At last he came.

"Sitting in the dark, pet?" he cried, merrily, as he crossed to the mantel and lighted the gas-jet. "I must see your dear little face, for I have something to tell you which—"

He checked himself abruptly, for at that moment he caught sight of the pale, beautiful stranger in the Parisian hat and glistening India shawl. He turned to Daffodil.

"Who is this lady?" he asked.

"I do not know her," she answered. "Do not you?"

"Never saw her before in all my life!" said Grey, in unfeigned amazement.

The lady rose a little nervously.

"Is—*this* gentleman your husband?" she said, the color varying on her cheek.

"He is," Daffodil mechanically replied.

"There is some mistake," said the stranger, with visible embarrassment.

"This is not the Mr. Grey I mean. My Mr. Grey is short and dark, with a heavy beard—Richard Richardson Grey—and—"

The young husband struck his hand on the table, as if an idea had suddenly occurred to him.

"With a slight cast in one eye?" said he. "An artist, is he not?"

"Exactly!" cried the India-shawled beauty.

"He occupies the suite of rooms directly above us," said he. "He moved in last month."

"Then," said the lady, "I have mistaken the flat. Pray, pray"—to Daffodil—"forgive me."

But Daffodil could only laugh hysterically and hide her head on her husband's shoulder.

And not until the door had been closed behind the stranger did John Grey exclaim:

"Poor fellow! I have heard something of this. She torments the life out of him with petty exactions and unfounded jealousies. She follows him around the world like a Nemesis. I'm glad you are not like her, my pretty Daffodil!"

And then he went on to tell his wife how he had been working busily all this time to earn enough, by extra labor at his profession, to buy a little one-storied cottage in the suburbs of the city, with a tiny garden attached, where there was an apple tree, a thicket of moss roses all in bud, and a little summer-house all braided over with glossy woodbine.

"I signed the papers to-day, Daffodil," said he. "We can move in next week, just in time for the roses and strawberries. Dear one, I know you have been homesick for green grass and bird songs all this time, and have longed a score of times to tell you of all that was in my mind, but it would have spoiled this glad surprise."

And all that Daffodil could say was:

"Oh, John—dear John—I am so happy!"

A Troublesome Heretic.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette.]

If Prof. Robertson Smith had any regard for the establishment of peace within the borders of the Free Church of Scotland, he would at once deliver himself over to the persecutor, and bring his explosive writings for fagots. The last General Assembly was supposed to have settled all difficulties with him, but the Professor has not ceased to be a stumbling-block and rock of offense. His article on the Hebrew language and literature in the "Encyclopœdian Britannica" like all the rest of the articles of this *enfant terrible*, is calculated, they say, to unsettle men's minds. He is even credited with having rent the church in pieces. Something that looks not unlike a preaching crusade is threatened. The Free Church Presbytery of Edinburgh, too, has sat in conclave over the Hebrew article, and another article in the Journal of Philology, which has been unearthed by a reverend brother with a keen scent for heresy. The opinions attributed to Prof. Smith "concerning marriage in Israel," "concerning animal worship in Israel," and "concerning the worship of God in Israel," are reported to be gross and polluting; and the profane vulgar were considerably excluded from hearing the Presbyterial discussion.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE ST. LOUIS & LEXINGTON RAILROAD CO.—Notice of stockholders' meeting—In pursuance of § 727 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, a special meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis & Lexington Railroad Co., will be held at the office of the company, Rooms 13, 14 and 16 North Fourth street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, September 15th, 1880, at 2 o'clock p. m., to consider suggested increase of the capital stock from $560,000 to $650,000, and of the increase of the bonded indebtedness from $450 000 to $650,000, and for such other matters as may come before the meeting in regard to a sale and transfer of the property and franchises of this company, and act upon propositions to be submitted by the Missouri Pacific Railway Co.

H. A. HAEUSSLER, Pres't.
HY. G. SACHLEBEN, Sec'y.

St. Louis, July 12, 1880.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Office of Texarkana Cotton Compress Company, corner of Rutger street and Levee, St. Louis, Mo., August 4, 1880. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of (13) thirteen directors, will be held at the office of the company Saturday, September 11, 1880. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

C. M. DONALDSON, Sec'y.

St. Louis, August 4, 1880.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Office St. Louis Cotton Compress Company, St. Louis, Mo., August 4, 1880.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of eleven (11) directors, will be held at the office of the Company, corner Rutger street and the Levee, on Saturday, September 11, 1880. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 o'clock m.

C. M. DONALDSON.
Secretary.

St. Louis, August 4, 1880.

REAL ESTATE.

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Fourteenth Annual Term opens Oct. 13, 1880. Course of study comprises two Annual Terms, seven months each. Diploma admits to bar in State and U. S. Courts in Missouri. Candidates for senior class examined only at beginning of term. Term fee, $80, including use of Law Library. For further information address.

HENRY HITCHCOCK, Dean of Faculty, St. Louis.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Jeremiah M. Washington and Susan, his wife, by their deed, dated March 29, 1879, and recorded on page 522, book 604 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri; to-wit: A lot of ground, numbered nineteen (19) of city block number nine hundred and thirty-two (932) of said city, having a front of fifty feet on the north line of Morgan street, by a depth northwardly, between parallel lines, of one hundred and forty-seven feet two inches to an alley twenty feet wide, bounded on the north by said alley, south by Morgan street, east by property now or formerly owned by Charles Bobb, and on the west by lot eighteen of said block; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1880,

for the purposes of said trust.

GEORGE KOESTERMENKE, Trustee.

St. Louis, August 10, 1880. 13Y

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Pursuant to and for the purposes of a deed of trust executed by John F. O'Brien and Mary, his wife, to the undersigned and Andrew S. Barada, now deceased, dated September 12, 1872, of record in book No. 455, page 350 of the Recorder's office of the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Mo., notice is hereby given that, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 12 o'clock at noon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Mo., I, the undersigned surviving trustee in said deed of trust, will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said deed of trust, the following described lot or parcel of ground with all the improvements and appurtenances, thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining, being the same conveyed by said deed of trust, situate in block No. 54 of said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, containing a front of thirty-two feet on the south side of Almond street by a depth of sixty feet, all French measure, bounded east by a lot formerly of Baptiste Dominie, now said O'Brien, west by an alley as recently laid out, south by John Knight and north by said Almond street, same premises acquired by said O'Brien of the estate of Anthony Currotto, deceased.

LUTHER BABCOCK.
Surviving Trustee.

St. Louis, August 16, 1880. 81Y

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed dated the 21st day of May, 1879, and duly recorded in book 609, page 380, John A. Mead and Ida B., his wife, conveyed to the undersigned as trustee the following described property, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 1216 of said city and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the east line of Tenth street distant 269 feet 7¾ inches south of the northeast corner of Salisbury and Tenth street; thence running eastwardly parallel to Salisbury street 137 feet 6¾ inches to an alley 20 feet wide; thence northwardly along said alley 20 feet 11 inches to a point; thence west parallel to Salisbury street 137 feet 10¼ inches to Tenth street; thence southwardly 20 feet 11 inches to the place of beginning. Also a lot of ground in same block described thus: Beginning at a point in the east line of said Tenth street 215 feet 10¾ inches north of the north line of Salisbury street; thence east parallel to Salisbury street 136 feet 8¾ inches to an alley twenty feet wide; thence north along said alley 17 feet 2 inches; thence west 136 feet 11¾ inches to the east line of Tenth street; thence south along the east line of Tenth street 17 feet 2 inches to point of beginning. Which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described; and, whereas said note has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1880,

between the hours 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.

OSCAR SEVERANCE, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., August 9, 1880. 14Y

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas George Fox and Catherine, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 20th day of July, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the then county, now city of St. Louis, in book 529, page 61, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, together with the improvements thereon, lying and being in the city and county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The eastern thirty feet of lot number six (6) in block number eighteen (18) of Union addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which is on file in said Recorder's office, beginning at the intersection of the east line of said lot No. 6 with the southern line of Montgomery street, thence running west thirty feet, thence south one hundred and thirty-eight feet and seven inches to an alley, thence east thirty feet, thence north one hundred and thirty-eight feet and seven inches to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described: and whereas the principal note and three interest notes are past due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, the undersigned, acting at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the above described property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public vendue, for the purposes of said trust.

11Z JOSEPH T. DONOVAN, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John Flournoy and Annie H., his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the first day of August, 1877, and recorded in the recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 576, page 225, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots number nine (9) and ten (10) in block number three (3) of Darby's Addition to Compton Hill, and in block number 1827 of the city of St. Louis; said lots have an aggregate front of fifty feet on Guilford street by a depth south of one hundred and thirty-two feet and six inches; beginning at a point in the south line of Guilford street eighty-two feet and one inch west of the west line of Wilkinson avenue, thence southwardly parallel with Wilkinson avenue one hundred and thirty-two feet and six inches; thence westwardly parallel with Guilford street fifty feet; thence northwardly parallel with Wilkinson avenue one hundred and thirty-two feet and six inches to Guilford street; thence eastwardly along Guilford street fifty feet to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes described in the said deed of trust; and, whereas, the principal note and six interest notes are past due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, the undersigned, acting at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes and in pursuance of the provision of said deed of trust, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., at the east front of the Court-house in the said city of Saint Louis, proceed to sell the above described property to the highest bidder, at public vendue, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

JOSEPH T. DONOVAN, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., August 23, 1880. 10Z

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, William Wenger and Eliza Wenger, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated April 1st, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county (now city) of St. Louis, in book 518, page 219, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. sixteen in city block No. 2,035 and lots numbered 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 in city block 2,037 of and in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and being in a subdivision by the heirs of Sylvester V. Papin, deceased, according to a plat of said subdivision duly recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city), Missouri, said lot No. 16 in city block No. 2,035 having a front of 25 feet ½ inch on the east line of Carondelet avenue, by a depth of 122 feet to an alley 15 feet wide; said lots No. 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 having a front of 125 feet on the west side of Second street by a depth of 119 feet ¼ inch on the north line and 120 feet ¾ inch on the south line—which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, and said William Wenger having died more than nine (9) months since. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed. I will on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, A. D., 1880,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and expenses of executing this trust.

ULRICH POTTHOFF,
Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., August 6, 1880. 72X

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company has been called, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, and is hereby convened by the undersigned, to be held at the general offices of the Company, corner of Seventh and Poplar streets, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at 9 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the 22d day of September, A. D. 1880, for the purposes of considering and acting upon the proposed articles of agreement and consolidation by and between the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, St. Louis and Lexington Railroad Company, Kansas City and Eastern Railway Company, Lexington and Southern Railway Company, St. Louis, Kansas and Arizona Railway Company and Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison Railway Company, thereby forming a consolidated corporation to be thereafter known as "The Missouri Pacific Railway Company." And also to consider and act upon such other business as may come before said stockholders' meeting.

JAY GOULD,
President.

W. ARNOLD,
Secretary.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis and Lexington Railroad Co. has been called by a resolution of the Board of Directors, and is hereby convened by the undersigned, to be held at its office, Nos. 14 and 16 North Fourth street, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at 9 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1880, for the purposes of considering and acting upon the proposed articles of agreement and consolidation by and between the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, St. Louis and Lexington Railroad Co., Kansas City and Eastern Railway Company, Lexington and Southern Railway Company, St. Louis, Kansas and Arizona Railway Company, and Kansas City, Leavenworth and Atchison Railway Company, thereby forming a consolidated corporation to be thereafter known as "The Missouri Pacific Railway Company." And also to consider and act upon such other business as may come up before said stockholders' meeting.

HERMAN A. HAEUSSLER,
President.

HY. G. SACHLEBEN,
Secretary.

TIME TABLE OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE UNION DEPOT.

(ST. LOUIS TIME.)

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Morning Express...	* 7:45 a. m.	*8:25 p. m.
Kansas City & Jacksonville.	* 8:45 a. m.	* 7:10 p. m.
Springfield & Jack'ville Ac..	* 5:25 p. m.	*10:35 a. m.
Chicago Lightning Express.	† 7:50 p. m.	† 8:10 a. m.
Kansas City Lightning Ex..	† 9:05 p. m.	† 6.50 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R. Burlington Route.

Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express..	*9:22 a. m.	*5:17 p. m.
Omaha Night Express.....	‡7:47 p. m.	‡7:07 a. m.
Peoria & Chicago Express	7:47 p. m.	5:07 p. m.

CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA VANDALIA LINE AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Chicago Day Express.......	* 8:00 a. m.	* 9:00 p. m
Chicago Night Express......	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Cairo Mail and St. L. Ex...	* 7:35 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Lightning Express..........	*8:45 p.m.	*7:10 p.m.
New Orleans Ex & Fast Mail	*4:20 p.m.	†11:35 p.m.

CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. Leave Ticket Office, 520 Walnut street.

TRAINS DEPART, Sparta Accomd'n.	Cairo Exp.		TRAINS ARRIVE, Sparta Ac. com'dn.	Cairo Express.
*4:30 p m.	*8:30 a.m	St.L.	* 9:20 a.m	*6:05 p.m
*5:00 p.m.	*9:00	E St. L.	*9:00 a.m	*5:45 p.m

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation..	8:15 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
	11:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
	2:40 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
	5:35 p. m.	5:10 p. m.
Sunday......................	8:45 a. m.	8:35 a. m.
	6:05 p. m.	5:40 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express.................	* 7:30 a.m.	* 7:00 p.m.
New York Express..........	†6:45 p.m.	† 8:00 a.m.
Accommodation.............	* 4:45 p.m.	*10:05 a.m.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Accommodation..............	* 6:35 a. m.	*8:00 p. m.
Fast Express................	† 8:15 a. m.	†7:10 p. m.
Salem Accommodation......	* 5:05 p. m.	*8:25 a. m.
Night Express..............	† 6:50 p. m.	†7:05 a. m.

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS R. R. (St. L., K. and N. W. Railway)

Depart—Mail and Express..............	8:50 a. m.
Depart—Union Depot—Keokuk Express...	9:15 p. m.
Arrive—Mail and Express...............	6:10 p. m.
Arrive—St. Louis Express..............	7:05 a. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express................	† 8:00 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail and Accommodation...	* 8:00 p.m.	
Highland Accommodation...	* 6:00 p.m.	†7:30 a.m.
Fast Line..................	† 7:00 p.m.	†9:00 p.m.
Pacific Express...........		* 5:00 p.m.
St. Louis Express.........		

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILWAY—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Nashville Mail (except Sunday)........	8:15 a.m.	6:15 p.m.
Mascoutah Ac (daily except Sunday)........	10:00 p.m.	1:10 p.m.
Nashville Ex. (Daily).......	9:30 p.m.	7:25 a.m.
Queen's Lake Ac. (Sunday only)........	8:30 a.m.	7:00 p.m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER

Atlantic Express...........	* 7:25 a. m.	
Accommodation.............	* 4:35 p. m.	
Daily Lightning Express..	† 6:40 p. m.	
Local Express..............		*10:50 a. m.
Daily Fast Line............		† 8:05 a. m.
Fast Mail..................		* 7:50 p. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY, LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Mail and Express...........	* 9:00 a.m.	* 6:10 p.m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex....	† 9:20 p.m.	† 6:25 a.m.
Omaha Fast Line............	8:00 p.m.	7:45 a.m.
Iowa and St. Paul Ex........	† 9:15 p.m.	† 6:25 a.m.
Ferguson Ac. (Sunday only)	9:00 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
Rosedale Ac................	† 3:00 p.m.	4:05 p.m.
Ferguson Ac................	4:20 p.m.	† 8:15 a.m.
Warrenton Ac. from Biddle street......................	* 4:25 p.m.	*10:10 a.m.
St. Charles Ac. from Biddle street......................	* 6:15 p.m.	* 8:15 a.m.

MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY.

St. Louis and Tex. Express.	† 9:00 a. m.	†6:10 p. m.
Missouri and Kansas Express	† 9:25 p. m.	7:00 a. m.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Kan. and Tex. Ex	9:30 p.m.	6:40 a.m.
Rolla Accommodation.......	6:52 a.m.	6:22 p.m.

UNION RAILWAY AND TRANSIT COMPANY.

Stock Yard Accommodation....	*6:20 a.m.	*4:40 p.m.
Stock Yard Accommodation....	*5:00 p.m.	*6:40 p.m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Day Express....................	† 9:00 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Line.......................	† 9:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Sedalia Passenger.............	* 7:00 am	* 6:30 pm
Washington....................	† 4:55 pm	* 8:25 am
Pacific.........................	† 9:20 pm	† 6:40 am
Pacific (Sunday only).........	8:25 am	6:30 pm
Kirkwood......................	* 8:08 am	* 7:20 am
Kirkwood......................	* 3:25 pm	* 10:50 am
Kirkwood......................	* 6:20 pm	* 5:30 pm
Kirkwood (Sunday only)......	1:08 pm	10:03 am

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.

Depot on Olive street, one block west of Grand ave.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis 8:20, 10:00, 11:30 a. m.; 3:00, 4:25, 5:45, 7:05 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:00, 9:24, 11:04 a. m.; 5:29, 6:40 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:15, 2:35, 3:55, 5:15, 6:35, 7:55 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:40, 10:04 a. m.; 12:55, 2:19, 3:29, 4:59, 6:19, 7:35 p. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after May, 9, mail and express passenger trains will start from Union Depot, and will not stop at Plum Street Depot to take on passengers or baggage.

St. Louis Union Depot.		
Nashville & Atlanta Express	* 9:20 p. m.	* 6:25 a. m.
Arkansas & Texas Express..	† 9:35 a. m.	† 6:55 a. m.
Mobile & N. O. Express.....	† 9:30 p. m.	† 6:25 a. m.
Nashville & Atlanta Mail....	* 8:50 a. m.	* 1:55 p. m
Plum Street Depot.		
DeSoto Accommodation.....	* 5:30 p. m.	* 8:00 a. m.

Arcadia Excursion, Sunday only. Leave—8:40 a. m. Arrive—7:25 p. m.

Week Day Carondelet Trains—Leave a. m.: 6:22, 7:32, 8:10, 10:26; p. m.: 12:05, 1:50, 2:56, 4:00, 5:04, 5:30, 6:30, 7:35, 11:45.

Arrive—A. m.: 6:10, 7:29, 8:00, 8:38, 9:23, 10:23; p. m.: 12:02, 1:40, 2:53, 3:57, 5:01, 5:35, 6:20, 7:32, 9:23, 11:25.

Sunday Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 8:40, 10:58; p. m.: 1:40, 2:55, 5:10, 7:35, 11:45.

Arrive—A. m.: 6:10, 8:30, 9:23, 10:53; p. m.: 1:00, 2:45, 5:00, 7:25, 9:23, 11:25.

*Except Sunday. †Daily. ¶Monday. ‡Except Saturday. ‖Except Monday.

1880. A MODEL MODERN NEWSPAPER 1880.

THE POST-DISPATCH

Of St. Louis.

DAILY AND WEEKLY EDITIONS

Consolidation of Three Newspapers in One.

The Evening Dispatch,
The Evening Post,
The Evening Star.

LEADING EVENING PAPER of the WEST.

A Democratic Journal Devoted to the Interests of Missouri.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1880:

The POST-DISPATCH has been and will be a Newspaper in the true sense of the word. It owns the exclusive membership and franchise in the Associated Press. In is in constant telegraphic communion with all parts of the habitable Globe. Its Correspondents are at all the principal Fountains of News, and spare neither Money, Labor nor Brains to be the EARLIEST, the most COMPLETE and the most RELIABLE Historians of the Incidents and Accidents of the Day throughout the World. It will maintain its Excellent Record of being the Most Thorough and the Most Accurate Chronicle of the Local Happenings of St. Louis, enjoying, as it does, facilities for gathering information which are not shared by any other journal in the city.

Editorially it will continue to urge good, old-fashioned Democracy as the only Rational System of Government, and in the coming struggle between IMPERIALISM and FREE INSTITUTIONS it will be found at all times in the lead, fighting the Battle of the People beneath the Standard of Law, Liberty and Local Self-Government. Though Democratic, our Democracy is preceded by an allegiance to Truth and Honesty, and, once convinced that truth to itself or honesty to the public demand it, it has proved in the past that it will spare neither censure nor rebuke within or without the party when it deems them necessary. Its principles are tolerably familiar to the people of the State, as they have been repeatedly and frankly stated, and on every question from hard, sound Money to Western Improvements everybody knows that a definite position has been taken and held.

THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

The WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH has been established to be to Missour what the Daily is to St. Louis, and the manner in which it has been taken up—evidenced by the surest of all testimony, the subscription list—shows that a progressive, enterprising, live Newspaper can command success in itself, without adventitious aid, and with no recommendation except that of innate and superior merit. The WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH has already become an institution which Missourians cannot afford to do without, for, in the character of its news and the practical value of all its matter, it is almost a necessary household article to every farmer or merchant in the country. The markets are brought down to the very moment of going to press, just a day ahead of any morning contemporary, for, in the nature of things, a paper printed in the morning cannot contain as late news as a paper printed in the evening and going out by the same evening's mail. The importance of this one consideration, were there no other, would be enough to place the WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH far beyond any competitor, for a day's intelligence from a fluctuating market may save or make a business. The Weekly is specially edited to give a complete history of the week brought down to 4 o'clock of the day of issue, each subject having its carefully considered space, and its proper application to the business, the domestic, or the social wants of its readers.

The year of our Lord 1880 opens with a promise of solid prosperity, the like of which has not been known since the War. The piping times of Peace in all their fullness and plenty foster industry and enterprise in the land. Every wheel that turns, and every share that rolls the mellow loam up to the ripening sun, is driven by the sturdy arm of a citizen whose vote will be cast in this crisis-year either to make this happy promise a permanent reality of true popular self-government, or to see in its stead a sham Republic, with its attendants of a military, personal, centralized Government, eternal sectional strife and certain Mexicanization.

The POST-DISPATCH will appeal during the coming year to the conscience and patriotism of all true Americans who would keep the sacred and revered fires of Liberty alight to rally to its support during a season which will witness the bitterest and the most important Political Canvass which the American Republic has been yet called upon to enter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

Daily, per week..................	20 cents.
Daily, per month.................	85 cents.
Daily, three months..............	$2 50
Daily, six months................	4 50
Daily, per year..................	9 00

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

Eight pages; published every Thursday morning.

TERMS $1 PER ANNUM, POSTAGE FREE.

All letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to

POST-DISPATCH,
No. 111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

LOCAL NEWS.

H. D. MANN & CO., 417 and 419 N. Fourth street, are selling best wide Percales and Fenlards at 12½c. Some at 10c, former price 15c. Reduced price on Dry Goods for early fall wear.

FEARFUL reductions on white vests at Mabley's.

ENGLISH ladies, since using Pozzoni's Complexion Powder, have much improved the toilet.

FEARFUL reductions on white vests at Mabley's.

POSTAGE STAMPS
For Sale
AT
THIS OFFICE.

DR. E. C. CHASE,
922 Olive St., set of best teeth only $8.

ALL summer goods at a terrible sacrifice a Mabley's, Fifth and Pine.

TOP SURRY, side bar buggies, phætons, coupes, carriages, spring wagons, harness, 105 South Third street.

FEARFUL reductions on white vests at Mabley's.

RAILWAY tickets to all points. Mulford & McKenzie, brokers, 512 Chestnut street, St. Louis, 79 Clark street, Chicago, 78 Michigan street, Milwaukee, 124 Vine street, Cincinnati, 411 Broadway, New York.

DUSTERS at half price at Mabley's.

Best in the City.

Oysters at Thony, 325 N. Third street. Baltimore served raw, stew and fried, 25c per dozen. Families and parties supplied with New York counts and Baltimore cans at very low rates.

ALPACA coats at less than manufacturers' cost at Mabley's, Fifth and Pine.

OYSTERS, clams, shells, New York counts, etc., are now the order of the day, and Messrs. C. Conrad & Co., Sixth and Locust streets, in the Equitable Building, offer these delicacies to their patrons in the most exquisite style. Their Budweiser Beer and their choice stock of domestic and imported Wines, Champagnes and Liquors are served in an unsurpassed way in their extensive sample rooms, Ladies' Parlors and Wine Cellars, and their establishment fully deserves the large popularity amongst our leading citizens.

ALPACA coats at less than manufacturers' cost at Mabley's, Fifth and Pine.

WANTED,
the people to understand that
APPLETONS' NEW READERS
are offered at even exchange for the old McGuffey Readers, now and for the past twelve years, used in St. Louis Public Schools.

McGuffey's Revised Readers are offered at $1 43 per set in exchange for the McGuffey now used.

For future supply, after even exchange, Appletons' Readers are to be furnished at $1 67 per set, while McGuffey's Series would cost $2 46 per set.

If Appletons' should be adopted it would save to patrons from $6,000 to $10,000 while changes are being made, as no one would pay a single cent. Future supplies would cost 33⅓ per cent less than if McGuffey's should be selected.

Let school patrons examine the proposition now before the School Board for verification of these facts.

Dr. Wm. T. Harris' is the main author of Appletons' New Readers.

Two million copies have been issued in eighteen months and placed in the first schools of the land.

No wonder that six large publishing houses have formed a ring to defeat such meritorious and cheap books.

Appletons' Readers in the St. Louis Public Schools would result not only in the above saving, but in producing a great revolution in the subject of reading.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

News Gathered on the East Side—The Dog Tax and Other Illinois Ideas.

The city court opened to-day. The time was consumed in selecting juries.

Marshal Renshaw warns dog owners to pay the tax or run the risk of losing the canines.

William Mulconnery, who was injured on the Cairo Short Line about a week ago, died yesterday at Belleville of his injuries.

Dennis Clancy and Thomas Enwright were arraigned before 'Squire Graney this morning for disturbing the peace, but took a change of venue to 'Squire Bunyan.

Thomas Leavy called at the station yesterday and expressed his intention to swear out a warrant charging an employe of the Beef Canning Company with shooting into his house. Up to noon to-day he had not taken out the warrant.

A case of mayhem will be tried before 'Squire Eggman to-morrow afternoon in which William Kinney and his twelve-year-old son, Michael, and Thomas Connors and family are concerned. The warrant sets forth that during a scuffle Mrs. Connors' nose was badly bitten. The true facts will be elicited at the trial to-morrow.

Mayor Joyce to-day received the opinion of the Appellate Court, Fourth District, Mount Vernon, in the case of city of East St. Louis, appellant, versus Andrew Lockhead and Thos. Winstanley, assignees of John B. Lovingston bankrupt, appellees, appealed from the City Court of East St. Louis. At the last term of City Court the appellees obtained $1,500 damages and costs. The Appellate Court reversed and remanded the decision for the court decided that they failed to show by evidence when they had been damaged at all.

At the picnic given at Gross' Park yesterday a number of disturbances occurred. Mr. Gross' barkeeper was kicked or struck over the eye and severely injured. Dr. Winton was called, and while on his way he encountered a crowd of roughs, who obtained admission to the picnic grounds and caused the disturbances. Dr. Winton was being driven to attend the injured man, and because the driver of the spring wagon refused to leave the middle of the road one of the crowd picked up a piece of clay and threw it at the occupants, striking Dr. Winton in the back. As he was returning to the office some one fired a pistol at him, but the ball did not hit him. A man employed at Heim's brewery was also set upon, but escaped with a few bruises.

Game Law.

The game law is now out and grouse of all kinds are received on every train. Hagerty & Son, 944 Broadway, received the finest stock of pennated grouse we ever saw from Minnesota to-day. The Lindell Hotel took them on sight. On to-morrow they will receive again. Those desiring the luxury of the season will be supplied at the very lowest prices by calling before 9 o'clock. All receipts are guaranteed perfectly fresh.

Hotel Arrivals.

Geo. E. Glass, Trenton, Tenn.; W. A. Leer, Memphis, Tenn.; S. N. White, Hickman, Ky.; Wm. L. Lapsley, Pittsburg, Pa.; F. L. Harris, Anna, Ill.; A. Smyth, Olauchito, Honduras, are at Barnum's.

At Hurst's Hotel: W. D. Turner and wife and T. E. Ferguson and wife, Fort Worth; A. M. Gatter, Little Rock; A. Cohn, Longview, Tex.; J. R. Jordon and wife, Waco, Tex.; Ira N. Turner and Henry Brill, St. Joseph; J. E. Sutton and son, Minneapolis; John B. Clarke, Vicksburg; F. E. Hoffman, Sedalia, Mo.; F. F. Russell, Leadville, and G. C. Ellis, Memphis.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The City in Possession of the Legions.

Meeting of the Grand Lodge of the State this Morning.

Who Are Here and Who Are Coming—Preparations for the Parade.

Despite the fact that the railroads failed to treat St. Louis properly in the matter, the conclave of the Supreme Lodge of the World Knights of Pythias is proving an overwhelming success, and the contingent pageant of to-morrow will be, as anticipated, the greatest demonstration of a civic body ever seen west of the Mississippi River. Early yesterday morning the Knights began to arrive and fill up the hotels. There are to-day about two thousand Knights and visitors attracted by the promis of the display of to-morrow in the city. The evening trains will be very heavy, and upwards of a thousand Knights are expected to arrive by the trains to-morrow morning. The Grand Lodge of the State, which is in session at Druid's Hall, have headquarters at the Laclede. A mammoth banner upon which is inscribed the insignia of the order is swung across the street at the Laclede. The Supreme Lodge of the World has headquarters denoted by a banner. Prominent among the arrivals of this morning is the Preux Chevalier, Uniform Division No. 3, of Cleveland, O., numbering 65 men. They are a

HANDSOMELY EQUIPPED

and fine-looking body of men, and created quite a sensation as they marched from the depot to the hotel behind the Cleveland Knights of Pythias Band. The musicians are dressed in brilliantly decorated gray uniforms and wear Roman helmets. They were installed upon the Lindell balcony, and have discoursed excellent music all day. The banner of the Preux Chevalier Commandery is swung to the breeze from the Lindell. The Hannibal Commandery, numbering sixty-five men, Adelphi Lodge, from Trenton, Mo., numbering forty, Juliet No. 6, from Pine Bluff, Queen City, from Fort Worth, Texas, and Centennial, from Hot Springs, attracted attention while parading through the streets. Under escort of local commanderies uniformed delegations are also present from New Orleans, Vicksburg, Macon, Georgia, Dallas, Texas, San Antonio, Galveston, Hopkinsville, Ky.; Sedalia, Mo.; Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha, Louisville, Memphis and other points. It is impossible to give anything like an approximate list of

THE KNIGHTS PRESENT.

The following were taken at random from the hotel registers:

J. H. Rathbone, Washington, D. C., Past supreme Chancellor and Founder of the Order; W. D. Kennedy, Cincinnati; Gen. Wm. Ward, Newark, N. J.; D. P. Lyons, Chicago; A. H. Hurlburt, Connecticut; O. H. B. Hicks, E. L. Kloeser, E. L. Rogers, T. A. Bartholl, C. Doe, J. C. Ross, Cleveland. Among those at the Lindell are James Gould, Pine Bluff; Geo. L. Bradbury, Peoria; W. W. Douglas, Ottumwa; A. F. Hardie, J. T. Dorgan, Paul Furst, J. W. Wright, R. P. Armspaugh, Dallas; A. R. Booth, Shreveport; S. T. Hilzhein, Juliet Lodge No. 6, Pine Bluff, Arkansas; E. C. Howell, Jacob Bloom, R. G. S. Austin, Floyd Jasen, Pine Bluff; Jno. F. Dickson, R. C. Peebles, T. P. Manser, Marshall; E. M. Marsman, T. W. T. Richards, N. Doble, Julius Freitschkle, Omaha; Jno. A. Lacey, W. A. Ratcliffe, W. T. Felix, T. T. Clifford, W. C. S. Leachey, W. H. Campbell, Sedalia; H. S. Pritchett, Glasgow; E. H. Reardan, Alex. Scruntine, New Orleans; P. M. Owens, D. G. Wily, Hopkinsville, Ky.; Geo. G. Tibbs, Lexington; R. L. Coleman, Louisville; W. S. Freeman, Macon, Ga.; W. T. Grace, Hayne Ellis, W. M. Good, Georgia; J. Field, Columbus, Miss.; Capt. George A. Smith, E. L. Broughton, Jacob Schaeffer, S. C. Ragan, H. C. McCabe, Moses Reis, John P. Bird, John Maguire, G. G. Manlove, Vicksburg. Henry Peterson, J. B. H. Meier, Jas. A. Neuson, S. P. Green, H. F. Adiches, E. L. Parish, C. W. Collins, S. T. Spears, E. W. Bingham, P. C. W. O'Neill, Kirk Allen, W. L. Roach, Memphis; O. B. Polk, Bolivar; E. W. Riche, San Antonio, Tex.; John J. Goode, Dallas; J. W. Helland, A. C. Cooke, S. Jewell, R. D. Hastings, G. R. Wolf, J. Schaul, H. M. Hutchins, A. Baker, G. H. Trigg, C. L. Thomas, G. A. Owens, T. T. Koser, W. H. Clark, Arkansas. Centennial Lodge, No. 5, Hot Springs, Ark.—Charles Matthews, C. C., John Graham, W. A. Kirk, John P. Warren, R. P. Menard, John Hill, W. H. Colton, G. L. Wilson, I. L. Butterfield, at St. James Hotel. Little Rock—S. W. Tucker, L. M. Reardon, E. Richards, Chris. Castleberry, L. E. Walther, F. Rossner. J. E. Gibbs, Mississippi; J. P. Parker, Monroe, La.; Uriah Milsay, Trenton, Louisiana; E. B. Polk, Bolivar, Tenn; T. H. Rowe, Woodworth, Texas; J. W. Henning, Austin, Texas; J. C. Ray, Texarkana, Texas; S. Feld, H. H. Biedenharn, H. W. Bowen, J. P. Dinkel, J. N. Sutherland, J. Fraider, John B. Clark, M. Lipe, Vicksburg; Louis Wickel, Joe Emeneck, Chas. Schmit, F. Feiling, M. Goodman, M. Bauerman, Granville E. Ellis, Memphis; Ira N. Turner, Hy. Brill, F. A. Franks, St. Joseph. Fort Worth, Queen City Lodge No. 121—G. M. Otten, W. G. Turner, T. E. Ferguson, C. H. Felton, N. Wallerich, E. W. Bailey, E. Keller, Trenton, Mo., Adelphi No. 38.—Henry Wettstein, D. W. Hoke, A. Dubach, E. F. Brown, F. Klett, A. Morris, E. E. Weber, Edgar Hodder, Wm. Campbell, E. L. Comer, W. L. Garrett. Hannibal—J. H. Wilson, L. McCarthy, Edward Drescher, C. J. Pitts, R. G. Leake, Thos. Dooley.

Among the arrivals at the Laclede are Allan Theis, Hannibal; Geo. M. Petree, F. M. Ferguson, M. J. Ward, Jas. Coulin, Jno. P. Farley, Henry Story, R. H. Mayburg, A. J. Kelly, L. M. Siegfried, Joseph Bailey, Kansas City; Frank P. Wiley, Moberly; W. D. Littlefield, Springfield; A. E. Babcock, Norburn; W. H. Phelps, Carthage; E. J. Bryan, Shreveport; W. S. Rose, Dallas; M. S. Cram, J. H. Gilliland, F. A. Leonard, D. Cooper, Shreveport; Edward Drescher, C. J. Pitts, S. H. Treadway, Hannibal; T. P. Matthews, Decatur; E. H. Pogue, Durham, N. C.; Ferd Relgin, St. Joseph; Thomas F. Hosr, Marion, Ark.; J. B. Hand, Troy, Mo.

The Supreme Lodge.

A majority of the officers and members of the Supreme Lodge of the World are in the city, and the remainder will arrive to-night. The following are the officers of the Supreme Lodge as now constituted. They were elected at Indianapolis in 1878, to serve two years:

P. S. C., S. S. Davis, N. H.; S. C., D. B. Woodruff, Ga.; V. S. C., Judge G. W. Lindsay, Md.; S. P., Rev. W. Bryce Thompson, Tenn.; S. M. of E., John B. Stumph, Ind.; S. K. of R. and S., Jos. Dowdall, Ohio; S. M. at A., R. Williams, Me.; S. I. G., T. M. Fisher, Wyoming Territory: S. O. G., John W. Thompson, D. C.

The Supreme Lodge meets at Odd Fellows' Hall to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

The Pageant.

The parade will be several miles in length and will be under the control of officers who thoroughly understand the conduct of such affairs. Grand Marshal Hecquembourg will start the procession precisely at 4 p. m. to-morrow.

The parade will form at 3:30 o'clock p. m. on Twelfth street and Washington Park.

LINE OF MARCH.

North to Washington avenue, east to Fifth street, south to Elm street, east to Fourth street, north to Franklin avenue, west to Sixteenth street, south to Olive street, east to Fourteenth street, north to Washington avenue, east to Twelfth street. Disband.

SIGNAL FROM BATTERY.

First shot, attention Sir Knight; second shot, forward Sir Knight; third shot, march Sir Knight.

No delays are apprehended, as if any of the lodges or delegates are not in position promptly they will be left.

Along the line of march tanks of ice water will be stationed at intervals and the refreshing beverage will be served to the thirsty Knights without the necessity of their leaving the ranks.

Decorations.

The decorations will be many and varied, and some very handsome. The entire expense of the parade will be borne by the St. Louis lodges, as contributions were not solicited from the public. The only assistance asked was from the merchants, who contributed the $500 in gold to be awarded as prizes. The principal decoration will be a grand triumphal double arch at the corner of Fifth and St. Charles streets. The hotels all display bunting and appropriate and attractive decorations. Twenty-two banners will be borne in the ranks, and hundreds of houses on the route of the procession will be decorated. The Pythian Hall, corner of Eleventh street and Franklin avenue, will be handsomely ornamented, as will also be the corner of Tenth and Franklin avenue, Druids' Hall, Odd Fellows' Hall, and numerous others.

Founder of the Order.

J. H. Rathbone, founder of the order, is a conspicuous figure at the Lindell. He is a pleasant, well-preserved gentleman of forty years of age, and is employed in the War Department as chief clerk of the West Point Department. Mr. Rathbone was born in Deerfield, N. Y., and is the son of Judge Rathbone, one of the intimate friends of Seward and Thurlow Weed and a very bitter member of the Anti-Secret Society party, which thirty-five years ago disrupted the politics of New England. The opposition to secret societies which surrounded young Rathbone determined him to become a member of one. He is to-day a member in high standing of all the great orders. When a boy 19 years of age he was teaching school at Eagle Harbor, Michigan. The young men of the place enlivened the long winter evenings with private theatricals. It was here that in a batch of plays sent them by French, the publisher, Mr. Rathbone obtained a copy of the drama of Damon and Pythias. It struck him at once that the story presented a fine groundwork for a secret benevolent order. He at once commenced the preparation of the ritual now in use, adding to it from time to time. In the meanwhile he drifted to Washington. On February 15th, 1864, he read the ritual to a few friends. Four days later Washington Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias, was organized with thirteen members. The order now has a membership of 100,000.

Knights to Arrive.

The Grand Secretary is in receipt of advices announcing that in addition to the lodges already present there will be in the parade to-morrow a division from Bloomington, Ill., to arrive to-night, one from Davenport, and divisions from Indianapolis, Lafayette, Terre Haute and Evansville, Ind.; Dayton and Columbus, Ohio; Buffalo, New York; De Soto, Mo.; Charleston and Jerseyville, Ill.

Grand Lodge.

The Grand Lodge of Missouri met in Druids' Hall at 10:30 o'clock this forenoon. Grand Vice-Chancellor Richard Mayburg in the chair.

Officers of Grand Lodge: John A. Lacy, S. P. G. C.; W. H. Rudolph, G. C.; R. H. Mayburg, G. D. C.; T. P. Wiley, G. P.; Adam Theis, G. M. of E., John P. Sygard, G. K. R. S.; Ira W. Turner, G. M. A.; Wm. Wilhelm, G. I. G.; W. C. Smith, G. O. G.; Joseph Baily, DG. D. ep. G. C.; R. J. Cowan, Supreme Representative; J. S. Spaulding, Supreme Representative.

Representatives present: Kansas City No. 1, H. Storay, W. G. Ward; Humboldt No. 4, George Lohr; Hannibal No. 5, H. Walker; Germania No. 6, A. Landaer, St. Louis No. 7, J. M. Thomas; Crescent No. 10, P. H. Biermann; Cœur de Leon No. 11, Thos. C. Lippencott and J. L. Schnitzer; Fraternal No. 14, A. W. Rogers; Damascus No. 17, Joseph Martin; Excelsior No. 19, W. J. Metzer; St. Joseph No. 22, F. A. Franks; Pride of the West No. 21, Phil. Basre; Apollo No. 25, S. H. Treadway; Alma No. 26, Geo. W. Draskain; Sedalia No. 27, W. L. Felix; Damon No. 28, B. G. McLaughlin; Ivanhoe No. 31, M. Lehmon; Amicitia No. 32, John Braun; Olive Branch No. 35, C. A. Walker; Diriginus, E. F. Arthur; Adelphia No. 38, H. Wellstein; Sicilian No. 39, F. M. Ferguson and M. D. Wood; Warrensburg No. 42, Samuel W. Davis; Crusade, No. 43, W. H. Kelly; Royal Arch, No. 47, Chas. Beisbarth; Chrystal, No. 50, Thos. Williams; Marshall No. 51, J. B. Hicklin; Queen City, No. 52, W. A. Radcliffe and T. T. Clifford; Red Cross, No. 54, H. A. Smith; Brilliant, No. 55, W. H. Fagley; Louisiana, Mo., No. 56, E. T. Kessler; Poplar Bluff, Mo., No. 57, Julius A. Oates, Parsgon, No. 58, Thomas R. Gilwicks; Chas. Moriz, of lodge No. 59; John M. Blodgett, lodge No. 60; Golden Crown, No. 62, John Gierlow, D. D. Immediately after organization the Grand Lodge proceeded to confer degrees. The degree of Past Chancellor was conferred upon fifty-eight members. A resolution was adopted that during the session of the Lodge the meetings be held from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 6 p. m. The Lodge adjourned until 2 o'clock.

Notes.

The Indiana Knights will stop at the Laclede.

E. M. Harber, popular attorney of Trenton, Mo., and a prominent K. P., is at the Laclede.

Major Harry Pickles and Capt. W. C. McCandlish, of New Orleans, are in the city, to witness the K. P. parade.

The Police Reserves, National Guard, Light Guard Cavalry and Capt. Winters' battery will take part in to-morrow's parade.

The Buffalo commandery will be here to-night. The contest for the first prize will be between the Cleveland and Buffalo commanderies.

Brilliant Division No. 7, Red Cross No. 2 and Damon No. 6, of St. Louis, receive the arriving commanderies at the depot and escort them to the hotels.

Mr. Charles Matthews, editor of the Daily Sentinel, Hot Springs, Ark., is in the city. Mr. Matthews is a K. of P. and comes to participate in the festivities.

Halvor Nelson, Esq., of Washington, D. C., P. G. C. of the G. L. K. of P. D. of C. and business manager of the K. of P. Magazine, has his headquarters at the Lindell.

ALL summer goods at a terrible sacrifice at Mabley's, Fifth and Pine.

Fair Notes.

Nearly all the space in the various departments of the coming Exposition is already taken, and it is safe to say that the Fair will be the most successful ever had here. To further insure its success, negotiations are on foot with the railroads to secure another reduction in rates. Some time ago a reduction was granted, but it is expected another concession will be allowed.

A BARD'S METHOD.

How Hon. C. I. Filley Composes Campaign Songs.

The Tuneful Politician Woos the Muse.

When Chauncey I. Filley made a gallant, but unsuccessful, effort to "call the turn" at Chicago, his adherents saw in that failure the inception of a new career. A short, but able poem, in which the praises of Garfield and the air of "Sally Waters" are artistically combined, has been anonymously buffeting the billows of journalism for some time past. Universally read and admired, the question of authorship remained a profound secret until the POST-DISPATCH, with a literary acumen peculiarly its own, publicly announced that the retiring skald was none other than the gallant ex-Postmaster. Desirous of finding how Mr. Filley wore his newly assumed laurels, a reporter called this morning at his residence. As the house was approached the surrounding streets were seen to be heavily covered with tan bark, and pedestrians, as they passed, gazed wistfully at the closed blinds, the more curious stopping for a prolonged stare. Slightly amazed, the reporter rang at the door, and found that the bell had been heavily muffled, so as to entirely drown the sharp tintinnabulation. The most conspicuous feature of the parlor was a Steinway Grand, evidently a recent purchase. While the reporter was pondering over these mysterious indications Mr. Filley entered with a tragic tread and fixed his visitor with his glistening eye. With a wave of his hand and a far away manner much cultivated by those who dip in the Castalian spring he desired to know why his privacy had been invaded. Mr. Filley was informed of the great success of the poem already alluded to, and was told how the POST-DISPATCH had selected him as the author.

The poet, amid smiles and blushes, frankly admitted the soft impeachment, but was very dubious about the success. "In fact," said he, "since I began to rhyme I've been afraid to read the papers, as I am very sensitive to criticism." A haversack brought along for this emergency was produced and

A BUSHEL OF CLIPPINGS

were dumped out upon the parlor floor, all praising the tiny tit-bit in question. Mr. Filley's eye was at once ablaze, and he and the reporter were soon on their knees, the one selecting and the other as busily perusing the most flattering of the scraps.

When Mr. Filley had finished he rose to his feet, and looking triumphantly at his visitor said: "This is very, very flattering. I don't know but this is the happiest hour of my life. As a refuge from the melancholy that has recently fallen upon me I fled to poetry, but I was so diffident that I only dared publish one effort, and to that I was afraid to add my name."

"This is not the only fruit of your dalliance with muses, then?"

"No, no; not by any means. Just wait a moment. I thought that no eye save mine should ever gaze upon them, but after what I have just learned I must have some confidant in the matter."

The poet left the parlor and was heard ascending the stairs. Presently he appeared, accompanied by a huge portfolio which he proceeded to open.

"This," said he, "is my earliest production. In the dark days after Chicago, while I knew that my efficiency in many ways was impaired, I thought that perhaps I could serve the party as a campaign bar, and this anthem flowed naturally from my pen-tip. Here Mr. Filley read in a charming oritund the following:

I've your letters of acceptance—
Garfield mine, Arthur mine,
Which I've read without reluctance,
Friends of mine.

For there's no uncertain notes,
Not a quaver in your throats,
And you'll capture countless votes
Garfield mine, Arthur mine.

"The second verse is intended to be of a placatory, I might say a of a propitiatory nature, owing to my connection with the 306, you know; it runs thus:

It is true I worked against you,
Garfield mine, Arthur mine;
And this fact may have incensed you,
Friends of mine.

But you must remember, too,
As my festive muse I woo,
That I whoop 'em up for you,
Garfield mine, Arthur mine.

"That's very pretty indeed," said the reporter, who saw that Mr. Filley was in need of some encouragement.

"Here's another," said Mr. Filley, as he plunged again into the portfolio; "here's

A PARTICULAR FAVORITE OF MINE,

peculiarly adapted for opening a meeting. It is to the soul-inspiring air of 'Jim Fisk,'" and striking a couple of chords on the Steinway the poet trolled out in a rich sonorous voice:

James Garfield 's the man who will lead us along,
Never fearing the heat of the fray;
With a flag in his hand and his voice tuned for song,
He will brook neither doubt nor delay.

When war's desolation beleaguered the land,
And the troops were away at the front,
Our Garfield was one of that heroic band—
In Congress—who met the war's brunt.

"That is excellent," said the reporter, "but how did you acquire your facile fecundity?"

"A mere trifle, sir, a mere trifle; anybody could compose poetry like mine if they would try."

"But how?" urged the reporter.

"How? It's the simplest thing in the world," and, getting up from the piano stool, Mr. Filley sat down at the center table, drew a lot of cream-laid paper towards him and asked smilingly, "Will you propose a theme?"

"A which?"

"An aria, upon which to string the song, you know."

"Oh! How would the market scene from Martha do?"

"It wouldn't do at all. You must have something popular, something the boys can catch on to. Something that they know already. A campaign song don't have to be very good poetry, but it's got to have tune. That's the principal thing, sir, tune is."

"Why not try Pinafore, then?"

"All right. What do you say to 'A Maiden Fair to See?'"

The reporter gave his consent, and the Hon. C. I. Filley (which was postmaster) wrote down rapidly the letters b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, r, s, t, v, x, y, z, which he said was his rhyming dictionary.

HOW HE DOES IT.

He then went on as follows in monologue, occasionally varied by intense scribbling: "A party fair to see,—bee-cee-dee-fee-gee-hee-kee-lee-mee-nee-pee-quee-ree-see-tee-vee-wee-yee-zee-bree-cree-dree-free-free will do, which has been always free, and now long time in power. For whom we've looked and fought, bought, caught, brought's the word, and labored till we've brought what rhymes to power-bower-cower-dower-fower-gower-hower—hour's the proper caper. Its sixth triumphal hour—This will be the sixth victory, you know," he explained as he rushed to the piano and sang:

"A party fair to see,
Which has been always free,
And now long time in power;
For whom we've worked and fought,
And labored till we brought
Its sixth triumphal hour."

Mr. Filley was unwilling to publish any completed song until copyrights had been secured. The songs, of which the above are samples, will be ready for the fall campaign. After they have done duty there the author intends to select the choicest gems among them and have them bound in the form of a "People's Songster." The cover of this book will contain a lithograph of Mr. Filley, in the costume of a Spanish Student and with a mandolin on his lap, which alone will be worth the cost of the volume.

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

The painters will finish their work on the Ames, Webster and Clay schools this week.

The employes of the Water Works will receive their month's pay on the 5th proximo.

Arrangements are now being made to open a new dancing academy in this part of the city.

One of the most popular officers of the Fourth District will resign his office on the 1st proximo.

The officers of Hyde Park Council, Legion of Honor, are preparing to celebrate their first anniversary in grand style.

The German Lutheran School, Fourteenth and Neihaus avenue, opened the fall season this morning with a full attendance.

Since the College of Surgeons, Eleventh and N. Market streets, have established their free dispensary, they have treated over 500.

Mrs. Mary Fredericks, the portrait painteress, is at work upon a life-size oil painting of the late lamented actress, Adelaide Neilson.

Police Officer Benjamin Anderson, of the Fourth District, has at his residence a black-and-tan dog with a fine collar and license of 1880.

Yesterday evening Willie Bentless, fourteen years old, fell from a tree near the O'Fallon Park and broke his right leg near the knee joint.

Lumber coming in rafts and expected to-morrow: Knapp, Stout & Co., 1,500,000 feet, and the Eau Claire Lumber Company, 1,250,000 feet.

The new dry goods trading steamer which has been building at the foot of Buchanan street is finished, and she will have her trial trip to-morrow.

To-night George Washington Council, American Legion of Honor, will have an unusually interesting session, and will have four candidates to initiate.

The North St. Louis Salt Elevator Company has 50,000 barrels of salt to handle, which is to come by river from Ohio. The first tow arrives next week.

Wednesday evening the young men of the Sixth Ward will meet at the Monroe House, Broadway and Monroe streets, to organize a Democratic club.

The new hardware manufactory of Franz & Co., Ninth and Howard streets, is nearly completed, and will start up on the 15th proximo with a full force of men.

The Trinity Roman Catholic Church, Eleventh and Mallinckrodt streets is to be newly painted, carpeted, etc., and will be furnished with new pews.

The Eighth Ward Hancock and English Club will have a rally at their headquarters, Maguire Market, next Wednesday evening. Good speakers will be in attendance.

Next Wednesday an election of officers will be held for the North St. Louis Ladies' Zion Society. This benevolent association has in the past year distributed over $500 to needy Jews.

The first of next week the work of sinking cisterns in Lowell for the use of the Fire Department will begin. Gasoline lamps have been put up on the Bellefontaine road to Baden.

Forty new cars for the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad are now being made exclusively for carrying lumber from the North St. Louis yards, and will be first of the kind manufactured in the West.

Lumber sent out from the yards this morning: Knapp, Stout & Co., 22 cars, 220,000 feet; Eau Claire Company, 20 cars, 200,000 feet, and Schulenburg & Boeckeler, 19 cars, 190,000 feet; total 61 car loads, 610,000 feet.

The new engine, No. 20, was put in the new fire department quarters, Broadway and Grand avenue, this morning. The bedding, etc., of the new company was also put in and the company of men are now ready for the bell to tap.

Union Lodge, No. 1, American Protestant Association, Jr., have been furnished with nobby uniforms at a cost of $450. The members of this lodge are all under 21 years of age, and are 100 strong. They talk some of giving a public parade shortly.

Mr. John H. Gundlack, the dramatic author, and president of the Union Dramatic Company, has written a new comedy entitled "Jakey," and himself and his company of artists will shortly produce it for the benefit of the St. Louis Provident Association.

The fall season of entertainments at the Social Turner Hall will begin September 16th, at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, September 25th, and at Vorwaerts Turner Hall, September 29th. During the past month all of the halls have been put in No. 1 condition.

The Russian leather boots made by N. M. Thompson of this city, and which took the first premium at the Centennial Exposition in '76, and world's fair at Paris, France, in '74, are now in possession of Mr. I. J. Buckley, the lumber contractor, who paid $75 for them.

Mr. Theodore Bucher, past financial reporter of Bremen Lodge, K. of H., was presented with a fine secretary's desk by the members of the lodge at the end of his term of office for his kindly and efficient services during several consecutive terms as financial secretary.

Something of an unusual occurrence may be noticed by the observing pedestrian when passing through the parks of North St. Louis, in that the ground is thickly covered with leaves, and many of the trees are almost stripped of their foliage, presenting a winterish appearance.

At Wednesday evening's session of Court Sherwood, No. 20, Independent Foresters, there will be a presentation of a Past Ranger's badge to one of the members. Mr. T. Herman Thomas, State High Secretary and editor of the St. Louis Foresters' Banner, will be present, and deliver an interesting address.

The skiff race yesterday evening between the three-oared crews Herman Schaffer, C. Hausman, Louis Fredericks and Charley Fisher, H. Eggers and Mike Dunding resulted in a victory for the three last named. The course was from the foot of Destrehan street to the Illinois shore and return two times, and was witnessed by about 400 people.

FEARFUL reductions on white vests at Mabley's.

Star Chamber Work.

Two of the members of the School Board, in connection with two agents of McGuffey's Readers, are said to have held a meeting at which it was decided to call a special meeting of the School Board for to-morrow evening, when Rule 70, relating to the adoption of text books, should be suspended, McGuffey readopted and Appleton defeated. So says one of the McGuffey agents.

DUSTERS at half price at Mabley's.

A Card.

ST. LOUIS, August 23, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

An article in your columns Saturday evening last in regard to Sylvester Powers, the boy who was sent to the House of Refuge, stated that he was found on the street, and not having a home was sent to the House of Refuge. Now I, as his mother, wish to correct this, which is entirely wrong. In the first place he has and always had a good home with me; furthermore, he was not picked up on the street, as it was I who had him taken up and sent to the House of Refuge. It also states that he was the last of the notorious family, which is wrong, as there are four of the family living yet, although I do not know why it is called notorious, unless the accident which befell my oldest son would bring us into notoriety. As to the boy being an expert in petty thievery, as your paper stated, I most emphatically deny it. I would have it distinctly understood that he is not a thief. It was entirely on account of disobedience that I had him taken away. I hope you will publish this at your earliest convenience, and oblige MRS. MARY POWERS.

FEARFUL reductions on white vests at Mabley's.

New Warrants.

Charles Kreitler and Anna Barrett, assault and battery by Mollie Williams; bond. Joseph Chambers, striking Isaac Kerr with a club; jailed. Henry Cler, larceny of $3 from Joseph Bollinger; jailed. Mary Hazelman, larceny of a dress from Theresa Guilloz; jailed. Lavina Hill, theft of $1 from Lena Burmeister; jailed. Charles Labuzan, assault to kill on Watson Barber; jailed. Geo. Stuckey, beating Anthony Kohn; bond. Wm. Henry, stealing some clothing from A. B. Newman; jailed.

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At the Cor. of Clark and Summit Aves.,
NEXT SATURDAY.

The Hancock and English Ironclad Club, of the Eighteenth Ward, will have a Flag-Raising next Saturday evening at the above place, to which all Democrats of the city, and especially all Democratic campaign clubs and organizations, are cordially invited. Excellent speakers will be on hand, and there will be music and fireworks.

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BUSINESS COLLEGE, corner Fifth and Market sts., St. Louis. The Business and Writing Departments are very thorough and practical. Telegraphy and Short-hand Writing are taught as specialties, and graduates are successful in getting employment. For circulars address W. M. CARPENTER, Prest.

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